# Kuwait considering French arms deal

KUWAIT (R) — Kuwait said Wednesday it was considering signing a preliminary arms purchase agreement with France and would soon hold detailed preparatory talks. Defence Minister Sheikh Ali Sabal Al Sabah, speaking after talks with visiting French Defence Minister Francois Leotard, said he might sign a memorandum of understanding on defence purchase on a forthcoming visit to Paris. He said he and Mr. Leotard had discussed possible arms deals, the security and the war in the former Yugoslavia. Mr. Leotard had invited him to visit Paris thanks. Challe Ali dealized to identify the weepness Kraynia most of fine shortly. Sheikh Ali declined to identify the weapons Kuwait wanted from France. But he told reporters: "We are very happy with any products that

Number 5351



AMMAN THURSDAY-FRIDAY, JULY 8-9, 1993, MUHARRAM 18-19, 1414

In a statement to the Jordan

News Agency, Petra, before his

departure, Mr. Arafat said his

talks with King Hussein were

"positive, constructive, hrother-

ly, and practical at the same

time." He said these talks in-

cluded all aspects of joint

Jordanian-Palestinian action, in-

cluding the Arab-Israeli peace

foundation stone for a new start

On a statement by Mr. Peres

that he won the approval of the

Egyptians to convince the Palesti-

nians in accept the U.S. draft document, Mr. Arafat said the

Palestinian side has sent memor-

anda to the Arab and European

states, the co-sponsors of the peace talks — the U.S. and Rus-

sia - Islamic states and the Non-

Aligned Movement member

states, clearly explaining Palesti-

nian stands on the document,

adding it does not constitute a

sound basis for the negotiations

because it exceeded the terms of

reference of the peace process.

Mr. Arafat said the Palestinian

for both sides at various levels.

These talks have laid the

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# Baghdad sirens

sound

Volume 17

BAGHDAD (AP) — Air raid sirens sounded in Baghdad Wednesday night, but the reason for the alert was not immediately clear. The sirens sounded for about two minutes and could be heard in the press centre in the centre of the city. About 20 minutes later, the anti-aircraft alert system sounded in ali-clear. Hundreds of residents, hardened by three years of confrontation with the West, went out to see if there were any signs of attack aircraft.

fost of the vehicles on the road sped up to get under cover. There was no immediate government reaction or explanation, and state-run television carried on its normal programming.

### Kurds fiee shelling

BAGHDAD (AFP) - Around 1,250 Kurds have fied intermittent Iranian shelling of areas near Sulaymaniyeh in Iraqi Kurdistan since April, a U.N. source here said Wednesday. The source said the United Nations was trying to rehouse the Kurds in other parts of northern Iraq. The Iraqi Kurds, who control the north in defiance of Baghdad, say the Is-vians have been shelling bord 3 areas where rebels of the Kurdistan Democratic Party of Iran (KDPI) have bases.

### Mubarak in Syria .

DAMASCUS (AFP) — Egyptian President Hosni Muharak travelled to the eastern Mediterranean city of Latakia on Wednesday for talks with his Syrian counterpart Hafez Al Assad on the deadlocked Middle East peace process. The meeting came on the eve of a tour by the U.S. State Department's special coordinator for the region, Dennis Ross (see page 10) Syrian presidential spokesman Gibran Kurieh said Mr. Assad and Mr. Muharak were accompanied by senior aides for the talks.

### **G-7 ministers** split over iran

TOKYO (AFP) — Group of Seven (G-7) foreign ministers were split Wednesday over · arther or not to increase pressnre on Iran for violating international law, a senior Japanese foreign ministry official said.
"The ministers all agreed that Iran, being an important country in the region, should follow inter-national law," the official said. "Bnt there were two opinions over our possible approach. Some called for sending a strong message, while others said Iran should gradually be encouraged o return to international socie-"." Japanese Foreign Minister

abun Muto, whose country rently resumed aid to Iran, told : G-7 counterparts that "ind of isolating Iran, we should urage the country to take

### ran charity warns tushdie backers

ICOSIA (R) — An Iranian narity which has offered \$2 milon for Salman Rushdie's head ays Muslims will take revenge on nyone who supports the British lovelist or publicises his conroversial book "The Satanie Verses". A statement by the June 5th Foundation, printed in Tehran's Jomhuri Eslami newspaper Wednesday, referred to riots over the book last week in Turkey which killed 36 people and said: Anyone who in any way supports Salman Rushdie or his blasphemous book will face the same fate as he." (Iran bans Turkish writer's works, page 10).

### :X rdish guerrilias kill 8 soldiers

KAHRAMANMARAS (AP) — Kurdish guerrillas killed eight soldiers in this southeastern province Wednesday as part of an intensified separatist violence in the area, the Anatolia news ageocys reported. A government-armed local guard and a Kurdish guerrilla were also killed in the fighting near Ekinorzu town, Anatolia added. The attack followed Monday's guerrilla raid on a Turkish village io eastern Turkey that left 33 people dead. The guerrillas raided Basbaglar village in eastern Erzincan province, shooting dead 28 men and torching the village before escaping. The bodies of five other victims still remained under deris according to Anatolia.

# Palestinians offer new suggestions

Combined agency despatches

PALESTINIANS, seeking to revive the Middle East peace process, offered new alternatives on Wednesday to ideas in a U.S. draft paper on self-rule in the occupied territories.

The Palestinians have rejected the three-page U.S. paper, which is intended to hridge differences

between them and Israel. Palestinian spokeswoman Hanan Ashrawi told Reuters her team was proposing the paper be put aside and that talks resume on Jerusalem and the extent of self-government.

"We are prepared to start talks on these two issues of substance based on the original terms of reference of the process, on international law, or even based on the declared U.S. positions on

these issues," she said.
The Palestinians say the document does not define clearly the territory where their self-rule administration would have au-

They want this to include East Jerusalem as well as the West Bank and the Gaza Strip.

Dr. Ashrawi said Washington had always recognized these three areas as occupied territories and hacked U.N. resolutions calling on Israel to trade land for

Palestinians are facing mounting internal opposition to the so far futile 20-month-old peace

Dr. Ashrawi's overture meant Palestinians wanted to reach an agreement on self-rule and did talks. not want to take any hlame for the collapse of the process, Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) officials said.

Israeli Foreign Minister Shi-mon Peres said in Egypt on Tuesday the U.S. document should not be retracted because it could be taken as an opening position

for both sides. "We are not prepared to negotiate Jerusalem and jurisdiction based on the American document nor to make any amend-ments to it," said Dr. Ashrawi.

"We are saying let's put the document aside and we are prepared to start real negotiations within the framework of the original terms of reference, because as it is, it (the paper) can't serve as a basis for the talks," she

PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat, who left Amman Wednesday, accused Washington of hypassing the terms of reference of the process, launched in October 1991, and of wanting to move the Arabs towards Israel's positions

Dr. Ashrawi said His Majesty King Hussein and Mr. Arafat agreed East Jerusalem's status as stated in the paper was unaccept-The Jordanian side showed

understanding of our position and of our concerns regarding the U.S. document," she said. Officials close to the meeting

said the King asked Mr. Arafat to be flexible in dealing with the document and in restarting the





Heads of the G-7 delegations during a photo session Wednesday. (Left to right) Italian Prime Minister Carlo Clampi; German Chancellor Helmut Kohl; French President Francois Mitterrand; U.S. President Bill Clinton; Japanese Prime Minister Kiichi

Miyazawa; Canadian Prime Minister Kim Campbell; British Prime Minister John Major; Belgian Prime Minister Jean-Luc Dehane; EC Economic and Financial Affairs Commissioner Henning Christophersen (AFP photo)

# No prospect of forceful G-7 action to end Bosnia conflict

Combined agency despatches

TOKYO — The Group of Seven (G-7) foreign ministers agree that Serbs and Croats should be barred from imposing settlement terms on besieged Mushms to end the war in Bosnia, Secretary of State Warren Christopher said Wednesday.

But the ministers backed down from their threats of a year ago to use military force, if necessary, in the embattled former Yugoslav republic.

Mr. Christopher said the situation in Bosnia-Herzegovina had worsened since last year's toughly worded declaration. The Serbs seized control of more than 70 per cent of the country while the allies were unable to agree on a course of action.

"The situation is much more difficult to deal with now than would have been last year or two years ago," Mr. Christopher said. The Clinton administration last

spring proposed exempting Bosnia from a U.N. arms embargo and bombing Serb artillery sites, but the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) allies and Russia declined to back the initiative and it was shelved.

Mr. Christopher, reporting on the ministers' discussion, said the foreign ministers recommended an indefinite extension of economic sanctions against Serbia. "That degree of leverage remains, and it's significant lever-

age," he said.

He said the ministers supported providing assistance to re-fugees in Bosnia and opposed permitting the Serbs and Croats. and who have joined forces in what could be a final drive against Treaty when it comes np for the Muslims, to dictate settle-renewal in 1995. ment terms.

They also urged Serb President Slobodan Milosevic to abandon his threat to force international monitors to leave the predominantly Albanian enclave of Koso-

Mr. Christopher said other decisions taken by the ministers included a call for lifting the Arah economic boycott of Israel and criticism of Iran, Iraq and Libya for their policies.

He said he expected the decisions to be adopted by the leaders of the seven nations before the windup of the summit on Friday. The leaders had a 'free-wheeling discussion" of the situation at a dinner Wednesday night and will take up Bosnia and the other foreign policy issues at a meeting on Thursday, White House coun-sellor David Gergen said.

"This discussion was not intended to formulate a Bosnia nolicy." Mr. Gergen said.

Masamiehi Hanahusa. Japanese foreign ministry spokesman, told reporters a good part of the two-hour dinner meeting was devoted to Bosnia.

"If there was any consensus, the consensus would have been that this is a very hard nut to crack." Mr. Hambasu said.

British Prime Minister John Major, meanwhile, concentrated on Iraq and the threat he said was posed by President Saddam Hus-

In the nuclear area, the foreign ministers urged Ukraine to ratify the START I treaty to reduce long-range nulcear missile warheads and supported extension of subject to agreeing conditions the nuclear Non-Proliferation with Moscow.

The G-7 leaders are expected

to endorse an indefinite extension of a key nuclear treaty using watered-down language to meet Japan's wish to preserve its options if North Korea acquires atomic arms, senior U.S. officials

The officials conceded that the political communique to be ssued Thursday would be hedged to take Japan's fears into

Their comments suggested that the communique reference to the subject will be a step backward from the one issued after the 1992 summit in Munich.

G-7 finance ministers have agreed to assist a programme to privatise Russian hosiness, a senior Japanese finance ministry official said.

They have come down to specifics on this question and are now discussing the size of assistance," he said.

"They are working on this matter to be able to make ao announcement during the sum-

The United States has asked the six other G-7 nations to contribute a pooled \$500 million in grants to a total \$2 hillion privatisation programme, half the sum Washington proposed at a G-7

ministers summit in April. The proposal includes another \$500 million in export credits to enable privatised Russian companies to buy capital equipment on credit and \$1 billion in World Bank loans, now in the pipeline

# King reported in very good condition after irregular heartbeat problem

By a Jordan Times . Staff Reporter

AMMAN - His Majesty King Hussein was hospitalised Wednesday with an irregular heartbeat, but his condition is very good and reassnring, medical officials said.

King Hussein, 57, who nnderwent cancer surgery in the United States last year, has already been hospitalised once with the heartbeat problem.

The King's personal physician, Dr. Samir Farraj, quoted by the Jordan News Agency, Petra, the King underwent the check-up because of an irregular heartbeat. "King Hussein was admitted

to hospital today for irregular heartbeat," Dr. Farraj said. He said the Monarch "underwent necessary medical tests and his condition, thank God, is very good and reassur-

Qusous, head of the

Royal Medical Services at Hussein Medical Centre one of the most sophisticated medical institutions in the Middle East: "His Majesty had the same problem before," He does not suffer from any heart problem,

"It is exhaustion, fatigue and worry that has caused the King's illness," Dr. Qusous

He said the Monarch will be discharged in two days.

. The King was hospitalised for the same problem in June

In January 1992, he had a growth removed from his right leg, and he had a kidney removed last August in the United States after it was found to be cancerous.

Doctors declared him to be in good health last month after a checkup at the Mayo Clinic in Rochester, Minnesota.

On Sunday, King Hussein said be would soon undergo an operation for a ruptured eardrum in his right ear. The disorder was the result of 40 years at air travel, said the Monarch, who often pilots his



# Co-sponsors hope for progress

in talks

MOSCOW (R) — Russia and the United States reported progress in multilateral Middle East peace talks Wednesday hut said there could be no breakthrough without the political will of Israel and the

Assistant U.S. Secretary of State Edward Djerejian said there were limits to how much Washington could achieve unless Israelis and Arabs showed genuine desire for peace. There's only so much we

can do as the honest broker. They have to want peace as well," he told a news confer-Palestinians and Israelis

have held 10 rounds of peace alks over 20 months, but the latest ended last week with still no agreement on principles to guide future Palestinian selfrule in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip (see separate Mr. Djerejian was speaking

after the latest meeting of a multilateral steering committee that reviewed the progress of five working groups, all inelnding representatives of Israel and Palestinians. Mr. Djerejian said the

groups, dealing with economic development, water resources, refugees, arms control and environmental issues, were mak-

ing good progress.

But he said: "All parties recognise that only at hilateral negotiations and through resolntion of political issues that divide them can real peace be achieved hetween Arahs, Israelis and Palestinians."
He added: "The conditions

are right for peacemaking and the opportunity is here. The parties themselves must make a real effort ... to narrow the substantive differences hetween them.

Viktor Posuvalyuk, head of the Russian Foreign Ministry's Middle East Department, echoed Mr. Djerejian's view that multilateral talks were no substitute for the slow-moving hilateral peace process in Washington.

# Mubarak urges flexibility

Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak urged both Israel and the Palestinians Tnesday to show flexibility to end the deadlock in the peace talks.

Israel Television asked Mr. Mubarak, during his meeting. with Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres in Egypt, what he would tell Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) leader Yasser Arafat.

"I'll persuade him to hurry up and to contioue the negotiations ... as well as we are asking the Israelis for flexibility. I'll tell the Palestinians the same," he replied. Mr. Mubarak said during the

snatched interview, shown on Israel Television, that a U.S. draft paper on Palestinian selfrule presented at the 10th round of peace talks which ended last week was a good basis for continuing negotia-

# Iraq, U.N. resume oil talks; prospects uncertain

David Hannay, on Wednesday.

Iradi parliament, a senior mem-

ber of the ruling Baath Party, said

Iraq would hold out against new

U.N. demands unless the United

Nations offered it something in

Saadi Mehdi Saleh told a pack-

ed parliament, called out of re-

cess to debate events since a June

27 U.S. missile attack, that Iraq.

respected the United Nations and

had honoured all commitments

under the U.N. resolutions which

But the Security Conncil,

done nothing to alleviate the suf-

ferings of the Iraq people, he

ended the Gulf war is 1991.

Combined agency despatches

UNITED NATIONS — 1raq, which previously spurned a U.N.supervised oil sale, Wednesday resumed U.N. talks to arrange \$1.6 billion in exports to finance humanitarian assistance for its people, hard-hit hy U.N. sanc-

The talks, a sign of good will or desperation by Iraq, come at a time when the Baghdad government and the United Nations are at loggerheads over U.N. efforts to install remote-controlled cameras at two former missile test

The head of the Iraqi delegation, Deputy Foreign Minister Riyadh Al Qaissi, declined to comment to reporters before the secretariat huilding. "I don't want to be presumptuous," he said when asked whether he predicted success, saying he wanted to take stock of the situation

before commenting. Immediately after the opening two-hour meeting Mr. Qaysi described the talks as friendly, cooperative and professional.

"I didn't find any difficulty," said Mr. Qaysi, adding he would remain in New York for as long as was necessary. Further talks are scheduled for Thursday.

Rolf Ekeus of Sweden, the chairman of the U.N. special commission overseeing demohtion of Iraq's weapons of mass destruction, sounded pessimistic Tuesday. He was likely to brief

"We are in a period of defiance and decisiveness. We are no longer prepared to offer added sacri-fices for nothing," he said.

"We shall not permit the United Nations and its committees to take any unfair action against Iraq," he added. Despite the dispute over the

U.N. plan to install monitoring cameras at missile test sites, both sides are keen to agree ou a formula for Iraq resuming oil

Iraq has refused to permit the cameras until the United Nations carried out a comprehensive re-

Council, British Amhassador tructing its weapons of mass destruction. "I don't see any relief in the foreseeable future for the lifting of sanctions," said Mr. Ekeus.

In Baghdad, the speaker of the

defiance with words to pacify members of parliament, most of whom spoke in favour of caution. "This does not mean that we call for a declaration of a new war," he said.

Mr. Saleh tempered his talk of

But he added: "We say to anyone trying to commit aggression against us... that we will do everything we can to respond." Member after member of the 250-seat parliament said the government should be prudent in dealing with the Umited Nations and the U.S. administration, which last month fired 23 cruise missiles at the headquarters of

Iraqi intelligence. "America is trying to drag Iraq into an armed confrontation in trade sanctions against Iraq, had order to hit it again," said Deputy Abdul Wahah Al Shama'.

"We have to use wisdom and resort to patience and try our best not to be dragged into an armed conflict," added Mr. Shama', who comes from Nineveh consti-

tuency in northern Iraq.

An opinion polls published in the official press said about 90 per cent of Iraqis opposed military action in retaliation for the U.S. missile attack.

Later Wednesday the parliament said it wanted to put U.S. President Bill Clinton on trial for the June 27 missile attack on Baghdad that killed eight civi-

The parliament also said it would seek compensation for victims of the attack on the Iraqi intelligence headquarters.

# the president of the Security Daily clashes in Gaza over Palestinian wake

By David Ward Reuter

JABALYA, Occupied Gaza

— In death, as in life, Mohammad Al Hindi is part of the Israeli-Palestinian conflict.

Even though his body remains in Israeli hands, his wake triggered bloody clashes Wednesday for a fourth consecutive day. Israel calls him a "terrorist," hut in Jabalya re-

fugee camp he is a hero. Israeli troops shot three more Palestinians Wednesday, raising the toil to at least 14

wounded during the wake.
His father, Mohammad
Ahmad Hassan Al Hindi, sits quietly in a courtyard waiting for the body of his 22-year-old son. Israeli authorities say they cannot return the hadlyhurned body until they have proved it is Hindi.

Several hundred Palesticians who gathered to mourn had no doubts it was Hindi and vowed to continue the wake until they get his body.

The man identified as Hindi and another - identified by Palestinians as a man from the occupied West Bank - tried to hijack a bus in Jerusalem on July I, killing one Israeli and wounding two others.

Thwarted by the bus driver. the Palestinians commandeered a car drivern by an Israeli woman. All three died

in a hail of bullets and the explosion of the car at a milit-

ary roadblock. Friends and family of Hindi have gathered daily by the house tucked off one of the maze of streets that wind through Jabalya refugee camp, ready to resume clashes.

"The Israeli press calls them terrorists," said a Palestinian who would give only his initials. "But the Israelis kill our brothers, our children. This is why our young men try to avenge their actious."
"We are extremely proud of

him," he said of Hindi. Since the Palestinian uprising against Israel's 1967 occupation of the West Bank and Gaza Strip hegan more than five years ago, Israelis have killed 1,105 Palestinians.

The courtyard for the wake was dominated by a twometre-wide sheet bearing the image of two Palestinians bran-

dishing automatic weapons. "Kassam Brigade" the military arm of the Muslim fundamentalist organisation Hamas — was written in red

Arabic script.
The outlawed Islamic Resistance Movement Hamas is committed to armed struggle against Israel.

Soldiers shot and wounded six Palestinains on Sunday during clashes with stone-throwing mourners.

# Abdul Rahman in prison hospital

NEW YORK (Agencies) — Sheikh Omar Abdul Rahman, whose alleged followers have been charged with the World Trade Centre bombing, has been mterned in a prison hospital here for high blood sugar, his lawyer

Michael Warren also said the 55-year-old preacher was having trouble communicating with prison authorities because of a "profoundly deficient" translator.

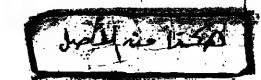
The blind sheikh surrendered Friday to anthorities a day after the Immigration and Naturalisation Service (IMS) ordered his arrest for illegal entry to the United States. He is appealing a deportation bearing.

On Sunday, Egypt requested the Sheikh's extradition to face charges at home of organising violent anti-government protests.

"His blood sugar level is higher than normal and he has been put in the prison hospital to get his blood sugar level monitored, said Mr. Warren, who visited the cleric in the prison hospital at the federal correctional institution at Otisville, New York.

The eleric's associates say Sheikh Abdul Rahman requires insulin injections three times a day and also has a heart condition and suffers from asthma.

Mr. Warren said there had been communication problems between Sheikh Abdul Rahman, who speaks Arabic, and the physician assigned to him.



# Kuwaiti interior minister under fire for rising crime

KUWAIT CITY (AFP) — Several Kuwaiti deouties on Tuesday oiasted Interior Minister Ahmad Al Hamad Al Sabah for a rising crime rate and one deputy suggested that he step down.

"The (interior) minister should present his resignation or else we vill resort to our constitutional powers," legislator Shareh Al Aim: of the fundamentalist Islamic Constitutional Movement told parliament.

He denounced what he called the climate of insecurity in Muwait, saving that roobery, rape and drug trafficking were on the

"Either he (Sheikh Sabah) coesn't want to do anything abbut it or cannot do anything about it." Mr. Aimi said.

Interior Ministry sources have reported an increase in crime in Cowait but there have been no Talal statistics since the end of

he Gulf war in February 1991. Damocratic Forum leader ruinted Al Khatib also criticised security along Kuwait's border with Eraq, pointing to the fact that II Iragis infiltrated Kuwait as part of an alleged plot to assassinate former U.S. President George Bush during a visit to the

emisate in April. They came to assassinate Bush, strolled around Kuwait without being noticed or re-pulsed," Mr. Khatib said. The iragis as well as three Muwaitis are on trial here over

missing from the KIO's Spanish

operation was used to buy West-ern and Arab political backing to

free Kuwait after Iraq invaded in 1990, the Financial Times news-

in also said large sums were

alleged to have been used to buy

votes at the United Nations

where crucial Security Council

voies later provided the legal

basis for Kuweit's liberation by a

Dut Kuwaiti Member of Parlia-

ment Nasser Al S. ne told Reu-

1275 "Suwaiti officials bad ruled out

the possibility of such payments

when the allegation first surfaced

"They (the Kuwaiti officials)

s is any such political payments

UHITED NATIONS (R) — Two U.M. envoys will go to Cyprus and Tuesday following the unexpected resignation of Turkish-

Cypriot leader Rauf Danktash as

Diploma:s said that Joe Clark

lead ': of his community's de- ga-

of Canada, the U.N. special en-

voy for Cyprus, and his deputy.

Gustav Feissel, would visit Cyp-

ares as well as Greece and Turkey

in an effort to generale support again for a U.N. package of "no revience-building measures."

min edity quit as negotiator in

Juli-prokered talks, said he had

their hampered by his own gov-

amment, set up nine years after the 1974 Turkish invasion of Cyp-

de the talks.

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...... Fajt .......... (Sunrise) Duha

News in Hebres

Mr. Denkizsh, who unen-

tion in the ongoing talks.

multinational force.

Miller this year.

perer reported Wednesday.

the alleged plot.
MP Ahmad Baqer urged the interior minister to deploy security reinforcements, saying that Kuwaitis had lost faith in the

country's security set-up. Of the 22 deputies who spoke in the 50-seat assembly on Tueday, 21 were highly critical of the minister to seek his resignation.

The minister, a member of the ruling family of Kuwait, listened quietly in the front row. sometimes taking notes, and occasionally smiling.

He did not answer the criticism during the session, which also was attended by Premier and Crown Prince Sheikh Saad Al Abdullah Al Sabah.

But pro-government deputy Talal Al Ayyar said security was the collective responsibility of education, religious preaching and the news media.

Deteriorating internal security has been a major concern since the emirate's liberation in February 1991 from a seven-month Iraci occupation.

Reports about rising crime. especially armed robbery and rape, shock Kuwaitis who used take pride in low crime rates before the invasion.

Robbers are so confident and organised that some of them had eaten cake and watermelon in the house they robbed, said Deputy Fanad Al Azimi.

Knyait bought's upport for liberation

ters (cabinet) and no such approval was given," Mr. Sane said in a telephone interview in

He was one of several members of the assembly's finance and

economic committee who visited

London earlier this year to probe

allegations of misconduct in the

management of the emirate's

cially that some of the missing

money had been used for political

purposes but the allegation was

vague and the purposes were not specified. Mr. Sane said. On re-

turning to Kuwait, the committee

told a number of officials about

the allegation. The officials dis-

missed the allegations as false, be

The KIO is suing 22 former

measures approved that would start an economic and political

raporoachement between the two

He criticised Mr. Denktash in a

weekend report, saying the Tur-kish Cypriot leader had promised

support for the 15 measures at a

June 1 U.N. meeting and then

and spoke against them.

returned to Nicosia and Cyprus

placing part of the uninhabited resort town of Varosha, formerly dominated by Greek Cypriots.

under U.N. administration and

reopening Nicosia airport, also under U.N. control.

The Security Council, however, chose to ignore Mr. De-

The two key measures involve

communities.

N.mediators visit Cyprus next week

The committee was told unoffi-

overseas investment empire.

EONDON (R) — Former Kuwait investment Office (KIO) officials have alleged that \$300 million approval was given," Mr. Sane

would have to have been executives and advisers in Lon-

Knwait.

Interior Ministry efforts to col-

lect weapons left behind by Iraqis and those acquired by Kuwaitis during the occupation bave failed. Kuwaitis say they need these guns to protect themselves from any future aggression. Two deputies said their constituents were thinking of arranging for neighbourhood watches be-

In a 14-hour session about security last month, parliament demanded tigher security measures and recommedned decen-

cause of lack of police patrols and

tralisation of decision-making. admitting more Kuwaitis into the police academy and implementing all sentences handed down by criminal courts. Almost a month after their

recommendations, deputies felt nothing had been done to translate them into "positive steps."
Talal Al Seed nrged the minister to ease the strict conditions for admission into the emirate's police academy in order to face the shortage in the police force.

"So what if one of our fine

young men is shorter than 1.62 metres?" he asked. "Huge numbers wait at the doors of the academy wanting to be admitted and we leave our border posts manned with two people each."

Many of the stateless Arabs on lower ranks were not returned to

don for alleged conspiracy to

defraud and other malpractice in

connection with Spanish invest-

holding company, went into re-ceivership last December.

of whom are accused by the

emirate of stealing between \$300 million and \$510 million, bave

persistently alleged that the mis-

sing funds were used, on the instruction of exiled Knwait lead-

ers, to influence foreign political

France was specifically men-

tioned as a target of the campaign

as well as Tunisia and Morocco,

the newspaper said: Both the Knwaiti government

and the current management of

the KIO deny the existence of

any such fund to influence politic-

nktash's resignation from the

talks with some envoys saying

that early elections in northern

Cyprus might clarify his position.

A council letter to Dr. Ghali,

drafted on Wednesday, empha-sised the "obligation of both par-

ties to cooperate fully and with-

out further delay," in reaching an agreement on the Cyprus prob-

lem and on proposals related to Varosha and Nicosia airport.

The letter repeated the main points of Dr. Gbali's report and said it shared his "deep dis-

appointment" that Mr. Denktash

had not supported the package

and did not return to New York

for scheduled meetings on June

Grupo Torras, KIO's Spanish

Former KIO managers, some

ments.

opinion.

### which the ministry depended on before the invasion to fill its

# Egypt plans mass trials of 770

LIFE CONTINUES: Somalis coming from north-

ern Mogadishu Wednesday cross the "green line"

near a checkpoint controlled by Italian soldiers of

CAIRO (Agencies) - The military prosecution is preparing indictments in its biggest two cases against Muslim extremists, involving 770 men accased of plotting assassinations and carbombings, a military source said Wednesday.

The suspects will be charged with belonging to an illegal group called "the vanguards of Islam," a revival of the Jihad organisation which assassin-ated President Anwar Sadat in 1981

The military source, who de-clined to be further identified, said the 770 men were planning a series of attacks in June but were arrested before their offensive got under way. Authorities seized large amounts of weapons and explosives with

Some 230 of the suspects were arrested in Cairo and will be grouped in one case, the source said. The rest were detained in other towns and cities and will be tried in a second

President Hosni Mubarak started referring Muslim radicals to military courts late last year to ensure their speedy

The military courts have so far sentenced 22 men to death, but only two executions have been performed. At least seven more are expected before the end of the month.

The militants are seeking to turn Egypt into an Islamic state. More than 180 people have died in thier violent carrpalgn against the government in the past 18 months. Their main targets were police, Coptic Christians and foreign tourists. But recently the extremists have been blowing up nailpacked bombs in crowded areas, wounding many ordin-

ary Egyptians. Police arrest 32

Egyptian security forces arrested 32 Muslim militants in raids on villages in Upper Egypt Tuesday, security sources said.

They said a 1,000-strong armoured police force combed a string of villages and houses in the militant town of Dayrut, some 280 kilometres south of

Poclice Brigadier Mahmoud Antar said the militants seized in the operation had been involved in bombings and assassination plots against police officers in Upper Egypt over the past few months.

Earlier on Tuesday, security forces captured two leading militants sentenced to death in their absence in 1989 for attempting to murder two former interior ministers and a journalist in 1986.

# Washington rejects Qadhafi's proposal WASHINGTON (Agencies) — like vice president in a Bush

the United Nations. Two Somelis employed by the

United Nations were killed on their way to work when armed men ambushed their car, a spokesman

for the U.N. forces said (see page 10) (AFP photol

The United States bas rejected an administration," Col. Qadhafi offer by Libyan leader Muammar said. Qadhafi for the conditional release of two Libyan suspects wanted in the bombing of Pan Am Flight 103 in 1988.

Colonel Qadhafi said be would be willing to release the two "for trial anywhere in the world" except the United States and Bri-

He made the proposal to the Rev. Jesse Jackson last month and repeated it in a recent interview with the Washington Times "The channel for contact on

Pam Am 103 is the U.N. secretary-general," the State Department press officer Sondra McCarty. 'Qadhafi knows exactly what

be must do in order to comply fully with relevant Security Council resolutions. The U.N. Security Council requirements are not open for negotiations."

The United Nations has im-

posed sanctions on Libya for refusing to turn over the suspects in the December 1988 bombing of the jetliner over Lockerbie, Scot-land, which killed 270 people. The U.N. resolution specified

that the suspects be handed over for trial in the United States or

the United States will see "a lot he is decisive by bombing other more terrorism" and urged Presi- countries." dent Clinton to tend to domestic problems and stop meddling in foreign affairs.

in ordering a cruise missile attack on Baghdad. It made him "look pean problem."

He added that Libya condemns terrorism and stands ready to work with the Western powers to eradicate it.

"Whatever takes place in America — and you will see a lot more terrorism there - is a function of perceived injustices in other parts of the world," Col. Qadhati said.

"You must understand the power of CNN showing Israeli soldiers shooting Palestinian children. This breeds terrorism in "Don't think Iraq will take the latest cruise raissile attack by

turning the other cheek," he told the Wasiii.: "on Times last Thursday in his tent near Tripeli. "Acts of terrorism in America will be the enswer and mey will

be more and after violent and

spectacular for television pur-poses around toe world," Col. Qadhafi added. He said a "ne \* e.a' was possible under Mr. Clinton, whom he described as a "kind, well intentioned man... he does not look down on Third World people as

inferior. Col. Qadhafi, however, In the interview with the advised Mr. Clinton to "resist the

"Clinton should concentrate all his energy on America and stop meddling in matters that are of no He said Mr. Clinton blundered concern of Americans - such as

# Israel public sector on strike

TEL AVIV (AP) - More than told Israel Radio the demands Israelis unable to get marriage licenses or divorce decrees, regis-1er births or open businesses --- or

even watch "Seinscld." The silver lining was that bankruptcies and income tax foreclosures were held off, too.

Four unions struck, demanding 35 per cent wage increases spread over three-to-four years. Their aim was to raise salaries to a minimum of 2,000 shekels (\$715) per month, according to Uri

Tzachor, spokesman for the Histadrut national trade federation. He said the unions set no time limit on the strike, which shut down ports, employment services, some hospital services, the income tax department, the national insurance institute, educational television and the public service administration, and all ministries except the defence

50,000 Israeli civil servants went were too much for the treasury to on strike Wednesday, leaving handle and would only end by driving up unemployment.

Israel's unemployment rate, aggravated by an influx of 400,000 immigrants from the for-mer Soviet Union, stands at 11 per cent.

An emergency cabinet session authorised measures to force up to 15 per cent of striking workers back to jobs deemed vital to national security and the public

good, Israel radio said. The strike mainly affected administrative workers, Mr. Tzachor said. That meant laboratory tests in the hospitals were not conducted, but medical care was not seriously affected.

It also meant that "Seinfeld," a summer belidays perk broadcast by the normally scholarly educational television authority, would be off the air.

Even though licenses were unavailable, couples would not be The strike came after months of negotiations with Finance ban prevents Jewish weddings Minister Avraham Shohat, who

# NEWS IN BRIEF

# Trial of Muslim militant to start in Yemen

ADEN, Yemen (R) — The trial of a Muslim militant leader an 42 other men charged with attempted assassination and bom will start in Yemen next week, a judicial official said on Wednesday. Ali Al Mohsen, public prosecutor of Abian province east of Aden, told reporters all measures to hold the trial were completed and all documents handed to the court. He said in trial would start in Abian next week of the 42 suspects and Tare Ben Al Fadbli, who bad surrendered to three parliance representatives of Abian after troops ringed his mountain hideo in January. Only Mr. Fadhli and two other suspects are custody. The Interior Ministry says Mr. Fadhli is suspected involvement. involvement in an assassination attempt on a Yemen Socia Party (YSP) leader and bombings in two botels in Aden December last year. Mr. Mohsen said Mr. Fadhli, who belongs a family that ruled Abian under British protection until independence of South Yemen in 1967, was charged with terror activity with the aim to commit a crime and taking part in setting up a terrorist group to operate inside and outside Yemen. The militants were arrested for the attempted assassination of A Saleh Ubad Muqbel, head of the YSP branch in Abian. M. Muqbel and a bodyguard were wounded in the attack.

# Mubarak to change government after poli

CAIRO (R) — Egyptian President Hosni Mnbarak says a new government will be formed after elections in October expected to give him a third six-year term in office. Cairo newspapers said Wednesday. "It is normal to bave a cabinet change after the election of a new president, when the current government submits its resignation. Then there will be a cabinet change," the papers of the papers quoted Mr. Mubarak as telling navy officers in Alexandria of Tnesday. The government beaded by Atef Sedki was formed in 1986 and has remained in place with only minor reshuffles. Mr. Mubarak said he would choose a vice-president when he finds the "appropriate person" for the job. Mr. Mnbarak was vice-president under Anwar Sadat and antomatically became president when Mr. Sadat was assassinated in 1981. He has never appointed his own vice-president. Parliament meets later this month tonominate candidates for president and is almost certain to choose Mr. Mubarak. Only one other person has put himself forward, a little-known Alexandria businessman whose chances have been dismissed by officials.

# Thai policeman charged in Saudi gems case

BANGKOK (AFP) - A Thai police lieutenant general and seven others, all but one of them policemen, were charged Wednesday in connection with a notorious 1989 case involving the theft of jewelry from Saudi Arabia, a court official said. The case involved the theft of \$20 million in jewelry from a member of the Sandi royal family in Riyadh by a Thai domestic worker. The worker returned to Thailand with his haul and was later arrested and jailed but much of the jewelry subsequently returned to the Saudi prince was fake. Lieutenant General Chalor Kerdthes, a former commissioner attached to the Bangkok police department, was charged on eight counts, including embezzlement and failing to perform duty, the official said. The other seven were all charged on similar counts. Mr. Chalor and the other suspects were released after posting bail of 300,000 baht (\$12,000) each, the court official said. The jewelry case and the 1989-90 murders in Bangkok of four Sandi diplomats and a Saudi businessman soured relations between the two countries and led to a 1990 ban by Riyadh on visas for Thai , ationals. Thai-Saudi relations warmed this year when Thailand formally blamed the murders on international terrorists and promised to speed up the investigation of the jewelry case.

# Oman. Yemen to work on Implementing pact-

SANAA (R) - Oman and Yemen are holding talks to speed up implementation of a border accord that settled their 25-year-old territorial dispute, a senior Omani official said. "The two sides will work to speed up the implem ...: ation of the accord," Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Yousef Ben Alawi Ben Abdullah told reporters after arriving at Sanaa on Tuesday night. Mr. Ben Abdullah will be holding talks on the accord and relations between the two neighbours during his visit to Yemen. Oman saidin May that it opened its first brider crossing to Yemen in 25 years. The two countries earlier agreed to build a road link apply construct an Omani city at the border to facilitate the transfer

# Two British tourists missing in Turkey

TATVAN, Turkey (R) - Two British tourists, a man and woman, have gone missing in eastern Turkey where Kurdish separatists are fighting the government, officials said Tuesday. The couple, both aged 28, left King Hotel and Camping near the town of Tatvan, about 1,200 kilometres east of Ankara, on Sonday to climb Mount Nemrut and reach a crater lake, camp owner Nevzat Turgut said. He named the tourists as David Micbael Rowbottom and Tania Jan Miller, who also has an Australian passport. He said security forces had launched a search for the couple.

# Car-bomb targets Iraq journalists' union

BAGHDAD (AFP) — A car-bomb exploded outside the offices of the journalists union in the southern city of Basra Monday, shattering windows but causing no casualties, the Babel newspap of er reported Wednesday. The attack was carried out by "agents" a foreign power" to punish the union for a meeting June to between its officials and President Saddam Hussein, said the paper, which is edited by the Iraqi leader's son Udai.

# Hizbollah says 2 fighters killed in clash

BE!RUT (R) - The pro-Iranian Hizbollah (Party of God) said Wednesday two of its guerrillas were killed in a clash with Israeli troops earlier this week. The Islamic Resistance, Hizbollah's military wing, said in a statement the two were killed during series of attacks on Israeli and allied mibita forces inside the Jewish state's self-proclaimed "security zone" Monday. Hizbollab sources said they were killed in a clash with an Israeli patrol in Sojoud area north of the 15 kilometres deep buffer enclave in which an Israeli soldier was wounded. Two civilians were killed in Israeli shelling on a cluster of Hizbollah-controlled villages after

# **CYPRUS** TURKISH CYPRIOT

### me and recognised by Ankara Mr. Denktash told reporters in Micces's that he could not confinue is a negotiator in talks cho t the future of the divided isian while his prime minister. Denris Ercelo, refused to make w topocs his to Greek Cypal, prus' foteign minister. Ale-Echaelides, said Mr. Detih's decision to resign would **GREEK CYPRIOT** the United Nations for years has been trying to reunite the island under federal rule. Secretary-General Boutros Ghali findght he was close to getting

# JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

# 's high temperatures: Am-qaba 40. Humidily readings: 4 per cent. Aqaba 19 per

### ul telephone NUMBERS NIGHT DUTY

Dr. Mohammad Al Zu'bi ...... (—) Al Quds pharmacy (—)

ZARQA: Dr. Rajch Matar ......

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# **EMERGENCIES**

Civil Defence Department 661111 Civil Defence Immediate
Reserve
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Fire Brigade
Lillahamay Ballian 042400
Highway Police
Traffic Police 896390
Public Security Department 630321
Hotel Complaints 605800
Price Complaints
Complaints
Ammon Municipality
Complaints
Telephone Information
Telephone Information (directory assistance)
Character Calls
Overseas Calls
Sepatis (Living
Abdali Telephone Repairs 661101
Jordan Television 773111
Radio Jordan
Water Authority
Jordan Electricity Authority 815615
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# HOSPITALS

AMMAN:
Hassein Medical Centre 813813/32
Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn 644281/6
Akilch Malernity, J. Amn 642441/2
Jabel Aruman Maternity 642362
37-7 1 A
Maihas, J. Amman
Palestine, Shmeisani 664171/4
Shmeisani Hospital
University Hospital 845845
Al-Mussher Hospital 607227/9
The Islamic, Abdali 666127/37
Al-Ahü, Abdali 664164/6
Italian, Al-Muhsjreen 777101/3
Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich 775111/26
Army, Marka 891611/15
Queen Alia Hospital 502240/50
Arnal Hospital 674155
ZAROA:
Zarga Govt, Hospital (09)983323 Zerga National Hospital (07)903560
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Al Hikma Modern Hospital (07)770970
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CRUCINITY HOSPIEL	843843
Al-Mussher Hospital 65	17227/0
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Queen Alia Hospital 502	24V XV
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Greek Catholic Hospital (02)	272275
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AOABA:	
	714414
Princess Haya Hospital (03)	31-111

### FOR THE TRAVELLER **QUEEN ALIA**

INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information depart- ment at the Oneen Alia International
Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where it should always be verified.
ARRIVALS
Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1)

. Aden (R1 Singapore, Kuala Lumpur (RJ New Delhi (RJ ....... Dobai, Abu Dhahi (R 10:55 11:00 . Larnaca (R3 .. New York, Amsterdam (R.) ...... Bangkok, Calcutta (R.) ... New York, Amsterday 17:15 .. Abu Dhabi (R1 ...... Athens (R.I.)

### Other Flights (Terminal 2) ..... Abs Dhabi, Muscat (GF)

DEPARTURES

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..... Abu Dhabi

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Canliflower	190/ 100
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# Jordan remembers the late King Talal

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein Wednesday visited the tomb of the late King Talal Ibn Abdul-Jah on the anniversary of his death where he laid a wreath and recited verses of the Holy Cot and Koran.

ce part Also visiting the tomh were the prime minister, Cabinet imembers, the Upper and Lower Houses of Parliament members, the chief Islamic justice, senior officials and high rank-

ing army officers.

King Talal was the eldest son with the late King Abdullah, part in tounder of the Hashemite Born in Mecca in 1909, the

late King received military training at Sandhurst Military College in the United Kingdom and was the first Jordanian army officer to graduate from the late college in 1939. King Talal assumed his responsibility as King nf Jurdan on Sept. 6, 1951, and began to nmen on sept. 0, 1321, chieving the objectives of the Great Arab Revolt which was led by his

grandfather Sharif Hussein Ihn



His Majesty King Hussein Wednesday visits the late King Talal Ibn Abdullah's tomb where he recites verses from the Holy Koran (Petra photo)

Ali of Hijaz.

King Talal started his rule by introducing reforms to the Inrdanian Constitution but illness prevented him from pursiring his work. He abdicated nn Aug. 11, 1952 and His Majesty King Hussein acceded:

in the Throne. The late King is remembered for his efforts to develop the Jordanian Armed Forces and was instrumental in creat-

ing the national guard, a force that was used to defend the hnmeland against repeated Israeli aggressions.

Under his reign, the nucleus of the Jordanian Royal Airforce was also created.

King Talal took part in the Arab-Israeli war of 1948 as an army officer fighting alongside the Jordanian armed forces in defence of the Arah land of

# Abu Nowar expects moves towards Arab reconciliation. promises measures to rectify media 'imbalances'

AMMAN (Petra) — Jordan is he would introduce measures port for the one-person-one-vote near future will witness concrete steps towards achieving Arab solidarity, information Minister

Ma'an Áhu Nowar said Tuesday. In a lecture at the Arah Youth Forum (AYF) Tuesday evening, Dr. Abu Nowar said Jordan will pursue these efforts in line with policies charted by His Majesty King Hussein and in conformity with the principles and gnals of the Great Arab Revolt.

In his lecture, which revolved around Inrdanian democracy and its impact on the countries of the region, the minister said that the present government is determined to prevent any media nffence against other Arah states.

Stressing that the Inrdanian press will maintain its freedom, the minister also emphasised that

pursuing efforts to heal rifts- aimed at reforming or putting among Arab countries, and the right any imbalance or errors in the national press through the Jordan Press Association, direct contacts with the concerned newspapers or through the law.

Dr. Abu Nowar said that he was preparing a national informatinn strategy for Inrdan that would serve as a reference for media people and researchers.

Referring to Parliament, the minister voiced his support for deputies' participation in government because this practice tends tn "enhance democracy."

Dr. Ahu Nowar, however, cautinned against deputies' exploiting their ministerial posts for election nr political parties purposes, saying that the "nation's higher interests should be above any other consideration."

The minister expressed his supsystem, calling for allocating only one deputy for each constituency. He said such a system should help achieve justice and equality.

Saying that the government has not yet discussed the Election Law, the minister pointed out that the present law was prepared in 1928 by the British colonial government and was formulated in a manner that would safeguard the minnrities and various

He said that any amendment to the present law should be preceded hy consultanins among all concerned groups.

Saying that democracy in Jor-dan 'matched any other around the world," the minister listed the following eight principles as the basis for democracy in Jordan:

— Freedom for all under the umhrella of the law.

Dr. Ma'an Abu Nowar

Parliamentary democracy, with the people considered the source of all powers and author Independent legislative, ex-ecutive and judicial authorities. - The right of Parliament to vote

down a government. - Complete independence for indiciary.

- Political pluralism in the sense that no single party should monopolise power in the country.

— Human rights should be safeguarded in conformity with the Constitution.

- Free local and municipal goverument.

The minister said that Israel isthe first enemy of the Inrdanian democracy because the Jewish state had sought to present itself as the only democracy in the reginn in order to achieve its own

Other enemies, he said, inelude factions nn the internal front who explnit democracy as a tool to undermine its noble aims.

# Crown Prince visits Jordan | Majali to ramino pavillion at Coventry fair

Highness Crown Prince Hassan, ems whn is currently nn a visit to the United Kingdom, Wednesday, viheralant, sited the Royal Agricultural Fair ed Water held in Coventry, Yorkshire, in ng the which Jordan is participating for to first time since it was laun-

Prince Hassan met at the fair I arrest with the Duke of Wellington, the ed was honourary vice-president of the ithes. 2 British Royal Agricultural Socieparting ty, who welcomed Jordan's participation in the fair and described ere align it as distinguished, compared to suspect, other countries participating in 000 ex the annual event.

Prince Hassan called for boosting cooperation between the British Royal Agricultural Society anons; and the concerned institutions in fordan, stressing that such events Hassan.

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AMMAN (J.T.) - His Royal help huild strong hridges nf friendship and cooperation amning the participants, whn represent the agricultural and the agricultural processing sectors

from many countries. Prince Hassan toured various parts of the Jordanian pavillion. He also met with members of the Jordanian delegation representing the public and private sectors in the fair and commended their efforts in hringing Jordan's first participation to a successful end.

He voiced hope that this participation will be the advent of preparing for a permanent agricultural fair in Inrdan.

The executive president of the Royal Society for Organised Agricultural Ownership hosted a luncheon in honour of Prince.

# HOME NEWS IN BRIEF

### EC delegation ends visit :

AMMAN (Petra) — Manuel Martin, vice president of the European Commission and commissioner for development cooperation, and the accompanying delegation Wednesday left Amman after a several-day visit to Jordan during which they were received by His Majesty King Hussein, Prime Minister Abdul means of enhancing relations between Jordan and the European Community (EC) in various fields of cooperation. The talks also cealt with developments in the Middle East peace process at the hilateral and multilateral levels and the role of the EC in pushing the process forward. Mr. Martin commended Jordan's democratisation process and the performance of Jordanian government departments in charge of allocating and distributing European assistance to Jordan since 1977. The EC has extended to Jordan \$250,000 in the form of soft loans and grants. The EC officials were seen off at the airport hy Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Talal Sataan Al Hassan and senior Jordanian and EC

# Industry chamber to study effects of increased taxes

AMMAN (J.T.) - President of the Amman Chamber of Industry Khaldoun Ahu Hassan Wednesday said the chamber was about to conduct studies on the repercussions of any expansion in the imposition of the consumers' tax and raising electricity rates. At a meeting of the chamber's board, Mr. Ahu Hassan urged industrialists to supply the chamber with documented information on the effects of any hikes in electricity rates or the introduction of new taxes nn their industries. He said the chamber will closely initor economic developments with the objective of ensuring a real growth of productive sectors of society, namely the industrial

# Cigarettes smugglers arrested

IRBID (Petra) - Customs nfficers in the Irbid region Wednesday. foiled a smuggling attempt and arrested the smugglers who are being referred to court for trial. The smugglers were trying to smuggle into the country 400 cartons of various types of foreign-made cigarettes.

# Hadid, Arafat, discuss cooperation

AMMAN (Petra) - Inrdan National Red Crescent Society (INRCS) President Mohammad Hadid Wednesday held talks with visiting director of the Palestinian Red Crescent Society Fathi Arafat and reviewed with him cooperatinn between the two societies. Dr. Hadid said later he informed Dr. Arafat that his office was willing to extend support to humanitarian projects implemented by the Palestinian society.

# WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly hulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions. **EXHIBITIONS** 

### A Exhibition of watercolours by Jordanian plastic artist Marwan Al Allan at the Jordanian Writers Association.

- ☆ Paintings by Salem Al Dabbagh, Himat Ali and Karim Rassan, at the Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation Gallery (18 a.m.-8)
- Art exhibition by 26 Jordanian artists at Eshbeelia Art Gallery, 6th Circle, Amra Shopping Centre.
- ★ Exhibition of paintings by plastic artist Abeer Al Khatib at Alia Art Gallery.
- \* Exhibition of oil paintings by Noelle Shawwa at the Royal Cultural Centre.

# LECTURE

A. Lecture on the 1993 excavations season at Tell Nimrin, Southern Shuneh, by Dr. James Flanagan of Case Western University and Dr. David McCreery of Willamette University at the Friends of Archaeology Centre at 7 p.m.

# open financial control seminar

AMMAN (Petra) — Prime Minister Abdul Salam Al Majali will Sunday open a seminar on financial and administrative control to be held at the Jordan Electricity Authority (JEA) in

Secretary generals of various government ministries and a group of prominent government officials will attend the seminar, which will tackle a variety of topics concerning management of government offices and the work

Several working papers will be reviewed at the three-day seminar, which is also expected to draw np new plans for the newly created Inspection and Control

Egyptian experiment in controlling financial and administrative work of government depart-

to discuss the Jordanian experiment in appraising the performance of public administration vork with a view to introducing steps aimed at improving per-

day presided over a cabinet meeting which decided that Jordan should take part in the World Health Organisation's (WHO) regional meeting to open in Alexandria in November. Health Minister Abdul Rahim Malhas will lead the Jordanian delegation to the meeting.
The Council of Ministers also

of the Audit Burean.

The meeting will discuss the

Participants are also expected

formance and achieving reforms. Meanwhile, Dr. Majali Tues-

decided to send a Jordanian technical team to the European Investment Bank to discuss prospects for assistance to the Kingdom to carry out water and waste water treatment schemes. The team will be visiting the bank's headquarters in Luxembourg between July 11 and 16, said a cabinet statement.

By Tareq Ayyoub

Special in the Jordan Times

IRBID - A liberal Islamic lead-

er Tuesday accused Islamie poli-

tical parties in Jordan of rigidity

and urged them to adopt a more

liberal and modern understand-

and we should use reason to

explain it to the world," Mr.

Yousif Abu Baker, leader of the

Islamic Arah Nationalist Move-

ment Party said, in a lecture

organised by the professionals

unions association in Irbid Tues-

Mr. Abu Baker said his party,

which was established in 1990,

believes that Islam should not be

hlindly followed and warned

against following the preaching of fundamentalists who misunder-

Islam is nnt a rigid religion

ing of Islam.

# **Queen Noor opens NHF** project in Iraq Al Amir

Her Majesty Queen Noor Wednesday distributes certificates to graduates from NHF weaving

AMMAN (J.T.) — Her Majesty Queen Noor Wednesday inangurated the Nnor Al Hussein Foundation's (NHF) new cloth weaving project in Iraq Al Amir, 19 km. to the southwest of Amman, and attended the graduation of its first batch of female

project in Iraq Al Amir (Petra photo)

The project, launched hy NHF's Jordan Design and Trade Centre in Fehruary 1993, is a pioneering project for the commercial production of hand-woven cloth in Jordan on a cottage-industry basis.

Queen Noor also visited the project's centre and was briefed by its supervisor on its progress. Later, she toured the old village of Iraq Al Amir en ronte to Wadi Seer where she visited Wadi Seer's Women Society. The Queen commended the society's contributions to the clothweaving project.

Situated in the Wadi Al Seer district, Iraq Al Amir was selected for the project mainly due to its deteriorating socio-economic conditions. With a populatinn of 2,500, mostly working in subsistence agriculture, the village faces a high rate of unemneighbouring villages. The pro- headquarters. Twelve trainees villages.

His remarks drew accusation of

atheism from some members at

Mr. Abu Baker said even

though there are common princi-

ples between his party and other

Islamie groups, his party's stand on Arah nationalism and support of the Middle East peace process

Other Islamie groups in Jordan

oppose the Arab-Israeli peace

talks and have "a vague stand on Arah nationalism," Mr. Ahu

Baker said. He said Islam and

Arah nanonalism are the "twn

Adding that Islam has given a

new dimension to the history of

the Arabs. "Islam," he added, "is

the motivation for Arabs to work

hard and raise themselves from

Mr. Abu Baker, said Islam had

stressed the importance of demo-

caused rift between them.

faces of the same coin."

the ashes.

Islamic leader urges liberal understanding

munity's standard of living by increasing their income, revitalising the village's touristic value in light of its significance as an archeological site and introducing other handicrafts to the area such as ceramics, glass works and rug-

With a Chinese government donation of ten looms, raw materials and the services of a weaving expert, NHF's cloth-weaving project seeks to produce hand-woven and hand-dyed cloth (cotton, poly-cotton and linen) similar to that which was historically produced in the region, thus preserving an important aspect of Inrdan's cultural heritage. It is boped that the cinth materials produced by the centre will be used to produce home furnishings such as upholstry, curtains and embroideries which will eventually lessen Jordan's dependence on imported textiles.

Wednesday's graduation marks the culmination of a two-phased training programme. The first phase started hy training 10 young women, of whom two were old village site.

selected as supervisors. The In the long-run, NHF hopes to second phase included the renovation of twn village houses to

cracy. "Multi party system, the role of people, equality between

all citizens, justice and the right

of the people to question their

rulers are the main components

of Islamie democracy," he said.

Baker, does not contradict the

Western style of democracy but

with the prevailing judiciary, ex-

party believes in creating a "peo-ple's parliament" which would

have the right to oversee the

work of the house of representa-

Claiming that Islam's economic

principles pravide the cure for

recession and unemployment,

Mr. Ahu Baker said Islam

guarantees private ownership nf

the means of production, econo-

mie liberty, just distribution of

Mr. Abu Baker said that along.

complements it with Shura.

Islam, according to Mr. Ahu

are currently working for the project, seven of whom received their certificates from Queen Noor at Wednesday's cermony. Five other workers are undergoing training.

Queen Noor was accompanied by Minister of Social Development Mohammad Sqour, Am-man, governor Mohammad Al Bashir member of the Upper House of Parliament Liela Sharaf and the NHF president fram A Muffi. Like other development pro-

jects implemented by NHF, the Iraq Al Amir cloth weaving centre is based on an integrated development approach aiming at enhancing the overall quality of life in the village. In this regard, the NHF Quality of Life Project provided sprayers to curb insect infestation in the area. It is also planning other projects to improve the socio-economic and health conditions in the village. A scheme to renovate old houses already underway with the aim of attracting villagers back into the

expand the project and develop it into a cottage industry in Iraq Al plnyment and emigration to serve as the weaving centre's Amir itself and in the nearby

He urged economic unity

among the countries of Fertile

Crescent - Jordan, Syria, Liha-

non, Iraq and Palestine - and

technological cooperation with

the Asian countries, and the col-

lection of Zaqat and alms as

major steps to improve reginns

economic situation. He added

that "poverty was the natural

outcome of the misuse and mal-

distribution of wealth amnng peo-

includes Christians among its members, said Islam and christ-

ianity share important elements

that make them very close. He

urged Muslims to believe in the

parcel of our society and have the

same historical and coltural

"Arab Christians are part and

Christian roots of Islam.

identity," he said.

Mr. Ahu Baker, whose party

# New Arabic-language daily licensed

AMMAN — A new Arabie language political daily has been icensed by the government and the new publication is expected to hit the newsstands in early

The daily, which will be the fourth Arabie language daily in Jordan, will he titled "Al Mithaq," and will devote a good part of its coverage to business-Mustafa Ahu Libdeh, its chief

It wil join Al Ra'i, the largest circulation Arabie language daily in the Kingdom, Al Dustour and Sawt Al Shaab.

Mr. Ahu Libdeh, a veteran Jordanian journalist who worked with Kuwait's Al Siyasseh until 1986 when he was expelled along with a group of foreign journalists from the emirate, expressed conviction that there is enough room for "Al Mithaq" among Jordaman readers.

"We have conducted a feasibility study and it established that a good focus on husiness and economy could provide us with enough readership and advertis-ing," Mr. Abu Libdeh told the Jordan Times.

"Any paper which carries nothing but heavy political stuff and pany, which owns the license, has not enough coverage of economic decided to change the name to Al and business developments does Mithaq, he said. nd a chance in the mar ket," he asserted.

issues of concern to the readers," said.

said.

Initially, Al Mithaq, which will use Sawt Al Shaab printing facili-

By a Jordan Times Staff Re- Sawt Al Shaah and later was a contributor to Al Dustnur, has been running a business weekly, Al Aswaq, since March 1992.

Al Aswaq was devnted to covering issues of immediate interest to the consumer - food, clothing, cosmetics etc. — as well as hanking, insurance, transport, travel, the stock market, industry

The Al Aswaq license, issued under the 1973 Press and Publications Law which was replaced by a new legislation in May this year. classified the weekly as a husiness and trade weekly and limited its coverage to strictly business and

No political coverage was allowed for Al Aswaq, which used to come nnt with 16 full pages supplemented by 16 tahlnid size sheets devoted to specific issues and areas every week.

"We closely observed the market and readership with Al Aswaq and now we believe that Al Aswaq managed to reach its intended target andience - the husiness community and decision-makers," said Mr. Abu Libdeh.

Technically, the license, which was approved by the Council of Ministers Tuesday, permits Al Aswaq to change itself to a daily, and Media Investments Com-

Media Investments Company. a JD 1 million capital/ private "Al Mithaq will have a ba- limited firm owned by 22 indilanced combination of political, viduals, will be applying for a new economic, social, cultural and license for Al Aswaq to continue sports coverage along with other as a weekly, Mr. Abu Libdeh

any political group," he added.
Mr. Abu Libdeh, 50, who served as managing editor of Mr. Abu Libdeh said.

# Minister blames 'insufficient' health services on administrative procedures

AMMAN (Petra) — Health tages of medicines. Minister Abdul Rahim Malhas Some officials a led "primitive and traditional systribution of drugs as the main tial medical equipment. cause for insufficient health services at public hospitals and the government hospitals and, health centres are not the nnly

force and the Health Ministry's the society at large shares part of warhouses are in disarray," said the hlame as well, he said. the minister in reply to a question about recurring public complaints about alleged inefficient public sector health and medical services." The agency quoted numerous

and repeated complaints by members of the public claiming that, more often than not, people do not get the required and prescribed medicine from the government's drug stores. Some patients had complained that the

give specific answers about shor- all members of society.

Some officials attributed the Wednesday hlamed what be cal-shortages to the insufficient number of specialists and the constant tems" in the purchase and dis- shortage of medicine and essen-

The Health Minister said that "The present systems which party to be hlamed for the situawere invented in 1920 are still in tion. The patients themselves and "It is natural that with some

shortages at the health centres, the health workers cannot cope, especially if their offices are continually flooded with patients, nn matter how hard they try" said But, be said, some patients

seek to get more drugs than they really need and they distribute some of them to their relatives. "Doctors are also contributing

government — emplayed special- to this problem because physiists had failed to give the correct clans are part of this society diagnosis, prompting the patients which still suffers from cultural to resort to private sector hospit- problems," added Dr. Malhas. The minister said that the

Health officials at Health cen- Health Ministry was preparing a tres refused to cooperate or to national health scheme covering

# What God has joined together Man cannot asunder WEDDING

### Bernhard Heckener Raida Soliman Dahaprah Will wed at the Roman Catholic Church in Al Hai

Al Shamali in Zarga at 6:30 p,m., on Friday, July 9, 1993. The parents of the bride and. bridegroom invite members of their families. relatives and friends to attend the wedding. Congratulations will directly follow the ceremony in the church's yard.

# Community college students demand access to universities

tion representing community colleges in Inrdan Wednesday demanded that college graduates be allowed to pursue their higher established, should be dedicated studies in Jordanian universities.

The delegation, which made the demand to Ministry of Education and Higher Education Khaled Omari, also demanded that community colleges he allowed to form an association to coordinate cultural and educational matters among the colleges on the one hand and between

AMMAN (Petra) - A delega- them and the Ministry of Higher Education on the other.

Welcoming the idea, the minister said such an association, if solely to promote the educational and cultural objectives in Jordan. In discussing the work of com-

munity colleges, the minister said that most of them are concentrated in Amman and other big cities, thus contradicting the educational philosophy of Jordan which aims at spreading higher education in all areas of the coun-

The ministry of Higher Education is going ahead with studies to create community colleges specialising in education and awarding bachelor degrees to their graduates, said Dr. Omari. He said, these colleges would be set up in the north, central and southern regions and would in-

volve the private as well as the public sectors. These plans will be subject for approval by the Higher Council of Education which will also discuss the question of allowing community college graduates to nefit to the community.

pursne their higher studies at Jordanian universities, added the minister.

At the meeting, Dr. Omari announced the formation of a special committee comprising four deans of public community colleges and two deans of private collages to conduct an evaluation of the work of the existing community colleges. The committee, he said, would study each college's perfomance and report on whether its curricula was of be-

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# G-7's ambitions

THE AGENDA of the Group of Seven industrial nations currently meeting in Tokyo is heavily laden with political issues. Traditionally this assembly of the mighty states was occupied with economic subjects with a view to subtly deploy their collective economic power to exert pressure or influence on international issues, be they political, economic or otherwise. Nowadays, the intentions of these powers in regard to political conflicts are no longer coached in economic terms. The Tokyo summit, therefore, has several key political issues on the agenda, ranging from Iran and Iraq to Bosnia, Russia, Ukraine and international terrorism. This evolution in the scope and purview of the Group of Seven summit suggests that the strong nations of the world seek to dominate the poorer nations not only in economic matters but also politically and as far as security issues are concerned.

The developing nations of the international community are already sensing the hardships in dealing with the United Nations Security Council which is run and operated by four of the G-7 nations. There are increasing calls from all corners of the world for the Security Council to be more democratically constituted in order to represent the comity of nations in a more equitable manner. The same reasons that are leading the poorer nations of the world to rise in arms against the hegemony of the five permanent members of the Security Council would no doubt jolt them into action against the G-7 nations.

The issues of the richest nations of the world, be they economic or political, cannot be addressed properly and especially fairly in isolation from the majority nations of the world. The projected reaction from the double standards that often characterise the perspective of the nations of the North vis-a-vis the nations of the South. Whether the non-aligned nations would indeed regroup in an effective way to counter the increasing clout of the industrial nations is still open to conjuncture. The non-aligned nations have lost stature and relevance in recent times in view of the collapse of the communist order and the domination of the Western countries over all other groupings of states. The Organisation of Islamic Conference (OIC) is also losing ground in the international arena due to a multiplicity of factors foremost among which is the soft and fragile linkage that exists between the member states of these countries. There is hardly a need to refer to the weakness of the Arab League which had never reached the zenith that was envisioned for it at the outset by the Arab peoples and governments. The end result is the compelling fact that G-7 nations have the field to themselves for the moment until some change will take place.

# **ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES**

THE CONTINUING meetings and consultations between the Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat and His Majesty King Hussein are hased on firm foundations and conducted in an atmosphere characterised by frankness and seriousness, said Al Dustour Arabic daily Wednesday. In their latest discussions Tuesday, the two leaders reaffirmed the principles that govern the Palestinian-Jordanian relationship and ensure coordination between the two leaderships in matters of destiny, said Al Dustour. The meeting coincided with a series of political developments and important events in the Arab World as the Arabs continue to struggle in defence of the Palestinian cause, added the paper. Needless to say thar the failed 10th round of Arab-Israeli talks figured high on the agenda of the two leaders who later described their talks as very positive, commued the daily. King Hussein, who described the talks with Mr. Arafat as fruitful, was careful to note that the two sides were keen on maintaining the strongest ties of cooperation, at the highest levels, said the daily. We follow with deep satisfaction the position and constructive development of relations between the two sides and we view with a great degree of confidence and bope the future relationship, said the daily. It said that the continued meetings between the two leaders are bound to pave the ground for a pan-Arah collective action, capable of serving the Palestinian cause.

A COLUMNIST in Sawt Al Shaab daily said that certain merchants are monopolising cement once again, creating a crisis in the local market. These merchants are not only satisfied by selling the cement at exorbitant prices, they also conceal the cement to sell to their friends and the highest bidders, said Salameh Ekonr. The writer said that the Ministry of Supply has teams that are entrusted with the task of inspecting and ensuring that the merchants abide hy regulations concerning prices and the quality of products on sale. He said that the Ministry of Supply ought to send out inspection teams to see to it that the cement merchants sell this essential product at official prices and that the cement is available all the time for the public. If cement is not sufficient for the public demand, the ministry ought to open the door for imports so that the crisis in the local market can end once and for all, demanded the writer. He said that by allowing imported cement into the market, the ministry would put an end to manipulation and deter the merchants from pursuing their monopolising policy.

# Responsibility is the condition for freedom's political survival

The following excerpts from German President Ri chard von Weizsäeker's speech on the 50th anniversary of the Scholls (student leaders) and the "White Rose" (student resistance organisation) are reprinted from the Bonn-based magazine Kultur-

"Rend the cloak of indifference you bave wrapped around your hearts. Decide before it is too late." Half a century has passed since the White Rose disseminated this appeal in their last-butone leaflet, just before imprisonment and death. Yet every age, and particularly oors, recognises m its own way that these words are addressed to it. We sense from within an ever-renewed response to the sign given by the White Rose.

"If freedom only serves private well-being, if it is merely active in a market of goods and media that favours striving for advantage within inadequate moral and social circumstances, if freedom remains tolerance without participation and is indifferent to other people's fate, in short, if freedom does not lead to solidarity, then it will not be viable over the longer term."

This Munich circle of friends thought, spoke, and acted out of the profundity of human experience. Its members did not themselves want to bring about a political putsch, but they were determined to stand by their insights and convictions. They faced up to the evil they saw and recognised. When danger directly threatened, they fulfilled their way with exemplary courage -

and without seeking flight. After the war it was extremely difficult for each new generation ceivable crimes of National Socialism could have come about. Had upbringing or tradition resulted in ohvious injustice being tolerated, supported, desired by many, and implemented by more than just a few? How could you elders — they asked — look on as the Jewish neighbour was stigmatised and dragged off down the street? How could you?

found more of an answer to their certain spirit. questions about National Socialism in the attitudes and activities of the White Rose than in the dogged silence of disturbed parents and educators.

Any remembrance is an action within our own present day. It determines our viewpoint, our questions, and our search for orientation. Our challenges today also allow ever-renewed understanding and interpretation of the

We are aware in that process of the impossibility of comparing today's conditions with those of fifty years ago. At that time speaking freely involved risking your life. We must beware of any thoughtless parallels specially when talking of resistance.

However, any life and any age involve the danger of apathetic, convenient conformism. Young people always seek anew for orientating values, truth, and the meaning and object of personal responsibility. That is why I am especially moved to read about flecting on the White Rose. That

is the decisive issue — for me too. The White Rose student resistance group is not just a matter for experts in contemporary history. It concerns everyone — and not just the young hut most certainly older people. "Survival in de-fiance of all acts of oppression", wrote Hans Scholl on his cell wall before facing the executioner. How did he and his circle have such an affirmatory attitude towards life, so sure of themselves? How did they gain the conviction that they were not obliged to be loyal to the unjust National Socialist regime? From what sources came the profound inner assurance that it is faint-hearted to tolerate evil policies? Sophie Scholl wrote in a letter: "We were simply brought up political-ly," hut that did oot entail an nphringing for resistance hut rather an education in intellectual freedom, autonomous judge-ment, and the will to decide for

oneself - if necessary also to the

point of resistance.

Thought and action were one for that closely-linked group of Munich studeots, and they experienced what they did as being a first step, "After all, someone must make a start" — Sophie Scholl told the so-called People's Court when asked what had moved her to act. That is the challenge with which she countered the danger that people become inured to all suffering and injustice, thereby succumbing to the constantly renewed temptation of conformism. In her diary and in a letter we find a sentence by Jacques Maritain, the French philosopher, which can be viewed as a maxim for the stand taken by

the White Rose group.
"Il fant avoir l'esprit dur et le cour doux" — an unyielding spirit and a feeling heart. Those words are valid at all times and for all generations. Already with the Psalmist we find the request

Later younger generations for a pure heart and a new and dened to the point of brutalisa-

The Munich students' expectation that many would think like them and follow their appeal was not fulfilled. Their fate was thought a failure. Time and again the question bas arisen whether the White Rose really was a beginning which also affects us today. Could it become the starting-point for a political tradition? Did it not in reality merely give expression to the religiouslyfounded idealism of a naive German educated bourgeoisie? No matter how indelibly their moral deed may have marked and history, it is maintained that they lacked the power to establish the necessary relationship between their moral integrity and political rationality.

"Our democracy today gives the impression of reversed priorities. The right of intervention in private life is withheld from the state. Its task is to promote the citizen's well being. This citizen decreasingly comprehends himself as an upholder of politics but certainly accepts being its. consumer."

The doubters do not therefore see any new political beginning but rather a continuation of that unpolitical attitude of the German bourgeoisie which in 1848 succumbed with its ideals to naked power and sinced then bas not produced any other effective political impulse. The hourgeoisie thereby deepened the gulf between intellect and power characteristic of our country. Politics is then viewed as being dirty and immoral. White Rose resistance, against evil isclaimed to be only an appeal for a change of beart, founded on love, but in reality signifying a withdrawal from politics and history.

The Munich students were in fact not a political cadre. They not want to implen specific political programme. However, they were filled with the necessity of speaking out on behalf of moral politics and civilisation, which are at all times endangered and without which no concrete political proposal can

National Socialism operated maxim: intellects were to be certainly accepts being its conforced into line and hearts har-

tion. The White Rose was not concerned with opinions about a cleverer way or a better plan, but rather with fundamental values in the co-existence of human beings granted intellect and spirit.

Their resistance was a counterexistence through arguing against evil. What is unpolitical about

There are also impressive ex-

amples of that attitude outside the educated bourgeoisie. 1 think of Quangel, the Berlin worker Hans Fallada describes i., his book "Jeder stirht für sich attein". ("Everynne Dies Alone"), hased on Gestapo records. Quangel saw the regime's brutality and dishonesty with mounting clarity. For two years he and his wife wrote postcards which they laid in front of neighbour's doors near and far, denouncing that pernicious ideology. When be was finally tracked down and arrested by the Gestapo, he grew under interrogation into a fulfilled and strong selfhood since his unshakeable tranquillity and certainty of being put pressure on his persecutors, making them increasingly uncertain, until be was

It is the character involved that makes these signs so impressive for us. Is that of no political significance? Is it really just of moral or psychological interest for us, but without political im-

plications? More important than the question of what political opinions a person has, what party he votes for, and what he thinks about the issues currently being pohliely disputed are the convictions underlying the way he lives and acts. These convictions are as much rooted in his essence as in his knowledge. What a person is the decisive factor, not just what be has in his head. What should be called into question here is not the so-ealled edneated bourgeoisie hut rather political education which supplies us with experts and knowledge, and teaches us to apply the constitution and employ legal means,

about human attitudes. The Munich students' resistance as counter-existence was an expression of this attitude in their time. That task presents itself in every historical epoch. It is always concerned with the fundamental conditions of coexistence in state and society without which the idea of politics meaningless.

without asking, first and last

Among the Greeks the private person was accorded a right of supposed to be able to contribute something towards the community. Our democracy today gives the impression of reversed priorities. The right of intervention in private life is withheld from the state. It task is to promote the citizen's well-being. This citizen decreasingly comprehends himwith the reverse of Maritain's self as an upholder of politics but

sumer. He organises his interests

Holding a South African

and makes them known. He controls their satisfaction, behaving as if at a normal market. He buys with his vote - or does not huy. It is his private interests that he politicises. He needs the state for his personal objectives - but only for that. A relationship to the state as community which goes beyond that, even a moral

relationship, becomes stunted. We are happy that totalitarian-ism has largely been conquered within Europe. The citizen is protected from the despotism against which the Scholls and their friends revolted. Democracy preserves us from encroachments. It protects us against being misused, exploited, and subjected to surveillance by the state. That is freedom.

However, freedom involves responsibility. That is not a restricnon of freedom but the precondinon for freedom not being put at risk once again. Readiness and capacity for responsibility are the condition for freedom's political survival.

"Anyone who has reason to be annoyed about the behaviour of persons, parties, and organisations should get involved in politics rather than turning away from it."

If, however, freedom only serves private well-being, if it is merely active in a market of goods and media that favours striving for advantage within in-adequate moral and social circumstances, if freedom remains tolerance without participation and is indifferent to other people's fates, in short, if freedom does not lead to solidarity, then it will not be viable over the longer

Today it is oot a question of speaking out against evil. At issue is the weakness that drives us apart and against one another instead of holding us together. It is of decisive political importance to know, to want, and to help support what links us together in our liberal democracy. A free democracy only continues functioning if it is also a community rather than a mere sum of private beings, and if we stick together through and in that community. That cannot succeed without soli-

Without solidarity democracy loses the capacity for solution of problems. It reduces politics to power, which is ultimately always at the expense of freedom.

not viewing politics as the power a reminder. Each generation of rulers. The object of politics in a democratic state is the civilisation. We can only preserve appropriate ordering and regula- that civilisation with an unyield tion of human co-existence. For that, political leadership is of

course also necessary in a democracy, a leadership to which the people give instructions and power for a limited period. To be sure, there thus unfolds an attraction of power for power's sake Struggles for such power reveal the entire range of human charas. teristics. That is often repulsive.
The question is what congressed ences are to be drawn from the In 1992 'weariness with politics' was declared to be the word

of the year. In fact this is a

non-word originating its old misunderstandings and current weaknesses. It tears apart what belongs together: some make pobitics, others react with aversion. It views politics as the monopoly of selected actors, of professional politicians and parties. And non-professionals, citizens, lay claim to this weariness so as to withdraw into resignation and a private existence. Veariness with what? Anyone who bas reason to be annoyed about the behaviour of persons. parties, and organisations should get involved in politics rather than turning away from it. In the criticism of the political class, Jens Reich, one of the active champions of the changeover in the former East Germany, speaks

what is at issue in a democracy. Everyone is responsible for what he does and shares responsibility for what he allows to hap-pen. The truly political element involves a duty to oneself. In the darkest moment of our history this century the members of the White Rose made that manifest Every generation faces up, m a. new and different way, to the task of not looking away when injust tice occurs, not avoiding conflicts, not becoming indifferent and not avoiding surmousing passivity and fatalism, fear of risk-taking and conformism, even if this is not a matter of life and death.

of weariness with himself. That is

At last this century's totalitarian systems have largely been overcome at the cost of unspeakable suffering. However, the triumph of freedom is not enough. Everyone is faced with the question of how to make use of that freedom. The search for justice with which classical philosophers began is not yet over, either at home or across the world. The inhabitability of the earth is at risk. Human dignity is time and again endangered. Those are our epoch's central pobtical themes under the sign of

the limits to growth.

Rose too-violently sacrificed their lives on behalf of everyone's fundamental affirmed and fulfilled those lives What was political about them was their ethos. Their resistance was not a failure but post Democracy ultimately entails and action are a sign of hope and courage decides anew over ou ing spirit and a loving heart - it

in black areas. Already, seven

The members of the White

# **Gulf Arabs move** towards better ties with opponents

By Youssef Azmeh Reuter

DUBAI — Wealthy Gulf states are moving unevenly towards re-newing ties with Arab countries they blacklisted for opposing the Gulf war alliance against Iraq. The foreign ministers of two of

those countries, Yemen and Sudan, were visiting Bahrain and Qatar respectively on Monday. Diplomats said the ministers' trips were the latest sign that Gulf doors were opening once more to "wayward brothers" — a category that also includes Jordanians

and Palestinians. Among the six members of the Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) it is not surprisingly Kuwait, which was occupied by Iraqi invasion troops for seven months in 1990-91, which has shown the greatest reluctance to forgive. Jordanians and Palestinians had large communities in pre-

invasion Kuwait. Some actively supported Iraq during the occupation and according to one Arah diplomat "the wounds run deep ... Reconciliation will take a long time."

Iraqis remain persona non grata in most of the Gulf although Qatar, a maverick among Gulf' states that likes to pursue an independent policy, has been flirting with Baghdad for some

time, Gulf diplomats said. Qatar, which alone with Oman among GCC states did not hreak formal ties with Iraq in 1990, is reported to be planning to send a soccer team to Baghdad.

And the Iraqi amhassador in Doha has been received in audience several times by the emir of Qatar, Sheikh Khalifa Bin Hamad Al Thani, and bis son and crown prince, Sheikh

The GCC countries - Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Kuwait, Oman, Qatar and the United Arab Emirates - have since the Gulf war barred virtually all Palestimans and citizens of the "wayward" states except for a few long-time

Conditions have eased in most Gulf states in the past few months, however. Even the occasional well-con-

nected Iraqi is being allowed to visit, diplomats said. The relaxation has come partly

as a result of pressure by Arab leaders such as Morocco's King Hassan, who has been working for months to end a rift that virtually paralyses the Arah League and other pan-Arab institutions.
Jordan, Yemen and the Pales-

tine Liberation Organisation (PLO) all used to benefit hugely from Gulf largess.

They have been trying since last year to distance themselves from Iraqi President Saddam

The Yemeni approach has met some success because of the country's strategic importance at the southern entrance of the Red Sea and because of its position on Saudi Arahia's sensitive southern border, the diplomats said.

The PLO is starting to get some recognition because Gulf states want to encourage Palestinian participation in U.S.-sponsored peace talks with Israel, they said. The visit by the Sudanese minister to Qatar was a surprise

tense with the Islamic fundamentalist rulers of Khartoum, partly because of their links with non-Arab Iran, seen as a threat by other GCC states. 'But Qatar is not typical," one

diplomat said.

because Gulf ties remain general-

# By Greg Myre The Associated Press

JOHANNESBURG, South Africa - Gail Day begins her seminars on democracy with a few questions. The answers often disappoint, but no longer surprise

"Can the majority shut down a newspaper published by a minority group?" she asked a group of hlack factory workers. "Yes." they said in unison.

'Can the majority cut off the ears of people in the minority?" she queried. "Yes," they replied. "Should the majority be permitted to kill members of the minority?" she tried. "No" answered one man. "That would be intimidation."

South African political parties have agreed to hold the country's first all-race election on April 27. But for many of Sonth Africa's 30 million blacks, who have been denied political rights enjoyed only by the white minority, democracy remains a hazy con-

Preparing for the election will be a daunting task. After decades of neglect by a government that favours whites in the allocation of funds and resources, millions of blacks are illiterate. The country has no history of

political tolerance. Blacks, accustomed to oppression, remain suspicious of whites. Faction fighting between rival black groups has killed more than 10,000 people the past three

Political parties and some nonpartisan groups, like Ms. Day's groundswell organisation, have started teaching democracy. They are making progress, though hic-

cups are common. The Maila Trust, a black development group, ran into problems when it created a lightwhich it performs for hlack students and workers around Johan-

The actors told the audience they must go to the "polling station" — an unfamiliar term that sounded like "police station" - words that inspire dread in many blacks.

The play was revised to substi-tute the phrase "voting booth." Elderly hlacks, who have endured a lifetime of racism and discrimination, sometimes say they are too intimidated to vote, said Gill de Vlieg of the Black Sash, a liberal group run by white women to assist blacks.

Elderly blacks fear the wrath of rival black factions in their neighbourhoods. They also worry the white minority government will cut off their pensions if they demand to vote, Ms. de Vlieg

Some women the Black Sash works with have never held a pencil in their lives, and rhe group teaches women how to mark an "X" on a ballot paper. "Voting is still a very mysterious thing. It takes people a while to get over their fears," Ms. de Vlieg said.

The African National Congress, the leading black group and the overwhelming election favourite, teaches voting at its rallies and tells its supporters they must be tolerant of rivals.

At a recent event that packed a 30,000-seat soccer stadium, ANC officials passed out mock hallots. told supporters to fill them in and place them in cardboard boxes on the way out.

But as ANC officials were making their way through the stands, the crowd was chanting, 'Kill the boer, kill the farmer." reference to white settlers who over the centuries pushed blacks off their land. ANC leaders have

election will be daunting task officially denounced the slogan to shouldn't be allowed to campaig no avail.

ANC have said white parties townships have been brown

# Don't alter 'just solution'

Some groups allied with the rallies hy white groups in his

Following is an editorial that appeared in The Christian Science Monitor of July 7, 1993

THE 10TH round of the Middle East peace talks ended June 30 with both the Israeli and Arab sides in a deadlock. It has been 20 months since the talks, sponsored by the United States and Russia, began — and they are mired in pessimism and anger. The U.S. may be the only player still capable of rescuing the peace process. But its role and the angle it will take under the Clinton administration are still unclear. Last week, the State Department put forward a new peace plan officials said is designed to keep the process between the Israelis and the Palestinians moving: this week Dennis Ross, the head of the U.S. team, is going to the

The plan is the first, advocacy position the U.S. has taken since the talks hegan in 1991. Importantly, it is the first real hint of where the Clinton White House stands. The Bush administration where the Clinton white riouse stands. The bush administration cultivated at least a perception that the U.S. would be an honest a broker, forceful disapproval expressed by the then-Secretary State James Baker III of Israeli settlements on the West Bank

The Clinton administration seems to be changing the rules. The new U.S. Plan does offer needed continuity with previous positions. This is worrisome. The confidence and trust of all parties requires a fair process. The Monitor reports that the new U.S. plan changes the terms of reference that the original peace process is hased on. Rather than using the U.S. "letter of surance" to the Palestinians, which hrought the Arabs to the assurance" to the Falestinians, which prought the Arabs to the table in 1991, the new U.S. plan instead involves a "letter of invitation" it sent the parties. Under new terms of reference, the crucial spirit of U.N. Security Conneil resolutions 242 and 338. which state that territory acquired by force must be relinquished ("land for peace") could be reinterpreted so that whatever is decided by the process fulfills the U.N. resolutions. This pressures the weak party and opens the door for expediency and might rather than law, to dictate a solution.

The Palestinians are understandably dismayed by the plan. Ine raiesumans are uncerstandamy dismayed by the parties and at first expressed anger, but tellingly now supports it.

The Middle East peace process was a significant achievement of U.S. foreign policy in recent years, mainly for its spirit of fairness. It will be sad if the White House begins to signal that the weaker party must bend. A resolution of the Palestinian problem, is central to an overall Arab-Israeli peace resolution. This takes a contract of international law the true contract of 242 and occur according to international law, the true spirit of 242 and 338, and hy hailding on the progress made by U.S. policy.



# Weekender

# Artist seeks to discover secret of human nature

Jordan Times Staff Reporter

"AMMAN - The tall, slim, dark man with white wisps of hair enters the room and smiles. The high ceiling does not manage to dwarf him. His thin frame dominates, estab lishes him as the master of the place and of the things in there.

· And beautiful things they are too. For the man is Tawfiq Al Sayed, painter, sculptor, architect, interior and clothes designer, professor of anatomy, painting and pers-. pective, with an inborn curiosity to discover the secrets of human nature, its -creation, evolution and function.

Endowed with talent, the declared humanist has shown skill at the age of six, from which time a few paintings have been saved and now are part of the artist's collection. One of them captures the naivete of the child who believed that the nine-fingered teacher who used to beat him

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up would be taken away hy, who else but police, and the crayon drawing is a document that makes you smile with understanding and amuse-

Mr. Sayed's studio in Jabal Jofa, where his works are on display since June 26, could be taken for the laboratory of an alchemist, the library of an erudite professor, the drawing room of a draftsman, the studio of a painter - complete with brushes and palettes - or one of a sculptor, and the gallery of an avid collector.

Space is not very generous and at times you have to strain the neck to be able to have a good look at the paintings high on the wall. But it is worth the effort as the more you look the more you discover things and becomeamazed by the ingenuity and imagination of the artist.

A fastidious person, (his works are catalogued, each has a personal card with paintings data regarding size, period, owner, medium used

Mr. Sayed is as meticulous when it comes to accumulating knowledge that could help better understand human nature.

Anatomical drawings of legs and skulls bring to mind Michelangelo's sketches; human bodies and animals caught in various postures denote an obsession with the. desire for perfection.

and is documented on slides)

But not all paintings are as minutiously detailed. Original compositions seem at first look abstract. They only reveal themselves after long concentration and you find out with amazement that a human figure is distinguisbable in the maze of bold colour strokes. It is the case of "my Christ", as the artist proudly calls it, a genial composition which represents a crucified Jesus, hands and legs nailed and head crushed under the burden of strong, crossed, brownish oil stripes, symbol of life's heaviness under which most of us crumble.

The geniality of the artist emanates from his very first creations, when the six or seven-year-old child could barely write his name on the already philosophical draw-

those seen in the cemetery on his way to school, where he would sit and try to find the "secret" of life and human. being), to his paintings, sculptures, caricatures, weldings, works with coloured. glass (similar to the highly decorative stained glass), emblems for different public institutions and sketches for public monuments.

The artist, in his rich creative life, is sure to have left his mark, to have carved himself a special place in the artistic arena not only of Jordan but of the world at large.

Chiselling his innate talent in Spain and Italy, Mr. Sayed has travelled world-wide, exhibiting his works in Sweden, China, Austria, to mention only a few places on the huge globe of which "maybe seven countries I still have to see to have seen it all."

The medium he uses is as varied as his works: "pure oil", acrylic, water colour, gouache, China ink, pastel, canvas, paper, carton, wood, fiber glass, clay, gypsum, lead, silk and metal are used for the artist to display bis talent at painting, etching, linotype, aquatint, sculpting and casting his sculptures.

A true humanist, Mr.



China ink on rice paper by the artist



The bust of Abdul Qassem Al Zahrawi'

languages, has his own theories regarding the creation and evolution of the human being, believes in the necessity of studying human nature from a multitude of perspectives and disciplines (anthropology, history, pbilosophy) and has firm beliefs regarding art, the artist and his creed,

"I paint at times with my own fingers, with the twig of a tree, in the middle of nature. It is not the material that counts, it is the culture, the philosophy, the belief. the feelings" of an artist, he says. "An artist is a flag, anambassador; he is more than a politician, be represents bis people and the truth, as he feels and knows it," says Mr.

Sayed in a confession of faith. His astounding landscapes of Amman, where the colour purple is predominant and gives a freshness difficult to ohtain with such a rigid tint, dust, the air and take you in July 15.

with the warmth of the atmosphere.'

Barely sketched figures develop into three-dimensional representations or exquisitely detailed bronze fiber glass husts, like the ones of bis teenage (at the time) son or that of Abdul Qassem Al Zahrawi, "the first Arab doctor who performed a kidney operation and teacher of Ibn Sina."

All works are done hy the artist bimself, including modelling in clay, creating the mould and casting, welding and experimenting with chemicals for obtaining pigments.

Full of energy, the master still bas time to teach future artists, who learn the secrets of the profession in his workshop, and do research.

Ignoring the little inconvenience of having to climb the steep Jahal Jofa, his studio must be visited. It is going are meant "to remove the . to be open to the public until

place according to the stipulations of the law, the con-

the department was very small.

barat," there is a nice story. We had rejected a commentary of our colleague Basil Tallouzi on the Jordanian position towards the executions in Kuwait because of its biting tone. While discussing the commentary, the conversation took a turn wherehy a question was put by one of us on whether walking past the Mukhaharat building still invokes the sense of fear and rejection it used to invoke before. Most of those in the room said that they bad overcome that feeling except for our colleague Basil who said be wanted to go there and doublecheck his feeling. So he went there and for the first time be noticed the flowers planted around the wall. So be came back to us the next day with bis commentary which does not carry a single jota of harm towards national security or the security apparatus. It does, however, fall in line with the sarcastic and biting tone of our columnist Basil who at times takes the mick;

We do not ask for a higher sportsmanship and better acceptance of the sarcastic tone which may have overstepped the air of reverence and gloominess that surrounds some of the departments. It might still be a bit early but we take this opportunity to discuss that article in the Press and Publications Law that bans the publication of what "touches" the security apparatus. This article is a real predicament in which the deputies and the government bave placed us. What does "touch" mean? Is it a ban on publishing anything on security whether it is positive or negative? And if praise is what is allowed then are we supposed to keep mum over all mistakes whether small or large? Doesn't that constitute putting these apparatus above accountability and leaving it free of all responsibil-

If the article means not touching the security of army, Public Security and Intelligence Department etc., because they are agencies which deal with national security and we cannot publish what is harmful to national security, then that is acceptable and we are sure that the courts will not find a problem in applying this law. And in this case and according to this explanation we do not find that we at this newspaper have done anything that contravenes the law. We see that all this anger over our colleague Basil's commentary goes back to a predominant psychological state which attaches itself to the Mukhabarat and which we

On this occasion we have to say that the Mukhabarat apparatus development to accommodate the new period of democracy. And the first prerequisite to reform is to create a separation between opposers whether from inside or outside. That is why they have separation is created between the two task because they are of a security and serving the policies of the nation concern the external security apparatus, while the internal security apparatus oversees

are all concerned about the security of our country and we should be able to propose and discuss ideas which could contribute to the development of our security agencies so that it would serve the interests of our nation and its democratic system in the manner on

# Brazil saying no to violence against women

By Tova Chapoval

in: E One of the oil paintings by Tawfig Al Sayed

Reuter RIO DE JANEIRO. Brazil -- When Brazilian soap opera actor Guilherme De Padua confessed to brutally murdering his beautiful costar Daniela Perez last December, he defended himself by saying she had tried to " seduce bim.

De Padua, who told police De Padua, who told police riage, expected sympathy. But what he got was a nation-

· al outery. Experts say the indignation provoked by De Padua's attitude demonstrated a shift in attitude towards violence committed against women as well as the leniency often granted to male perpetrators.

of these crimes. Many in Brazilian society have long accepted "legitimate defence of honour" as

an excuse for a man to injure or even kill an adulterous

"This philosophy is changing a great deal. But there are still judges who think a man. can kill because his honour was offended," said Edialeda Salgado de Nascimento, vice president of the Rio government's state council for the rights of women.

We are trying to speak with these judges in various parts of Brazil...to make them see and understand there is no honour that can be cleaned with another's blood."

Violence in Brazil extends from the forced prostitution of young girls in the Amazon. to the homes of the rich where maids are used to initiate teenage boys into the world of sex, to a lingerie company that allegedly required female employees to strip before leaving work to

prevent thefts. A recent study presented by the council to a congressional commission investigating violence against women cites the case of a dentist in Pernambuco state who "killed his sister-in-law, injured his own sister and left his wife quadriplegic. The motive was the couple's separation."

The man bas yet to be punished.

In the past, it bas been especially difficult for women to come forward and accuse their husbands of abuse.

"The very culture tends to blame the woman for marital. failures and for her situation as a victim," said the study. But Brazilian women are slowly overcoming their fear of going public with the abuse they suffer.

"Vomen are beginning to have courage to discuss this," said Ms. De Nascimento.

A principal motive behind the diminished fear bas been the creation of police stations especially for women known "delegacias De Mulheres.

In Rio alone there are five. "When women had to go to regular police stations they faced prejudices that they did something to provoke the attack and many police offic-ers felt they should not get involved in marital fights, said Argelia Ruiz, head of the Delegacia De Mulheres in downtown Rio, where most of the 32 officers are

"But here we see (this, abuse) as a brutal crime and we encourage women to go ahead and press charges. According to Ms. Ruiz, 90 per cent of the cases involving physical injuries to women bandled at her station bave resulted in the maximum prison sentence of eight years.

Since the creation of the Delegacias in the mid-1980s, the number of cases registered have risen, Ms. Ruiz said. But she attributed the increase mainly to the fact that women feel more comfortable coming forward with

their problems. Ms. Ruiz said the majority of women who seek out the Delegacia, which registers 10-15 cases a day, are from lower-income families. But the upper classes, traditionaly more reluctant to go pub-

lic, also seek help.
One 26-year-old woman, from Rio's chic southern zone, sought out the Delegacia after her husband's problem with alcohol made him increasingly aggressive. The woman, who asked

not to be named, said that when ber husband drank he would punch her in the stomach, kick ber and throw her on the floor, even in public.

"I stayed for so long because I had no way to support myself and my baby," said the woman, who bad to drop out of college when she became pregnant.

"In the majority of cases the victims feel themselves incapable of confronting the violence on a personal level, as well as the socio-economic changes," said the Rio council study.

This is particularly true for lower-income women, who bave little education or means of earning a living and so feel they bave no choice but to tolerate the abuse.

# Japan scholar's 'simple life' plea is best- seller

By Mark O'Neill Reuter

TOKYO — A scholarly book attacking Japan's increasingly money-centred, disposable society and extolling the virtues of a simple life bas become a runaway best-seller.

To the astonishment of both author and publisher, whose initial print run was just 8,000, The Concept Of Honest Poverty bas sold 600,000 copies in the past eight months. It has been reprinted 40 times.

The book seems to have touched a raw nerve in a people disgusted at the greed and mendacity of their politi-Gians and still suffering from the after-effects of the land and stock price "buhhle" of the late 1980s.

"However rich Japan becomes, it will never get the respect of the world," says author Koji Nakano, 68. "To earn respect, we need dignity, chivalry and the philosophy of honest poverty.

"Our image is that of a country that's good at making things but has no culture. Foreigners say Japanese lack character and dignity and think of us just as people with топеу."

The son of a carpenter, Nakano graduated in German literature from Tokyo University and now works as a professor, translator, literary critic and author.

He believes Japanese should look to their own history and culture for examples to follow.

His book portrays 15 distinguished historical figures — monks, scholars, painters and masters of the tea ceremony — who he says embody the traditional virtues of plain living, honesty, simplicity and richness of spirit. Such things are not a matter of money, he argues.

Emissaries sent to Europe in the final days of the Edo era (1603-1868) earned respect for being men of dignity, he says. Not so those who went as salesmen in the 1960s

and 1970s. "In the Edo period, merchant firms had a strict code of ethics as well as a drive for profit. How different from today, where amassing money is the top goal," he

"It is worthless to massproduce cars and televisions. Japan has few resources and is unsuitable for mass production and mass consumption. We should move from quantity to quality. In the past we made wonderful objects."

One reason for the book's success has been its timing. Japanese have greeted with disgust revelations of how-Shin Kanemaru, the country's most powerful politician, skimmed off millions of dollars from political funds he controlled.

At the same time, the country has suffered its worst economic slowdown for nearly 20 years, due in part to the collapse of the hubble which left banks with billions of dollars in bad dehts.

The vertiginous rise in land prices made some firms and individuals instant millionaires, but it prevented millions of others from huying their own homes. This widened a gap between rich and poor that, since 1945, had been the smallest of any big industrialised nation.

Nakano's book seems to have caught the mood of millions of Japanese reflecting on the immorality of their leaders and the conspicuous consumption of the bubble

"My life has become mudwrote a 32-year-old Cram school teacher to the publisher after reading the book. "Now is the time for everyone to seek time and space and consider what is really precious in life."

One 48-year-old woman said the book had made ber recall ber father's words not to waste a single grain of rice.

True to his precepts, she boasted that she owned no car and had used the same rice cooker for 18 years. A model consumer would have replaced it every few years.

After Japan's defeat in 1945, Nakano says, historians, critics and left-wing activists repudiated all of the nation's past as bad, thus discarding its cultural identi-Traditional Japanese Join-

ery, for example, had been the finest in the world, be says. When a bouse was taken down, nothing was wasted because pillars, beams and tiles too could all. be reused to build another. Today, he laments, a giant machine turned a house into ruhhle in a single day.

"We have replaced quality with quantity. Just because a person pays oillions of yen for a Van Gogh, does that make it a wonderful painting? Japan's essential culture is a culture of quality, not

"Now is the time for things of the heart and the spirit, things that cannot be seen. These are what the Japanese of today have neglected most of all," Nagano says.

An article published in the latest edition of the leftist weekly newspaper Al Ahali is telling enough to be this week's disry. The article was signed by the editor of Al Abeli.

TOUCHED: The issue before last of Al Ahali has attracted many strong reactions who has upset the authorities. The Department of Press and Publications has registered a violation against us, citing Article 40-A-2 that bans the publication of any material that "touches" on the

security apparatus. That issue in fact has included a number of articles that touched on the security issue including one on arrests at Muta University and a commentary entitled "the Flowers of the Mukhabarat" and another commentary on the Press and Publication Law and an interview with Muslim Brotherbood Deputy Mohammad Abu Faris which included harsh judgement of successive governments.

The minister of information, Dr. Maan Abu Nowar, sent us a letter in which he called upon us to take into account "the higher interests of the country and democracy." In all bonesty, the minister of information's beartfelt appeal impressed on us the need to clarify our position because the last thing we would think of is to harm the country and democracy.

Let us begin with the interview with Deputy Mobammad Abu Faris who described all the governments of being "liars." We cannot take responsibility for this description because it represents the opinion of the deputy and our role does not include "softening" the deputy's assessment. And although we do not think that honesty was the prevailing feature of the consecutive governments, we still did not use the deputy's term in our commentaries. Anyway, we think that one should be paying attention to the political aspect of that assessment rather than its moral one in such a

As for the news item on the arrests at Mnta University, we were careful not to publish the story despite the incredible number of rumours on the subject. We only published an article after we received information from the relatives of those arrested, who not only verified the rumours but also provided copies of telegrams to certain anthorities requesting that they be allowed to see their

What were we supposed to do? Do we ignore the essence of our profession because the information "touches" the security apparatus? We have removed all mention of what would be considered military issues in the news item, but the news of the actual arrests bad to be published because there are no secret arrests in times of democracy. An arrest should be made public and excusable and since it is taking cerned authorities should not be worried. The minister us for exaggerating the number of those arrested and reminds us that we should have verified the number before publishing. Who would have helped us in this endeavour? Will the Ministry of Interior answer us about the number? Does it actually have the information on this subject?

Anyway, we initiated a precedent, possibly the first of its kind, and we called the bead of the Intelligence Department to doublecheck our information, but we did not find him. We did leave a message that a clarification from the department before the evening of the next day would be appreciated. Our hope that we would get a response from

As for the commentary on the "Flowers of the Mukhaout of the newspaper itself.

ity? Doesn't that contravene the Constitution?

do not accept or condone.

is like any other agency in this country that needs reform and internal security and external security. In undemocratic systems, security is the security of the regime against all enemies and one agency to handle all of its affairs. But in democratic nations a different nature. Then fighting espionage, protecting national the protection of democracy and its legitimate and constitutional institutions from any conspiracy to ensure the supremacy of the law. In that task this agency remains objective politically and does not interfere to protect one side over another.

We think that such issues cannot remain untouched since we which the people of Jordan have chosen.

Nermeen Murad

# 'Divine Word of Islam' on exhibit at the Sackler Gallery.

By Rosalind Mandine Murphy

WASHINGTON - The primacy of the word of God in Islamic art is reflected in "The Divine Word of Islam," a new exhibit which opened here on July 4 at the Smithsonian Institution's Arthur M. Sackier Gallery.

The exhibit contains 17 works, including bound manuscripts of the Koran, folios from dispersed volumes, a book of prayers and a ceramic tombstone. The works come from Egypt, Iran and Turkey and date from the 14th through the 18th centuries.

The preparation of a

volume of the Koran is considered an act of devotion and the need to copy the holy text exactly as it was originally written has had "tremendous impact on Islamic art," exhibit curator Marianna Shreve Simpson explained.

Through the centuries, she noted, different forms of calligraphic script and illumination in gold and colours were developed to decorate the manuscripts of the Koran. The development of these forms of art and the importance of God's word to Islamic art are brilliantly on display in the Sackler exhibit.

The illuminations on exhibit feature small gold circles. blossom-like rosettes, scallops, medallions and rectangular panels. One page is a 16th century poster-size watercolour of the Prophet Muhammad atop a humanheaded steed named Buraq. accompanied by Gabriel and a host of other angels. The composition is brilliantly col-

script or illumination, country of origin or century the work was produced in, "there is no deviation from the orioured in reds, blues, pinks ginal words. The word of and green. (Representations God is the word of God." she of the Prophet are not un-common in Islamic art, underscored. Producing beautifully illuaccording to Simpson. Since the 15th century, his face has

always the same."

minated manuscripts of the Koran is a way of "enhancing the word of God and expressing piety," Ms. Simpson said.

While noting the stylistic

changes in calligraphy and manuscript illumination

throughout the centuries,

Ms. Simpson stressed that

"the words of the Koran are

No matter the style of

The works in the exhibit span five centuries, she said. because, "interest in beautifying the word of God was as strong at the end of the 18th century as it was from the outset" of the Isla-mic religion in the 7th century. In fact, she added, the art of calligraphy and manuscript illumination continues today.

Ms. Simpson said a highlight of the exhibit is a late 14th century manuscript from Egypt, made for Amir Aytmish Al Bajasi, a commander of the Mamluk dynasty. The manuscript's "fineness of calligraphy, clarity of colours" - particularly the "cleamess

of the blues" — and the exquisite leather binding are a stand-out in the collection, she said.

Ms. Simpson pointed to a

set of four pages from a 16th century volume as a unique work of Islamic art. Koranic manuscripts often were not illuminated throughout every page, she explained. However. Ms. Simpson said, this set indicates that every page of the Koran the folios were taken from was indeed illuminated. The style of calligraphy - first, middle and last lines in large script, with other passages in smaller, indented script — is also unusual, she added.

An important component of the exhibit is its educational value for visitors who are not familiar with Islam or Islamic art, Ms. Simpson

The exhibit "is an attempt to preserve something about the form of Islam and the foundation of the faith — the Koran," she said.

Each work in the exhibit is accompanied by a translation of excerpts of the Koranic verses written on the object. There are also panels explaining the beginnings of the Islamic faith, the importance of producing Koranic manuscripts to Islamic society and

culture and the different styles of calligraphy and illumination.

"I bope that North American visitors will understand from the translations that the message of what is in the Koran is quite familiar. There are many connections between the Judeo-Christian tradition and the Mushm religion," Ms. Simpson said.

The works are taken primarily from the Henri Vever Collection of Islamic Arts of the Book, acquired by the Sackler Gallery in 1986. They will remain on display through January 1994 —

# Van Halen remains fresh despite success

respect. she noted.)

By Dean Goodman Reuter

NORTH HOLLYWOOD, California — A Van Halen concert may look like one of those soulless stadium extravaganzas where the band sleepwalks through the same songs every show and every move is planned in advance, but it is not.

Neither is the hard-rocking foursome some remote entity middle-aged and spoiled after selling millions of albums — and with no grasp of who their fans are.

The group, despite its longrunning success, manages to maintain a grip on reality as teenagers at heart and certified pranksters to boot.

"A lot of bands have like, v'know, all kinds of choreographed moves or whatever. and everything's program-med with the lights so they have to do the same thing every night," says Van Halen's jocular bassist Michael Anthony.

"(Our's) is a skeleton set. and we pull surprises on our crew because they'll even have notes like what they think we should be doing, and suddenly we'll do something else, so it keeps it very exciting," interrupts Eddie Van Halen, the band's guitarist and chief songwriter.

'We're really a pretty basic three-piece band with a singer, so it's not like our gear or our equipment is so preprogrammed that if you don't follow the set, then something's going to go wrong. I mean I can launch into any song at any time when I want," he adds.

That's more or less how their version of the Who's Won't Get Fooled Again ended up on their latest release, the platinum-selling live double set Right Here, Right

The song is part of a batch, including Neil Young's Rocking In The Free World, that

the band knows vaguely and plays on stage if the moment grabs them.

usually been shown covered

with a veil as a mark of

Other times, Anthony says, they might perform a song they heard on the car radio en route to the gig. But ironically, the songs that drive the fans wild are the VH originals like Jump and Panama and the band rehearses these thoroughly so that it can indulge in some improvisation on concert

Van Halen's upcoming U.S. tour, which celebrates the 15th anniversary of their signing to Warner Bros.. finds them "Sitting On Top Of the World" - to quote from a VH song.

Similar combos like Boston, Journey and Bon Jovi have peaked and faded in that time, but Van Halen seem to be just as relevant and consistent.

"I don't feel any different than when I was 16-18 years old, I really don't," offers

Van Halen who in reality is 36, married to actress Valerie (One Day At A Time) Bertinelli and father of their twoyear-old son Wolfgang.

"In the old days, you know. I grew up on Cream. Black Sabbath, Led Zeppelin. I baven't really listened to or bought records since those days. So all the music that I've kinda written comes just from myself, from somewhere.

Van Halen and Anthony. in a recent interview with Reuters at a North Hollywood rehearsal studio, make their success sound so simple. In fact VH won acclaim out of the starting blocks with their self-titled debut album in 1978.

"I really think that if we write a piece of music that we like, I know other people will like it too. I don't care how old you are," Van Halen

One big change in the formula came in 1985 when ori-

ginal lead singer David Lee Roth left and was replaced by Sammy Hagar. Some fans say VH is worse off for the change, but sales figures and concert grosses tell a diffe-

rent story. The 43-year-old Hagar. who is regarded as a better singer but not as witty or ebullient as Roth, has probably instilled the band with a slightly more mature out-

"I think we're a little more serious about our music, Van Halen says, "We don't joke as much. We don't take ourselves too serious in the least, we have great times-...but it's not a Vegas show,

Named in a recent Musician magazine feature as one of the greatest guitarists ever, Van Halen seems incredibly modest about his deserved position among rock's legends.

His "hundreds" of guitars



Rock star Van Halen and his wife actress Valerie Bertinelli

gathered dust for some eight months before the band's most recent studio album. 1991's For Unlawful Carnal Knowledge, and he prefers

playing around on the keyboards.

"Guitar technique-wise and whatever, I've added to the pot so to speak," be says.

"I'm not trying to play better than anybody. You've got 12 notes to play with and you do whatever you want with

# soap teaches nungarians the lost art of enterprise

By Julia Borbely Agence France Presse

BUDAPEST - At some point during 40 years of communism, Hungarians lost the drive and skills needed to run a successful business, and while capitalism is back, the know-how is not.

But a new television soan opera aims to change all that via thirty episodes of an im-

plausible story of a young baker who starts up his own business helped with advice from, of all things, a ghost.

Frici the Enterprising Ghost, as the soap is called, tells the story of Janos, who leaves Budapest to try 10 set up a bakery in his fictitious native village of Poganyszent-

He gets unexpected help in this from Frici, the ghost of a

called to the set."

remarkably successful.

Of Africa.

and Tootsie.

White Palace.

He received Best Picture

In addition his directing

and Best Director Academy

Awards for the 1985 film Out

credits include such critically

acclaimed box office succes-

Fabulous Baker Boys and

against his will, he is called

back to act, and has appeared

in such films as Death Be-

comes Her. The Player and

local businessman who lived at the beginning of-the cenday events in the country. tury and whose photograph is

The fact that Janos falls in love with the village teacher has nothing to do with economics but gives the story a romantic twist.

still on the wall of the bakery.

Only the broad lines of the plot have been set down in writing. The actual script is written on a day-to-day basis so as to keep up with every-

Frici, which is broadcast at peak viewing time just before the evening news, is watched by between 15 and 30 per -cent of viewers.

Peter Szentmihalyi Szabo. one of the scriptwriters, says frankly that it is "an economic soap opera" designed to popularise the teachings of a business training course

promoted by the Lakitelek Foundation, which is close to the Magyar Democratic Forum (MDF), the main par-

ty in the ruling coalition. When the soap started in May, it brought a barrage of abuse from opposition economists who claimed it was putting over "MDF propoganda.

The Lakitelek Foundation rejected the criticism ex-

plaining that it was merely trying to revive what four decades of communism had

"We wanted to encourage people to go into business because during 40 years of Communist rule, they forgot how to think, speak and work," said Attila Nemeth Miklos, who was put in charge of the programme by

destroyed.

The aim of this serial is to encourage people to take initiatives so as to repair the damage caused by the collectivisation, centralisation and forced industrialisation of the Communist era," he said.

The project is sponsored by the government tax office. the state property office which is supervising the privatisation of state assets and the National Savings Bank. Nemeth said.

They collectively put up 80 million forints (\$800,000). "If about 10,000 people

watch the soap opera right through to the end and if two thousand take the exam at the end of our training course, then we will have achieved our principal goal, that of pulling Hungarians from the intellectual torpor imposed by Communism,"

# Sydney Pollack's reluctant success story

TUKANAKUUNTUSAJAMAKANA SERIGELI MUKADARABUTA TARINGAN LADIN ADALAH UNDONALUBUTAKAN DALAMETAK DALAMETAK DARAMIN

By Michael Miller Reuter

LOS ANGELES - Awardwinning film director Sydney Pollack doesn't enjoy directing, actor Sydney Pollack gets bored with acting, and producer Sydney Pollack only produces out of a sense

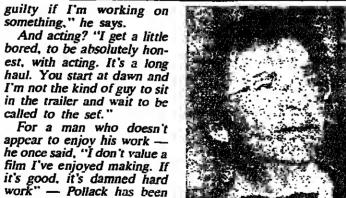
of guilt.
"Don't get me wrong."
says the multi-talented Pollack, "I'm not unhappy with my life, I'm very happy, but you asked the question and I tried to give you an honest

By way of explanation, he adds, "I enjoy the fruits of directing. I enjoy being a director. I enjoy the film when it's made. It's the work process itself that I don't

enjoy.
"It's enormously demanding, it's anxiety-provoking, it makes you tense, it worries vou, and I don't find any of

those things enjoyable. Pollack, whose latest endeavour, Paramount Pictures' highly anticipated The Firm, starring Tom Cruise, opens in the U.S. Wednesday, is very selective about which films he makes, and that leaves bin with a lot of time on his hands.

"I produce because sometimes it's a long time between pictures, and I level less guilty if I'm taking two years to find something, or three years to find something. feel less



Sydney Pollack

His last appearance in front of the camera was as the co-star in Woody Allen's Husbands And Wives, a role that won him critical acclaim. "I don't really go looking

ses as Absence Of Malice, The Electric Horseman, for acting work. It's not what Three Days Of The Condor. I do, it's not what I am. But-The Way We Were, They on something like Husbands Shoot Horses, Don't They And Wives, where you've got a director like Woody Allen As a producer and execuand a script that's that smart tive producer, his films inand that sharp, wellobserved. inciteful, it's a pleclude Dead Again. The asure," he says.

The word of mouth in Hol-Pollack began as an actor lywood is that in The Firm. but crossed over to the other which has been described as side of the camera early in his an "intellectual thriller", Polcareer to direct, first on telelack has another sure-fire vision and then for the big success, both financially and critically. Nevertheless, and mostly

The film, which also stars Jeanne Tripplehorn, who costarred in the steamy thriller Basic Instinct, tells the story of a young law graduate

(Cruise) who unwittingly joins a crooked law firm in Memphis, Tennessee. Tripplehorn plays his wife. The movie is based on

John Grisham's best-selling novel of the same name. Yet despite everything the proposed film had going for it, Pollack didn't want to

"I said 'no' a couple of times. But I have a very persistent agent who pushed very hard, and I like Cruise a

lot," he said. "At first I read the two screenplays. f liked them but f didn't want to do them. then I read the book, then I met with Tom. then I decided to do it. But then I hired two new writers and began from

But it was a beginning filled with trepidation and the ghosts of possible failure for Pollack.

"I have a best seller, sold I don't know how many millions of copies. So I've got an army out there that's probably going to beat me to death if I'm not faithful to the book, bu: there's no way I know how to be completely faithful to the book and make a movie," he tells a group of reporters gathered around a

table in a Beverly Hills hotel.
"I've got Tom Cruise and the Grand Cayman Islands and Memphis and Boston and Washington. I've got a picture that's up into the \$4045 million area that they're going to spend \$25 million marketing, that's \$70 million just to break even.

"And I'm coming off my last picture (Havana) which flopped, didn't make any money, and which people didn't like.

"Now that's a stressful situation." Known for his minimalist style — "I don't like acting that looks like acting" - in which a glance is worth a thousand gestures, Pollack

said his method was inspired by Allen Funt's old television series, Candid Camera. "I talk to the actors about 'Candid Camera', which I think is where the world's greatest acting clues come

from," he says. He describes the famous episode where the engine is taken out of a woman's car which is then rolled down a hill into a petrol station when she complains to a mechanic that she can't get the car

started. "So the guy opens the hood (bonnet) and there's no engine. So what does he do? He doesn't do anything. He doesn't gasp, hc doesn't faint, he doesn't do anything.

"That's 10,000 times funnier and more profound than working yourself into a tizzy to have this huge shock reaction to the fact that how could this car be driving when there's no engine in it."

# Disney monopoly with new film executive producer with Kirs-

By Bob Thomas The Associated Press

LOS ANGELES - If anyone can break Disney's near monopoly on animated fea-. tures, it could be David Kirschner. He did it with An American Tail. Now he's trying again with Once Upon A Forest.

"Disney is the Monet of animation. No one does the fables and the classics better than Disney does," the film producer said.

"Those films were the inspiration of my childhood and my adult life as well. But that doesn't mean that there isn't room for other artists in the salon, for young Cezannes of Pissarros to paint a different canvas."

In 1986, Kirschner created An American Tail, which amassed the largest first-run gross for an animated feature up to that time. (Aladdin and Beauty And The Beast have since surpassed it at the box office.)

It was the story of a family of mice who emigrated from Europe to America, based on Kirschner's own grandmother's tales of her experience as an immigrant.

He ran the project by Disney. But "they didn't seem interested in an immigrant mouse. They already had a mouse," he said, of course referring to Mickey.

Steven Spielberg, also from an immigrant family, eventually shared the post of

"Once Upon A Forest" originated with storics writtcn by Rae Lambert.

"I was moved to tcars when I read them," tecalled the 38-year-old Kirschner, who joined Hollywood-based Hanna-Barbera Productions Inc. in 1989 as president and chief executive officer, later

becoming chairman. He said they were great bedtime reading for his two daughters and he figured the tales "had the kind of emotions that I had known with

the classic Disney films." It took 20th Century Fox one day to say yes to the project. The budget was \$13 million, one-third or one-half the cost of a Disney animated

How could first-rate animation be produced at that cost?

"We used animators from all over the world - the finest from Sweden, Spain, Argentina, Republic of China, America," said Kirschner. "We tend to think that all the best artists are here. There is a brilliant pool of talent here, but it's also a

very limited pool. We brought the animators here to work with us, then they went back to their countries, and we went back and forth. It was an exhausting way to do it. But it also helped with our budget con-

straints." For Once Upon A Forest,

Animation producer challenges

> the budget is \$35 million. The movie centres on three woodland creatures and their badger guru, voiced by Michael Crawford (Phantom Of The Opera). They flee

together after their homeland

is devastated by a toxic spill, and they encounter a number of adventures. Kirschner grew up in sub-urban Van Nuys "probably a strange little kid because I wasn't great at sports. I was more interested in the illustrations of N.C. Wyeth and Maxfield Parish and books by

Robert Louis Stevenson and Victor Hugo." "I started as an illustrator with Jim Henson, illustrating books for Sesame Street and Muppets," he said. "I don't

have the talent of an animator. My work is illustrating. "I created Rose Petal World, which became 14 children's books and some television specials. Then I created

An American Tail." Kirschner dealt with a toy of a menacing sort in three Child's Play horror movies. His other projects include Hocus Pocus, a halloween fantasy with Bette Midler, a ive-action The Flintstones with John Goodman; and The Pagemaster, an ani-

mated feature with voices by Macaulay Culkin, Whoopi Goldberg and Christopher Lloyd.Kirschner said that making

films is the only thing he ever wanted to do.

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# Nothing personal

By Jean-Claude Elias

When Apple and Radio-Shack (Tandy) introduced the first "personal" computers in the late seventies they knew why they were giving them that name. They were the very first computers a person could use at home or in the office, at an affordable cost.

Until then, only large government organisations, giant corporations, civil and military intelligence and important university research centres could afford a computer. The mainframes, as they were and are still called, remained exclusively reserved to such organisations for three reasons. Their price was prohibitive, operating them required highly trained specialists and they had to be installed in large and sophisticated sites with precision air conditioning and power supply.

The personal computer (PC) came to change all this. Not that it replaced or phased the mainframes out, but it gave each and every one the possibility to understand data processing and take an active part in what is rightfully considered as the revolution of this end of the millennium.

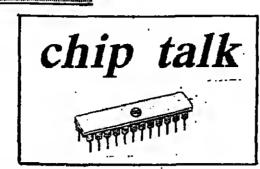
The first PCs were relatively simple to use, though not friendly. Understand that there was not much to learn in order to start operating them but at the same time, the operating procedures were not intuitive nor obvious to the layman. Although the first users were amazed at what they had, looking back at these "dinosaurs" now reminds us how poor their performance was.

From the hardware point of view, a PC was a simple machine. A screen (or monitor) a basic unit which used to house the built-in keyboard and sometimes a printer. The average operator did not need to know what was inside the unit. The available, ready-made software packages were extremely limited both in number and in performance.

When the IBM-compatible PC was launched in 1983-1984, and the Apple Macintosh later on, things began to change. The keyboard became an independent unit, software became more complicated and options started flowing in.

The user was given the power, the possibility and the headache to choose from a vast array of optional equipment: memory upgrades, disks, tapes, monitors types; mice, external devices, matrix printers, add-on cards, laser printers, and last but not least, new software packages each with numerous versions.

Most of these options were not actually optional! To run certain programmes for instance you needed to upgrade the memory which in turn, required new software to drive it. It may sound absurd, but even designers and manufacturers sometimes were not able to tell or predict what required



what in order to properly run.

For instance, to insert photographs or drawings in your data base and visualise them on the monitor you need a software that can do itl Obvious. But you also need a scanner to feed the photos in. You also have to learn how to use a scanner. To enjoy watching your work you need a large, colour monitor. Such a monitor won't work without

a special add-on card and special software drivers. To the credit of Apple is that their 'Mac' system has always had more consistency and user-friendliness than the IBM-compatible. It made life a lot easier on the operator but at the same time confined him or her to the Apple

The truly amazing capability of today's PCs is a blessing for all those who have become accustomed to using them in their work and daily life. The power of a modern 80486 PC can handle all the management work of a medium-size company. The trade-off is that such systems can't be considered as 'personal' any more.

The criterion on which the classification is based is not

even the price, for the new PCs have gone down in price while going up in performance, nor is it the size, for they are also very compact, all things considered. What makes PCs look more like a space age research lab is the complexity of their software and the physical aspect of some installations.

A home PC set up with a printer, a mouse, a CD-ROM player, a hand-held scanner and a sound card with its speakers is very common these days. Yet it includes a shocking number of external, ugly cables. Such a set up also needs a good number of advanced software drivers and an expert to correctly adjust everything together. Considering that any mistake by the user or a power glitch may ruin this sensitive adjustment thus making you call the experts again, you'll realise how complicated things have become. Where has the "personal" and friendly machine gone?

Soon the computer industry will have to come up either with a replacement for the term "personal" or a new name for the PC user.

# The wedding a purchase of property?

By E. Yaghi

have learned more from my mistakes than from my successes.

Sir Humphry Davy

Almost a week had now passed since Lana's wedding. She sat on a sponge mattress on the bare tiled floor next to her new mother-in-law and daydreamed about the wedding affair that had seemed like a fantasy when she, the star, had been a beautiful Cinderella dressed in her magical gown for the ball. When the clock struck twelve, Cinderella lost her glass slipper. Would she be able to find it and was that handsome prince she had waltzed with really as caring and charming as he had then seemed?

She had automatically turned off her conscious hearing system as her mother-in-law, horns beginning to show and grow, cozy in endless conversation rambled on and on about any subject which entered her mind. Every once in a while, pretending interest. Lana would nod her head affirmatively and return to her dream.

"What are my little brothers and sisters doing now without me?" she usked herself. "Do they miss me? What are my parents doing? Did dad go to work? Is mom cooking? Will I ever feel as comfortable in my husband's house as I did with my folks and will it ever become my home? Only a few days ago I went to the hairdresser to style my hair for the wedding. After I wore my beautiful wedding dress which now hangs to gather dust in the closet. I sat up on a pedestal waiting for my relatives and husband's relatives to come and escort me to lead the

She looked at her mother-in-law, still going full blast and returned to her dream, "At last I heard footsteps on the stairs and a group of people surged through the door and surrounded me, drumming and clapping and singing as I was swept in a wave to descend the stairs of my house for the last time unwedded. Then the crowd put me in the wedding car which was decorated with pink ribbon and white lace. My brother-in-law drove with the groom beside him. I sat in the back next to my mother-in-law. As our car took off, we were followed by a long line of cars and buses full of singing women and children. We went around the circle a few times and at last we stopped in front of the reception building where the ceremony was to be held. I was helped out of the car and before I knew it, someone had placed a cloak over my head to conceal me and I was ushered quickly into the reception room by my father, uncles, brothers and other male relatives. I was seated alone up on a platform to await the arrival of my groom. While I sat there, some females began singing and dancing and the room began to overflow with women and children. In an adjoining room, the men could be heard singing and dancing to their own music. A little later, the groom was carried in on some young men's shoulders as they also sang and danced around the wedding hall. Every little girl wanted to have the honour of sitting close to me. I put my own small sister next to me on my chair. When the groom was finally brought to occupy his place beside me. I stood up and greeted him and then we both sat.

Cake and soda was passed around to all the guests and two giant glass mugs three quarters full were offered to the groom and me. We intertwined our arms and presented our glasses to each other. It all seemed very romantic then." "Lana, what are you thinking of?" her mother-in-law asked as she poked the young bride in the side. "I asked

you what you would like to eat for lunch. "Oh. excuse me. Aunt. I was just thinking." "Thinking of what, eh?"

"Oh. nothing important, just wondering what my family is doing now.

A grim look of dissatisfaction spread over the ample face of her "aunt" and she spoke imperatively: "This is your family now. Forget about the others. You are one of us. Now, what would you like to eat?

When her mother-in-law got up slowly and headed for the kitchen, Lana replied: "I'm not really hungry right now. Whatever you want is fine with me."

"She's really getting on my nerves. The kitchen is hers" Lana speculated, "not mine and what kitchen can stand two cooks? The house is so small and I feel uncomfortable. Being married isn't like what I imagined at all."

She then returned to her dream. "After my husband and I came home, my family and my husband's danced until midnight and then everybody left. The following day, my sisters, brothers and parents came to visit and brought some presents. My dowry included gold bracelets, necklaces and earrings to wear. My father bought an iron for me and my mother brought some chocolate. But I still don't feel like I really belong to them anymore. I have no real privacy in this new home and the bathroom is shared by everybody. My husband has no means of support and we must depend on his elderly parents for our subsistence. He has no job or trade and I failed the last two years of high school. The only future for me is to have a ton of babies to please everyone.

"My father-in-law acts as if he purchased some kind of cow and that I am presently the property of my husband and his family. Before the wedding. I was flattered by all the attention my in-laws gave me, but each day after my marriage began. I seem to devaluate. It won't be long until everyone starts complaining about me and I will become the typical despised daughter-in-law. It seems that I am married to a stranger and anything I might say could be offensive. We didn't even have a honeymoon to get to know each other. One fancy day I was a bride, the next, I awoke to find my whole life changed completely. Why was mom so eager to get me married? Was she that afraid I would be in the way of my sisters getting married? I hope that this man she picked for me is God-fearing and thoughtful and will lead me through life with kindness and consideration. If not, then I have a long road of misery before me."

Her daydreams were shattered by the yell of her mother-in-law: "Lana, come and help me in the kitchen. Better not let your husband see you idle, we paid too much money for that!"

# ON THE LIGHTER SIDE

By Mohammad A. Shuqair

# AMAZING FACTS

Throughout 58 consecutive years, an American took part in weight-ittung championship as being in charge of the American federation for this sport.

\* \* \* \* \*

An ordinary adult breathes 23,040 times per day.

\* \* \* \* \*

A blind Canadian made a journey in which he covered 6,800 km, chiefly depending upon his tame dog.

\* \* \* \* \*

An American constructed an exact replica of fifty ships belonging to the U.S. Navy 6th Fleet by using scrap metal

# SAY IT IN ARABIC

"Common Phrases"

 I've come for a moment to see you. Jeet lahza alashan ashoofak.

It's dark now.

5 (1000 d) (3 (100 d)

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. 70 E ...

Attamat halwakt. My time is up. Fat el wakt. Alayya ashgaal mohimma.

Гve urgent business.

— I fear I shall not arrive in time. Khayef mawsalshi fil wakt el-monasib. — I shall see you again shortly. Hashoofak an kareeb.

- Farewell. God save you! Maassalama, fee amanillah!

COOKING IS FUN

Delicious Pancakes

For four people

# Things you need:

- 1 1b (450g) fresh spinach.
- I large carrot, peeled and coarsely grated. - I red pepper, halved, deseeded and chopped.
- 4tbs cooked peas.
- 1/3pt (200 ml) thick white sauce.
- 2tbs chopped parsley. — 3tbs soured cream.
- 30z (75g) grated cheese. 8 drops Tabasco Pepper Sauce.
- 8 large pancakes.

# TOPPING:

- 1/3 thin white sauce to coat.
- 2tbs double cream. 2tbs grated parmesan cheese.
- Sprigs of fresh herbs.

# THINGS TO DO:

\* Tear spinach in pieces, wash and shake dry. Place in pan with salt and pepper to taste, cover and cook in its own juice until just tender. Drain very thoroughly.

- filling evenly between each pancake and roll up. Arrange in greased ovenproof dish.
- ★ To make topping, mix white sauce with double cream and spoon over pancakes. Sprinkle with grated parmesan. Bake in moderately hot oven (190 deg. C., for

him that she was a nurse in a hospital.

To his surprise she burst out laughing and replied: "You are not likely to be a patient in my hospital, it's a maternity hospital."

"I have been a patient in such a hospital. I was born in

\* \* \* \* \*

giving to your new house?"

"Oh, no," replied the other," but it's cloise to the station, cloise to the shops and cloise to the school."

# TEST YOUR KNOWLEDGE

Foods quiz

- 2. What food adds lime to the body?
- 3. Is a peanut a nut?
- 5. How long does it take food to go from the mouth to the
- 6. Which foods are richest in iodine?
- 7. Is it correct to say cole slaw or cold slaw?
- 8. What are the brain foods?

# **PUZZLES**

(A) Two legs sat upon three legs. With one leg in his lap: In comes four legs. And runs away with one leg; Up jumps two legs. Catches up three legs, And makes him bring back one leg. Question: Make this much clearer, please!

- (B) Simple Riddles:
  - What crow has no feathers?
  - What saw never saws?
  - 5. What tongue never talks?

### \* Fry onion gently in butter and oil for 4 mins. Add carrot and pepper and stir over heat 3 mins. Mix fried vegetables with spinach, peas, thick white sauce, parsley, soured tream, grated cheese and tabasco. Divide

15-20 mins.) Garnish with sprigs of fresh herbs.

# HUMOUR

A young man met a rather charming girl who informed

"I should love to be a patient under your care," he said.

Then he burst out laughing and said:

One Jew said to another, "Ikey, what name are you "Well," replied the other," we thought about calling it

'The Cloisters'.' "But, Ikey," said the first. "It's not near any church or place like that."

- Name FOUR kinds of lilies used for food.

- 4. What kind of gourd is edible?

- 1. What mouth has no lips?
  - What shoe is never brushed?

# **JTV CHANNEL 2 WEEKLY PREVIEW**

Thursday, July 8

8:30 Too Close For Comfort

Henry and his wife celebrate their 24th anniversary with their daughters in a fancy hotel.

9:10 The Quantum Leap

Sam leaps back into time to the year 1969 to find himself responsible for not letting his friend's wife fall in love with another man as her husband

is a PoW in Vietnam.

10:00 News In English 10:20 Feature Film — In

Broad Daylight

Staming: Gloria Leachman People of a small town find no other alternative but to take the law into their own hands when the law fails to protect them.

# Friday, July 9

8:30 Head Of The Class

Mr. Moore is a temporary teacher of a class of genius students and he tries to normalise their life.

9:18 Reasonable Doubt

Carl, the private investigator, and his assistant, the prosecutor, work on a case where a sick black young man attempts to murder his neighbour with a pair of scissors.

10:00 News In English 10:20 Peter The Great

After terminating all resistance in Russia and conspiracies of the church and the Kremlin against him. Peter prepares a strong force to

# Saturday, July 10

Sweden.

defend his country against

8:30 Super Bloopers and New Practical Jokes

This week's edition includes foul ups of Queen Elisabeth and former U.S. President George Bush as well as funny shots for presidents during speeches.

10:00 News In English

10:20 Feature Film — Shoot

Staming: Sidney Politier, Tom Berenger and Kristie Alley A dangerous criminal is chased by an FBI agent who

is determined to nail him

down no matter what it takes.

# Sunday, July 11

8:30 Step By Step

Starring: Suzanne Somers and Patrick Duffy

Despite Carol's strong disapproval, the children agree to take care of their neighbour's dog while they're away only to realise that it is not as easy as they thought it would

9:10 Documentary — The Trails Of Life

Tuesday, July 13

8:30 Detectim

9:00 Local Programme

9:30 A Kind Of Magic 10:00 News In English



This week's edition focuses on how animals and insects find their way during the day

Maximilian Schell plays Peter the Great Friday at 10:20

10:20 A Mary Higgins Clark suspense film — Double Vi-

Starring: Kim Cattrall and

Gale Hansen Finding it hard to believe her identical twin died in a simple accident, Caroline sets her mind on unveiling the truth by every means she can.

# Wednesday, July 14

8:30 Night Court

Starring: Harry Anderson and Markie Post

Mac, the court summoner decides to buy a restaurant and his grandfather volunteers to offer his financial assistance. Later, things get more complicated and Mac finds himself threatened by losing the financing.

9:10 Documentary — The Story Of Hollywood

This week's edition sheds light on crime movies which Hollywood gave special attention to during the thir-

ties and continued producing . . them until today since they turned out to be very profit-

10:20 Mini-Series — Harry's

Harry arrives in Dublin and starts his mission there.

Finding The Way

Galmond

and at night. 10:00 News In English 

The trial of Jean Galmond ... continues telling his life story and the conspiracy of all politicians of the island against him.

10:20 French Series — Jean

Monday, July 12

8:30 And Baby Makes Five

An unexpected visitor comes to the house of Eddy and Jenny, taking her by surprise and joy. But he is given a different welcome by Eddy.

9:10 Thirty Something

New Parents Starring: Timothy Busfiald.

Polly Draper and Mal Harris Garry and Suzanna decide to. dedicate their life to their beautiful baby girl Emma. As new parents, they realise that,

completely changed. 10:00 News In English

10:20 Street Justice

Eddy and Adam are involved .... in a robbery case.

the course of their life has

# WHO confident about new monthly injectable contraceptives

By Clare Nullis The Associated Press

GENEVA - The World Health Organisation (WHO) said that millions of women should soon be able to use new once-a-month injectable eontraceptives that are as effective as the birth control

The U.N. health agency To said the new preparations did not have such severe sideeffects as the longer-lasting injectable contraceptive

known as Depo Provera.

WHO approved two oncea-month contraceptives, called Cyclofem and Mesigyna. after a three-day meeting of experts to review results of trials involving thousands of

"We are very bopeful about the prospects," said WHO advisor John Newton. This is a front line method that can be used by anybody." He said the contraceptives should become

available in many countries "over the next couple of years.

A WHO statement said Cyclofem and Mesigyna. which are both based on a combination of Estrogen and Progestogen, 'block pregnancy practically 100 per

They are likely to find favour with many women who worry about becoming pregnant after forgetting to take the birth control pill every day.

The main advantage over Depo Provera, which is iniected every three months, is that the new preparations do not cause major disruptions' to the menstrual cycle. Other side-effects like weight gain are also said to be less

Although in use in 90 countries, Depo Provera had a question mark over its safety for years. Earlier this week, a WHO committee said it did not increase risks of breast or cervical cancer. The United. States recently approved its use as a birth control method after safety checks. The drugs' manufacturers sav they plan to appeal Canada's ban on the contraceptive.

WHO said in five clinical trials involving nearly 10,000 women, more than 65 per cent of women bad predictable and regular cycles. It said pregnancy rates were below 0.4 per cent. Women resumed normal ovulation within two to three months of stopping the injections.

It said a further 10,000, women were involved in introductory studies in Chile, Indonesia, Jamaica, Mexico. Thailand and Tunisia to assess the acceptability of the new contraceptives to doctors

"The studies showed that people do find it realistic and convenient to come back to the doctors once a month." Dr. Newton said in a telephone interview. He is head of the medical advisory com-

and patients.

mittee at Britain's Family

Planning Association. Women have the injection within the first five days of their menstrual cycle. Subsequent injections follow at intervals of roughly 30 days. Mentrual bleeding occurs abot 15 days after the first injection and then every 28-30 days, Dr. Newton said.

Until now there bave been two once-a-month injectable contraceptives available. One. is used in China by one million women and the other by 1.5 million women in Latin America.

However both existing types have lower rates of effectiveness than Cyclofem and Mesigyna, according to Dr. Newton.

The WHO meeting found some precautions were necessary. Experts agreed that pregnant or breast-feeding women must not start using the contraceptives as the effect on the fetus and breastmilk is not yet known.

# AIDS is second-leading killer of young men in U.S.

ATLANTA (R) — AIDS has moved ahead of heart disease and cancer to become the second leading killer of young men in the United States, a U.S. government

health agency has reported. The U.S. Centres for Disease Control and prevention (CDC) also said AIDS has become the leading cause of death among young Cuban and Puerto Rican men in the United States and for the first

time has become a leading

. killer of a group of women —

those 25 to 44 of Puerto Rican descent. In its weekly report, the

NALITIKUI KURUKU NILOTOTUTITIKI KARIKERI KETEROCHRIPA COEKETEKETIKATI KOCHRIPATORI KARIKURUKA PALCUKALI UKANIK

Atlanta-based CDC said AIDS is closing in rapidly on unintentional injuries such as car crashes as the leading cause of death in men age 25

In an article published last month in the Journal of the American Medical Association, CDC reported that AIDS was the leading killer of young men in 64 American

cities and five states.

The health agency said that in 1991, the most recent year for which data are available, AIDS killed young black men at three times the rate of whites. Among Hispanics,

Dr. Peter Drotman, assistant director of public bealth in the agency's AIDS Division, said CDC does not know whether the death rate among ethnic minorities re-

the death rate was twice that

flects significantly higher infection rates, lack of access to bealth care, or both.

CDC noted that most leading causes of death among both young men and young women remained relatively stable during 1990 and 1991. but AIDS-related deaths rose

dramatically over the period. In fact, among women, it appears that AIDS will move from the sixth-leading cause of death in 1990 to fourth in 1991, surpassing suicides and bomicides and ranking behind only cancer, unintentional injuries and heart dis-

CDC said it is uncertain of the final rankings, because detailed statistics for other cases of death in those years are not yet available.

Overall, CDC said, the toll of AIDS may be even higher suggested. The agency said past studies bave shown that physicians filling out death certificates omit AIDS as an underlying cause of death in anywhere from 15 to 45 per cent of cases where the infection was, in fact, a cause of

AIDS, or acquired im-mune deficiency syndrome, robs the body's immune system of its ability to defend against disease and infection.

# Scientists devise early test for AIDS-related brain infection

**WEEKEND CROSSWORD** 

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56 Toss overboard

LONDON (AP) — A new blood test may help predict which AIDS patients are likely to get a brain infection from toxoplasmosis, according to a very small, preliminary French study.

If large studies confirm these results, the blood test could be used to track the progress of the illness or even catch the disease months before symptoms strike, writes Dr. Jean Pierre Vendrell, at the Institute of Biology in Montpellier, France.

The study is in the July 3 issue of the Lancet, a medical

Dr. Philippa Easterbrook, an AIDS specialist at the Chelsea and Westminster Hospital in London, said she

MDs By Harvey Chew

19 Concerning 20 Draft status 21 — drab

25 Six-pointed sta 27 No-no drug for

30 Osets 31 Baseball team 32 Vanished 33 "Solloquy"

33 Figure of speech 34 European firush 35 Hussar's weapon 36 Cartographer's book 37 — Island (resort)

Diagramless 17 x 17, By Craig Schultz

intensity 31 Kind of sleeve

33 Paddles 37 Most dire prediction

1 Body pouche
5 Greek letter
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9 Bring ruin on
10 Taxi charge
11 Very dry
12 Land surrour

by water 13 Burn lightly 14 Usually 18 Cut, in a way

team's novel approach.

"There's no doubt a current major goal in the man-agement of HIV patients is trying to predict who are the ones likely to get particular opportunistic infections,' Dr. Easterbrook said, adding that after pneumonia, toxois the most plasmosis

Currently, the only way to definitively diagnose brain infection with toxoplasmosis is to remove a tiny section of the brain and search for the

Patients with AIDS may suffer symptoms of brain disease, but not have toxoplasmosis. It is difficult without the biopsy to determine whether infection or nerve damage is causing the symp-

Toxoplasmosis, a common infection, can lurk for years in people without making, them sick. It can flourish and trigger severe illness and brain disease in patients with weak immune systems, such as those with AIDS. Rather than submitting pa-

tients to the biopsy, some doctors give medicine to patients suspected of the infection and see if they improve. In the current study, doctors searched for antibodies

against toxoplasmosis in the

white blood cells of infected Previous research has shown that white blood cells of patients who do not have acquired immune deficiency

infected with toxoplasmosis secrete antibodies.

The researchers found antibodies secreted in 20 of 21 AIDS patients with known toxoplasmosis. Those patients had already had a brain biopsy, brain imaging, or showed good response to

Researchers also detected antibodies in 19 of 103 pa-tients with HIV, the virus that causes AIDS, but no symptoms of toxoplasmosis. Five of the 19 went on to suffer from a brain infection of toxoplasmosis within three to 15 months.

Dr. Easterbrook said further research is needed to ensure the test identifies disease when it is present and syndrome (AIDS) but are does not yield false results.

# Japan health guru rails at fat food, free trade

By Masaru Sato Reuter

TOKYO - Michio Kushi could justly complain about being born in the wrong place at the wrong time.

Japan's most prominent health food guru finds only a small audience for his ideal diet of grain, vegetable and seaweed - no meat or dairy where young people eagerly devour pizzas and hambur-

So the 67-year-old Kushi. skinny and energetic and with a good head of bair, is forced to live in Massachusetts on the U.S. east coast, where Americans reared on a diet of fried potatoes, milk and steak are ready to listen.

Little known in their bomeland, Mr. Kushi and bis wife Tomoko founded and lead a group called One Peaceful World, a macrobiotics movement he believes will cure the human stace of heart disease, stomach ailments and skin rashes. The group has 300 teachers of macrobiotics worldwide. What Mr. Kushi proposes

is close to what Japanese ate for centuries until the mass import of Western food after 1945 — low fat, a lot of grains, vegetables and sea-weed. Milk and dairy products are banned. Animal fat is discouraged.

Fully organic and indige-nous food is ideal but bard to get, particularly in Japan, with lax regulations on

Furthermore, everyone should eat food produced locally. Japan should restrict imports of beef and oranges, he said.

"Americans are cutting back on their meat consumption and trying to export the excess to Japan. Japan should impose high taxes so that consumers cannot buy meat

daily," he said. Mr. Kushi blames high dependence on meat-eating for the growing incidents of heart disease and allergies and increase in violence and family breakups in the world.

When he returns to Japan, as he does twice a year, he is enraged by what he sees -Japanese cuisine containing more and more sugar and, for the first time in the country's history, obese children.

"Japanese consumers should demand more nonpesticide vegetables and additive-free farm and marine products," he told Reuters.

"Japan is seven to eight years behind the United States. Eating out in Japan is a problem because of the high sugar content," be said.

He complains that bis frequent coughing during his visits to Japan is caused by sugar in almost everything from cooked vegetables and seaweed to salad dressing.

In the United States, there is at least freedom to ask for a vegetarian, no-sugar menu at restaurants, he said.

Eating only locally grown food with balanced nutrition would help people calm down and not use weapons, Mr. Kushi said.

"I wouldn't send criminals to prisons. I would give them healthy food in a very relaxed environment," he said.

Mr. Kushi graduated after World War II from the elite

Tokyo University and studied political science in New

'Japan is seven to eight years behind the United States. Eating out in Japan is a problem because of the high sugar content."

There he was inspired by thinkers like Albert Einstein and Thomas Mann.

"I learnt from them that humans completely failed after all these religions and revolutions and utopian beliefs. I realised that a world government would fail if people were not healthy (butwere) fighting all the time." Mr. Kushi recalled.

Another figure who influenced Mr. Kusbi was the founder of macrobiotics. George Osawa, who, basing his theories on traditional Chinese medicines, worked out what he thought was a balanced diet in 1928.

But Osawa, born 100 years ago this year, received a cool response from the Japanese. So, like Mr. Kushi, he went abroad, to France, where his pbilosophy found a willing audience.

After finishing his studies in New York and travelling in Europe, Mr. Kushi settled in the United States in the

Sick people should be strict about cutting down on animal fat and dairy products, but relatively healthy people can eat meat and fish in social situations, Mr. Kushi said.

"If you want to paint very sensitive pictures, you should eat fresb vegetables and fruits. But an aggressive businessman should add some animal fat," he added.

# Rare type of AIDS virus found in Japan

TOKYO (AP) — A Tokyo hospital bas reported Japan's first case of a rare type of AIDS, the Health and Welfare Ministry said.

type and its rarer cousin:

ago, in which he used a more common test drug capable of identifying only HIV-I, said Mitsubiro Naemura, a minis-

try official. The carrier of the virus, a foreigner wbo visited Japan for the AIDS test, had returned to his country, Mr. Naemura said. He declined to identify the hospital or the

patient. Although many developed countries, including the United States and Australia, have been using test drugs for HIV-II. Japan has not. Two new test drugs for both viruses were approved re-

Mr. Naemura said test drugs for HIV-I are 60 per cent accurate in identifying the rare virus until a carrier develops full-blown AIDS, or acquired immune deficiency syndrome.

Many HIV-II carriers are in West Africa, and only about 100 carriers of the rare virus have been found in dereasons. be said.

ministry is currently discus- Japan.

sing measures that include introducing new test drugs

and procedures, and how to raise public AIDS awareness without causing panic. A doctor found the virus, The ministry plans to hold

HIV-II, last month using a \_\_\_ a meeting of its Emergency new test drug designed for \_\_\_ AIDS Surveillance Commitboth the more common HIV- tee to verify the test result, be The doctor failed to detect Japan has lagged behind it in an earlier test six months other industrialised nations in

AIDS awareness, and official measures to combat the spread of the disease, while discrimination against those suffering from it is still widespread.

Many Japanese hospitals still refuse to treat AIDS patients.

The government and drug firms bave been accused of causing 2,000 hemophiliacs to contract AIDS virus from contaminated blood products imported between 1979 and 1985, when the risk was already known. Forty-seven victims, 17 of wbom bave died, bave sued the government and five drug firms.

Mr. Naemura said the discovery of the rare AIDS virus here requires changes in test drugs and process, but won't affect medical treatment.

There were a total of 556 AIDS patients in Japan and. another 2,663 carriers of the virus who had not yet developed symptoms as of the veloping nations. The virus end of April. All the carriers remained rare because of geographic, not biological, with HIV-I, he said, adding that a total of 310 people Mr. Naemura said the have died from AIDS in

# SOLUTIONS

# TEST YOUR KNOWLEDGE

1. Onions. garlic, shallots, chives.

·2. Milk.

3. No, it is not a true nut, but belongs to the same family as the pea and bean.

4. Pumpkin, squash, cucumber, melon.

5. Six seconds.

6. Salt water fish and shell fish.

7. Cole slaw.

There are no foods that are especially brain foods. Any food that nourishes the body nourishes all parts.

# PUZZLE IT OUT

(A) Clarification of the Riddle:

Man sitting on three-legged stool with leg of mutton in dish on lap, dog runs in and runs away with meat.

(B) Simple Riddles:

1. The river's mouth.

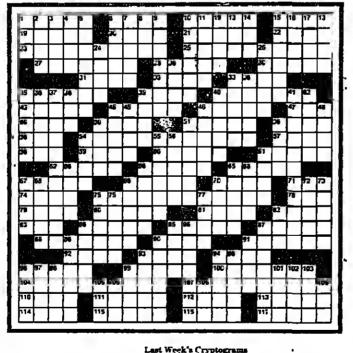
Scarecrow. 3. Horseshoe.

4. Sec-saw. 5. Tongue of a boot.

55 Pieces of land 57 Mountain climit 39 "— partect Union" 40 Family circle

 $\ddot{\mathbf{v}}$ 

61 Nosé 62 Take — leave it 63 Wheeled vehicle 64 Goodbye 65 Flats: abbr 66 Approve 67 Highway abbr. 68 Loch — 47 Used 48 Fish eggs 52 Star's quest 53 Inappropriate 54 Rich cake



Last Week's Cryptograms

If you don't win yourself, please remember that you made somebody else happy who did.
 Ages ago, if a jester's jokes didn't kill the king, the king often killed the

jester.

3. Vocabulary: Pine basso profundo is a vocally deep "C" divor.

4. At divers Hawaiian homes, some wahines serve mahimahi and maj tais

CRYPTOGRAMS

1. AJWWO LANT LCCENI DW XZXNFO BFJLEB CT WJXLJENB TCK LADELA IZXXNK

2. PLOYNTX WFIT PLOINTA BLG WON BMG FIX SAFETY PLIOLSITG MY SLYE PLOIN. -By Ed Huddleron

3. FMWI GAME GAMBIT GLLPITS KRSSIP MT ERESK YMSSIP OG: IRFKSK RT ELS WOBK -By Frank N. Stein

4. ABBCDEFA ZYXWEVCUWCXQU VXEWEV

XABAXD WY YHA FEFEN XZYNYNAHNXYU

NEDMUQG QD Q "XZQMDYNG." -By Rita Salvato



# Russia and Kazakhstan battle over Baikonur cosmodrome

By David Ljunggren

BAIKONUR COSMODROME. Kazakhstan - Relieved Russian and Kazakh officials applauded as the Soyuz rocket climbed into the evening sky, belching flames and smoke,

The launch of the latest joint Russian-French mission last week was another triumph for the huge cosmodrome situated in the heart of the sweltering Kazakh steppe.

But the future of Baikonur and the former Soviet Union's space programme is threatened by a bitter argument between Russia and Kazakhstan over who controls the cosmodrome.

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"This is a unique place which we cannot lose," Russian De-fence Minister Pavel Grachev told officials before the launch.

At issue is who should control the base, which for decades was the pivot of the former Soviet Union's space programme but is now in newly-independent Kazakhstan.

While the two sides argue, highly-trained specialists who oversee the launches are gradually leaving the sun-baked steppe to find better jobs elsewhere.

Baikonur is run by the former Soviet Union's space forces and Muscow wants the cosmodrome to be turned into a Russian military base which would permit commercial launches.

"This is a military base and there are some things which have to be kept secret. That would not be possible if it were thrown open to everyone," said Colonel Sergei Gorbunov, bead of the space

forces' press centre. Other Russian officers are more blunt.

"Let's face it -- we built this place from scratch. The Kazakhs are a bunch of peasants and wouldn't have a hope of running it properly," one said candiony. But Kazakhstan says it should derive more benefit from the base and wants to turn it into a free economic zone to attract foreign investment or make it a jointstock company.

The two sides held talks before the launch which kazakh officials said produced "sharp differences of view.

An adviser to Kazakh President Nursultan Nazarbayev said the Russian stand was "unacceptable not only for Kazakhstan, where it is located, but also for other Commonwealth members who run their own space prog-

The site would "be controlled by Kazakhstan, and other councertain activities there," he said. But Moscow, now bearing the

brunt of the hideously expensive space programme, is unlikely to The two sides signed a deal in February to co-finance this year's running costs of the cosmodrome,

which were put at 32 billion rou-bles (\$32 million). Kazakh officials say Russia is lagging far behind with its payments.

Apart from the gradual exodus of personnel, uncertainty over the space programme's future has led to violence at Baikonur.

Kazakh military construction workers at the base went on the

workers at the base went on the rampage in June to complain about low wages, setting fire to offices and barracks and looting

shops and warehouses.
Last year the units mutinied over living conditions, burning down buildings and ransacking

stores. Four people were killed. In February this year, about 20 Russian soldiers at the cosmodrome deserted in protest over working conditions. A local newspaper said they complained they were being forced to work too hard to make up for under-

manning.

"A lot of people are leaving.
It's linked to money and the perceived lack of future," said Colonel Vladimir Duhinin, deputy head of the base's Centre for Tesuing and Use of Space Systems.

"We can keep going for perhaps two years at this rate and then there will be critical prob-

Officials were markedly reluctant to discuss exact figures but said around 15 per cent of specialists had left so far.

Moscow has suggested it pays for the cosmodrome while Kazakhstan sharply boosts investment in the nearby town of Leninsk, which serves Baikonur.

Leninsk Mayor Vitaly Brynkin said 21,000 people had left since the collapse of the Soviet Union, cutting the population to just over 80,000. He wants to pour more money

into the grim dust-blown town, where the water is heavily polluted by pesticides, crime is rising fast and attractions appear few and far between.

Lecals tell hungry visitors there

is only one restaurant where they stand a decent chance of avoiding food poisoning. The quality of the food in the establishment is quite lamentable.

"I'm getting out of here as soon

as I can," said one officer shelter-ing from the blazing sun. "Things beside one of the major launch here were bad enough when we pads. felt our work was worthwhile, but

now it's unbearable." cuts have reduced security at the the former Soviet Union is at base to dangerously low levels Plesetsk in northern Russia, and point to huge buildings across which is unsuitable for lnunching the site where there is not a single manned flights. guard to be seen.

Kazakh officials are confident they hold some of the best cards. Russian officials say budget The only other cosmodrome in

"I don't think this cosmodrome "People are stealing copper will collapse — Russia just cables like mad from the outer wouldn't allow it," said Mr. areas but we're all right here so Brynkin.





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# Gastronomic capital has few local specialties

By Suzy Patterson The Associated Press

PARIS — Is there such a thing as a local cuisine in Paris, the selfproclaimed world capital of gas-

tronomy? Well, there are champignons, de Paris, or "Paris mushrooms". but they are just ordinary whitecapped mushrooms, grown out-

How about boudin de Paris, a unique kind of blood sausage made with onions, or hure de pore a la parisienne, a kind of pate made from pig's head? Those traditional specialties can still be found, but food experts

side the city.

say they are rare. Such questions are treated in a book, published by Albin Michel in April, called "lle de France: produits de terroir et recettes

traditionelles." The book, cosponsored by the National Council of Culinary Arts and the Ile de France Council, devotes itself to

the region around the capital.
"Through our inventories, history and recipes, we're trying to preserve and revive interest in traditional taste, foods and dishes," said Alain Senderens, a three-star chef who heads the

culinary council. The volume is the second in an encyclopedic series intended to catalogue France's regional food heritage. The first, published last fall, covered northern France. Regions still to be examined include Burgundy, the Loire Valley and the Charentes.

As Paris has become gastronomically multiregional and international, some traditional foods have disappeared or been dis-

placed.
"Vegetables, fabulous vegetables, were what the Ile de France region was known for,"

said Pbilip Hyman, an American food historian. Mr. Hyman and his wife, Mary, are researching and writing

much of the historical material for the series, which is intended as an encyclopedia of contemporary and traditional French food. 'The great, fat, white Argenteuil asparagus can hardly be grown there any more," Mr. Hy-man said. "That area to the west of Paris has turned land into

low-cost housing. But now these

asparagus are grown elsewhere

According to the Hymans research, the white asparagus spears were cultivated in the 1920s and 1930s to reach gargan-

tuan proportions of nearly 10 pounds each.

By embracing such popular fare as "jambon de Paris," or boned Paris-style ham, and including many recipes, the He de France book reaches out to those who would like to savor tradition-

"Paris and the Ile de France are so cosmopolitan now that we had to search around for old, forgotten recipes," said Celine Vence, who prepared the recipes for the book with Versailles Chef Gerard Vie.

They found delicious ideas, some ancient but others still on restaurant menus.

"Friture des ginuettes des bords de Marne et de Seine" may sound like fancy gastronomy, but is simply fried baby whitebait



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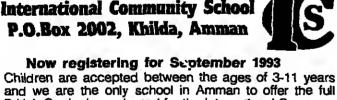
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# Financial flows to developing countries hit record \$176b in '92

developing countries jumped 23 per cent in 1992 to a record \$176 billion as a result of an explosion in bank lending, the Organisation for Economie Cooperation and Development (OECD) said

With direct investment also rising smartly, private money flows reached \$99.8 billion and exceeded official aid for the first time since 1983, the OECD's Development Assistance Com-mittee (DAC) said in an annual

report.
The panel welcomed the increase, which it said reflected positive economic and political trends in developing countries.

But it cautioned that the boom might not be sustainable and said that, in any case, only a few better-off developing countries were benefitting from the sudden

"The ability of the vast nomber of the poorer developing countries to attract external resources, particularly private flows, is little changed. For them, official development finance remains the backbone of resource proviosion," the DAC said.

Here, too, the picture was en-couraging. DAC Chairman Alexander Love told a news confer-

Despite budget constraints, the

Peanuts

Andy Capp

Mutt'n'Jeff

HAMMAH-NOT BAD! ITS

A PRETTY SHELL COSTUME

I GOT FOR THE PARTY AT

SIR SIDNEYS TONIGHT!

I CAN SEE YOU

NOW SITTING ON THE

BENCH OF THE SUPREME

COURT .. THEY'D PROBABLY PUT YOU RIGHT NEXT

JEFF, YOU AIN'T GOIN

TO THAT CLASSY PARTY

DRESSED LIKE THAT

SURE:

WHATS

WRONG

TO JUDGE SANDRA

DAY O'CONNOR.

volume of grants and soft loans rose 1.1 per cent in real terms to \$60.8 billion, which Mr. Love described as "a positive response to continuing challenges in developing countries."

About half of the rich nations

that make up the DAC boosted their official development assist-ance in 1992, with Switzerland, Spain, Sweden, Denmark and Italy all reporting big increases.
The United States was the big-

gest donor in money terms, providing \$11.7 billion, followed by Japan \$11.1 billion, France with \$8.3 billion and Germany with \$7.6 billion.

But for the 21 DAC members as a whole, the volome of aid was unchanged from 1991 at 0.33 per cent of gross national product well short of the international target of 0.7per cent and still below the 0.34 per cent average: recorded between 1979 and 1988. Finland, canght in a deep re-cession, redoced its aid for the

Among big donors, Japan cot back by 5.8 per cent, Britain by 4.0 per cent and Germany by 2.1 per cent, the report said.

first time in 15 years, by 23.9 per

It said the expansion of private flows in 1992 was broad based, with all its components at record

International bank lending in-

creased to \$40 billion from 11 zil and Argentina in Latin Amerbillion. Short-term lending ica, India, China and Indonesia in accounted for over balf the rise. As a result, the total debt

burden of developing countries grew three per cent in 1992 to \$1.93 billioo, the OECD said. The cost of servicing the debt was inchanged at about \$150 billion. Mr. Love said be was confident there would not be a repeat of the Latin American debt crisis of the early 1980s, when a string of countries buckled under the bur-

den of heavy bank debts and were

forced to halt payments. Countries such as Mexico were in a much better position today because they bad reformed their economies and embarked on privatisation. But Mr. Love said it would be necessary to keep a watch out for an excessive build-

Proceeds from bond issues rose \$1.2 billion to \$14.2 billion in 1992 and other private flows, including portfolio investment, increased to \$9.5 billion from **\$**6.6 billion.

Foreign direct investment grew over \$4 billion to nearly \$31 billion, an increase that the OECD was particularly notable when set against the falling trend in total outward investment by rich industrial countries.

But the beneficiaries were few and far between - Mexico, Bra-

# ECO leaders agree to form bank, airline

ISTANBUL (R) — Leaders of 10 Economic Cooperation Organisation (ECO) nations agreed Wednesday to form a bank to help finance trade and investment in a buge region stretching from Europe to China. They also agreed to establish a regional airline, a shipping company and a reinsurance firm, and said there would be cooperation in transport and tourism.

In a joint communique at the eod of a two-day summit, they said the ECO trade and investment bank would be established in Istanbul to finance trade and investments in member countries.

The airline and shipping company would be hased in Iran and the reinsorance company in

Details of the bank, the transport companies and the reinsurance firm would be discussed at a foreign ministers' meeting in Tehran in January, Pakistani offi-

# Gold price rises to \$397 an ounce

LONDON (AFP) — A surge of buying by speculators and investors maintained upward pressure on the prices of precious metals here Wednesday and the price of gold reached \$397.25 an ounce. This was the highest price since

the Gulf war in January 1991 and took the increase so far this week to more than \$10.

The price bad closed here Tuesday at \$391.90 an ounce, and analysts said that the underlying point since January 1991.

factor was an easing of interest rates in Europe and fears that inflation in Europe might rise. The price of silver held above

\$5 an ounce and was being quoted at \$5.20 in trading during the morning. This has the highest price since May 1990 and compared with \$5.09 at the close Tuesday.

The price of platinum rose to \$408.75 an ounce from \$404.25 Tnesday to reach the highest

# Jordan's steps in labour field highlighted

AMMAN — Ali Dajani, advisor at the Amman Chamber of Industry, bas addressed the 89th session of the International Labour Conference held in Geneva in June. Mr. Dajani spoke on bebalf of employers within the tripartite Jordan delegation to the conference composed of representatives of the Ministry of Labour, the Amman Chamber of Industry, the Federation of Chambers and Commerce, and the Federation of

Asia and Kuwait and Saudi Ara-

countries (apart from India or

China) got some additional bank

lending, but little other private

finance, while private flows to the

poorest developing countries as

well as to Africa have now

reached negative levels," the re-

"As a group, the low-income

bia in the Mideast.

port said.

Jordan's Labour Unions. Following is Mr. Dajani's

In the name of God, the Merciful, the Compassionate!On behalf of the employers of Jordan, represented by the Chamber of Industry of Amman, and on my own behalf, I have the honour of congratulating the president on his election to the chair of the 89th session of the International Labour Conference, a mark of the esteem in which he is held internationally, given his special position in the Arab World, bis wide experience in labour matters and in vocational training, and the reputation be enjoys in the Arab Republie of Egypt, which has made considerable progress in economie, social and scientifie

The Arab Labour Organisation also works alongside its Arab member countries in devleoping social concepts of work and in applying them in such a way as to achieve social stability and hence peace, security and regional and international cooperation.

We have full confidence in the ability of the president of this session of the conference which will guarantee its success and lay the basis for the success for future

I should like to congratulate Mr. Hansenne on his sterling work on behalf of the organisation and on his unanimous election for a second term of office. We were extremely pleased when he visited us at the Chamber of Industry in Amman, where he was welcomed by the chairman, the members and many employers. Important discussions took place on the organisation's work on behalf of the development of labour and of production capacities. We decided to set up a special unit equipped with ILO publications, documents and re-ports as reference material for those interested in labour problems and the organisation's efforts in that area.

General consciousness-raising and instruction regarding employment are important starting points for the establishment of equitable systems and concepts applicable to the social compo-

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ALWAYS ME-!

NOTHING! ONLY THIS

YOU'RE GONNA FEEL

IS A HIGH-CLASS AFFAIR!

nent of economie development and for the interlinking of economie and social goals, so that economic development redounds to the benefit of all.

This would lay the basis for social reform involving mother and child protection, aid and training facilities for the handicapped, and protection of all human beings against poverty and unemployment.

I should like to reaffirm our commitment to the principle of tripartite dialogue between the Ministry of Labour, trade unions and employers' associations. The upshot of such cooperation bas been the establishment of an institute of social security and a vocational training institute. Recently, an agreement was concluded on a review of labour legislation to make it more clear and to ensure that it covers the rights and duties of workers and

This new legislation contains, inter alia, a provision requiring the employment of a certain percentage of handicapped persons in enterprises and provides for an increase in maternity leave from 42, to 70 days.

The reports of the directorgeneral "Social insurance and Social Protection" expresses profound bumanitarian feeling. It deals with fundamental concepts that are in line with the fun-

damental beliefs of Islam, which inter alia provide for an alms tax (Zakat) which confirms the right of all, workers or others in need, to assistance without distinction on grounds of race, sex, or religion or identity. Human compassion is a doty. Nonetheless, expanding this concept would, 1 believe depend on economie capacity and the rate of economic growth as well as employment

As employers, in Jordan we are cooperating with official au-thorities in order to focus initiatives in the field of investment and at the same time to improve the level of vocational training and introduce new elements into education and training, to complement traditional forms. We are trying to encourage selfemployment as a way of fighting unemployment.

We also encourage small-and medium-sized enterprises, especially those which supply existing industries. The goals and objectives are clear, but achieving them is a questison of time and our economic and financial re-

In point of fact, this depends on our capacity to shoulder the burden of taxes, which is particularly high in Jordan. They are perhaps the highest of all developing countries, but we are

ernment needs this income to supplement its expenditure and in particular social protection.

The concept of social security is reaching all levels and we are proud to say that people in Jor-dan bave voluntarily contributed to the creation of hospitals and to the establishment of a centre to treat cancer patients. We were able, in a few months, to collect 70 per cent of the amount needed which initially amounted to 12 million dinars.

This is proof of what we mean by compassion.

Under the guidance of His Majesty King Hussein, we are entering a new era of bope based on democracy and we are, undergoing consultations in order to

THE BETTER HALF,

strengthen the International Bill of Human Rights, consolidate pluralism and respect for the opinions of others, because the basie element in all this is man as the true wealth of people.

The individual that assumes his responsibilities is a man who constructs, produces and who gives the fruit of his labour for the sake of social protection.

We believe that it is also indispensable to ensure and cover the needs of the needy, the elderly, the disabled and the sick. The twenty-first century must concentrate on people throughout the world, to preserve their dignity and guarantee fulfilment of their

needs and safety. We hope that this will be the slogan of organisation when it celebrates its 75th anniversary.

By Glasbergen



### HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR THURSDAY JULY 8, 1993

By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

plished today but don't forget to deal with more major items on your agenda tha you're thinking of

You can get others to go along with your goals if you give them an understanding smile after which delays at some duties require use of much patience. TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20)

Make sure you are especially pleasant with members of your household today and you sidestep some friction but later a pleasure you anticipate is delayed. GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) You. can draw usual comrades much closer to you now by giving praise for their achievements while later a

verbose associate should be MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Show your ability to build up energy tonight after a day spent at building for yourself a greater financial security for years to

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Make your plans in the morning for the amusements and recreation that you most enjoy and later steer elear of a money matter that is a

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) You certainly need to be care-

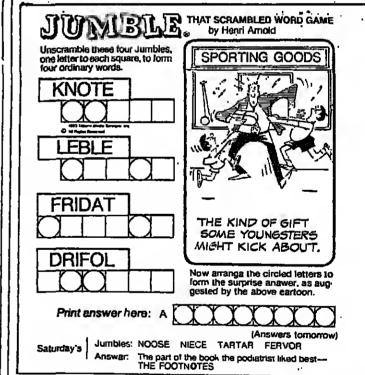
GENERAL TENDENCIES: Any-thing you had planned to make your surroundings more lovely and comfortable can easily be accom-plans for the future.

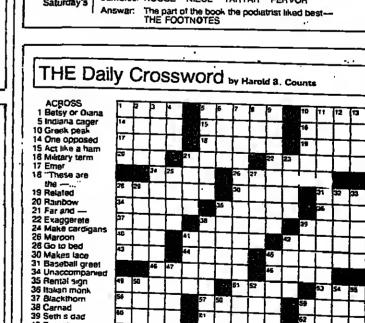
LIBRA (September 23 to October acquaintance into loyal friend in the morning by concentrating on ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) pleasing that individual while tonight avoid fussing petty things SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) Do what you know will please those persons in the same vocation as yourself in outside world and geap benefits, tonight a newcomer can give you a bad time. SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Whatever you have in mind making headway in your character development can be attained now but tonight a public matter can cause you distress.

> CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Consider well the various wishes your attachment has stated would be welcome and do what you can to get them today, tonight keep private plans a secrel. AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) Be more openminded to accept the suggestions made by one who has been very successful in the outside world but tonight be economical in your pleasures.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Your love for beauty should be more evident about you so don't hesitate to spend a little more to accomplish this purpose, tonight avoid a yacking ally.

# GLASBERGEN "I made the remote control into an earring so I won't keep losing it!"





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# **HOROSCOPE**

FORECAST FOR FRIDAY JULY 9, 1993 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Don't waste any time today on the dreary or unimportant. Utilize the exceptionally excellent four Moon aspects to thrust forward with those higher-ups who you know can be helpful in the framework of your capabilities.

ARIES: (March 21 10 April 19) You see ways you can go along with whet your family desires and that can put you in a good condi-tion where any duties facing you may be concerned.

You see the best outlet by which you can take your special talent to those who are able to put it across where it can bring you the gain. GEMINI: (May 2t to June 21) You have a good day to take a good clear look at your residence and to see what needs to be done to make life happier there and then put in

July 21) You have some very good ideas how best to use your abilities to gain the conditions in the outside world that appeals to you through usual allies.

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) You have big ideas about having the good things of life but they need to

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) You can take what ideas you have to one who is well versed in

query a successful businessperson

PISCES: (February 20 to March

for answers.

putting ideas and articles across and get good advice in whatever LIBRA (September 23 to October 22) Consider well those intimete urges that you now have and the best manner in which you can get them to become an actual part of

your everyday living. SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) Think what acquaintances are the most selective in their judgment you know and seek from them suggestions what you can do TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) .to improve personal success. SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to

December 21) This is that day to consider all phases and facets of your present vocational activities and what you can do to enhance your success with them. CAPRICORN: (December 22 to nuary 20) You like 10 work out a plan of action that has every angle thoughtfully considered and this is

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to your day to do just this with a new venture. AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) A very good day for you to busy yourself with the practical aspects of your practical affairs and

be reduced to a working level and this is your day to make them a

20) You would be wise to engage in considerable conversation with a discriminating associate who has good ideas you need for an important project.

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ENTICHAL SHOUTRIES 3.300 11.230 2.370 0.340 3.750 0.840 3.690 9.300 1.240 10.800 4.740 4.740 1.870 3.300 ENTIONAL SHOPETRIES
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Financial

**Jordan Times** In co-operation with Cairo Amman Bank

U.S. Dollar in International Markets

Сигтепсу	New York Close	Takya Close Inde 7/7/93
Sterling Pound "	1.5035	1,5030
Deutsche Mark	1.7046	1.7025
Swiss Franç	1.5115	1.5100
French Franc	5.7660	5.7520**
Japanese Yen	108.80	108,55
European Carreny Unit	1.1485	1.1505**

Eurocurrency Interest Rates		Date: 7/7/1993		
I MTH	3 MTHS	6 MTHS	12 MTHS	
3.00	3.15	3.37	3.56	
5.75	5.73	5.56	5.56	
7.43	7.18	7.00	6.43	
4.75	4.68	4.53	4.43	
7.37	7.06	6.56	6.06	
3.18	3.18	3.06	3.12	
7.62	7.37	6.93	6.43	
	1 MTH 3.00 5.75 7.43 4.75 7.37 3.16	1 MTH 3 MTHS 3.00 3.15 5.75 5.73 7.43 7.18 4.75 4.68 7.37 7.06 3.18 3.18	1 MTH 3 MTHS 6 MTHS 3.00 3.15 3.37 5.75 5.73 5.56 7.43 7.18 7.00 4.75 4.68 4.53 7.37 7.06 6.56 3.18 3.18 3.06	

Date: 7/7/1993

Currency	Bid	Offer
U.S. Dollar	0.6960	0.6980
Sterling Pound	1.0442	1.0494
Deutsche Mark	0.4082	0.4102
Swiss Franc	0.4607	0.4630
French Franc	0.1207	0.1213
japanese Yen	0.6391	0.6423
Dvich Guilder	0.3636	0.3654
Swedish Kropa	0.0450	0.0895
Italian Lira	0.0450	0.0452
Belgian Franc	0.01984	0.01994

Other Currencies	Date	Date: 7/7/1993		
Currency	Bid-	Offer		
Buhraini Dinar	1.8200	1.8410		
Lebanese Lira	0.03865	0.04100		
Saudi Riyal	0.18500	0.18575		
Kuwaiti Dinar	2.2200	2.2900		
Quinri Riyal	0.1881	0.1929		
Egyptian Pound	0.2000	0.2300		
Omani Riyal	1.7700	1.8230		
UAE Dirham	. 0.1881	0.1929		
Greek Drachma	0.2985	0.3285		
Cypriot Pound	1.3475	1.3975		

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession on the London Foreign Exchange and bullion markets Wednes-

U.S. \$1.000 costs

One sterling

One ounce of gold

1.2835/45 1,7005/15 1.9110/20 1.5070/80 34.98/99 5.7490/540 1543/1545 107.35/45 7.8340/440 7.1940/2040 6.5280/380

\$1.5030/40

\$397,25/398.00

Canadian dollar Deutschemarks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yea Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns

# Logjam broken on stalled GATT accord -TOKYO (R) -The World's four more determined than ever to and the European Community -

wide range of goods, action that U.S. President Bill Clinton said had broken a logjam in the search for a long-stalled GATT accord.

But Mr. Clinton as well as diplomats and officials at GATT headquarters in Geneva said that, welcome as the tariff-cutting pact was, serious obstacles remained to a new international trade trea-

The U.S. president, speaking on the opening day of the Tokyo summit of seven top industrial nations, told reporters he was

Agreement on Tariffs and

Trade). He noted that past pledges of the Group of Seven (G-7) — the United States, Japan, Canada, Britain, Italy, France and Germany - to complete GATT talks had gone unfulfilled.
"This year we have recaptured

the momentum," Mr. Clinton said.

In Geneva, new GATT chief Peter Sutherland welcomed the accord reached in Tokyo between the United States, Japan, Canada

biggest trading powers agreed reach a global trade agreement the so-called quad—and hailed it Wednesday to cut tariffs on a under GATT (the General as the signal to relaunch multilateral negotiations.

But an envoy from one key developing country said the Tokyo accord, which would in principle set the guidelines for a treaty in GATT's 116-state Uruguay Round of talks, might not be totally acceptable to all newly-

emerging economies. "We need to look at the fine print," the envoy told Renters. "a lot of people will not be keen to agree on zero-for-zero tariffs in some of the areas the quad wants

U.S. Trade Representative Mickey Kantor said the pact paved the way for the "the biggest tariff cut in history" and would help create about 1.4 million jobs in 10 years in the United

States alone. Mr. Kantor told reporters he was now confident of a conclusion to the Uruguay Round, which should have been completed in December 1990, by Dec. 15.

Responding to reporters' ques-tions, he added: "No winners nor losers. We all won."

French officials were less euphoric about the agreement, calling it mostly procedural and saying it failed to go very far towards satisfying European de-

mands for open markets. The four trading powers reached agreement on 18 diffe-

rent sectors. The pact includes eliminating tariffs on eight of whose sectors pharmaceuticals, medical equipment, construction equipment, steel, farm equipment, furniture, beer and distilled spir-

It also cuts peak tariffs by up to 50 per cent in four others, ceramics, glass, textiles and apparel,

Mr. Kantor said. British Prime Minister John Major said the trade pact meant that 85 per cent of a possible

GATT agreement was now in

Like Mr. Kantor, Mr. Major looked at the hard-won agreement in domestic political terms. He said the deal could create conditions for the creation of more than 2500,000 jobs in Britain over the next 10 years.

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Militants worries linger

# Egyptian businessmen welcome IMF pact

CA1RO (R) — Egyptian 'gone conclusion.' businessmen welcomed Wednes- The agreement day a new reform programme agreed with the International Monetary Fund (IMF) as a muchneeded boost to a depressed economy, ending months of uncertainty over the talks.

But they said Muslim militant devastation of Egypt's key foreign currency earner, tourism, still cast a shadow over the whole economy that was stifling investment and growth.

Youssef Boutros Ghali, a minister of state and key Egyptian negotiator with the IMF and World Bank, told Reuters Tuesday Egypt and the two bodies would sign a letter of intent in the net few days on new reforms that ' made Western forgiveness of over \$3 billion of debt "a fore-

The agreement reached in Washington last week ends

months of tough hargaining and commits Egypt to three more years of reforms designed to launch a free market in the most pupulous Arah country and finish decades of socialist-style econo-

"It will mean the end of this uncertainty. The government will have a clear programme. The worst enemy of the economy is indecision and uncertainty," said Hazem El Beblawi, chairman of the Export Development Bank of

Businessmen said Egypt's limited export sector had achieved good growth in the last couple of years. But the much larger home market ws stagnant as reforms

pushed the price of raw materials up to international levels and depressed demand.

New investment, both domestic and foreign, has been heavily focused on tourism and slowed sharply when Muslim militants fighting to overthrow the government began a series of attacks on the industry last year.

Tourism and terrorism are still in the hackground, there is a feeling of depression," said Ahmad Shawki, managing director of an accounting and consultancy firm. "No one wants to put their money down while there's uncertainty.

Some businessmen said another reason for stagnation had been sluggish implementation hy the government of reforms,



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Man leaves bank

DUBAI (R) ... a wridentified Indian left a bank is C 1 si with 100,000 dirhams (\$27,000) in . . . .

of a hurry. The cashier soon

found ont wby. The money be-

longed to the man behind him in

the queue. "A man who works in

(\$27,000) to cash, when the

cashier called for the owner of the

check to come forward a man did,

took the money and left," Al-

Ittihad newspaper quoted a bank official as saying. "When the turn of the second man in the queue came he asked about his 100,000.

dirhams,..the cashier and the cus-

tomer realised the trick and ran

after the man who cashed the

money, but he had escaped," it

LONDON (AP) - Actor Mel

Gibson accepted a public apology

for a newspaper article that sug-gested he criticised other top stars

for accepting sexually explicit roles, his lawyer said. The Daily Express published a story in April

beadlined Hollywood's Shame

which claimed Gibson told repor-

ters that movie stars such as

Madonna, Sharon Stone, Kim

Basinger and Richard Gere "are

just like porn stars" because they

accepted "obscene" roles. Gib-

son's lawyer, Michael Skrein

told the high court that the Au-

stralian actor did not make those

drawing gets record

Mel Gibson

from tabloid

accepts apology

a jewellery shop came to the bank with a check for 100,000 dirhams.

w. 3 somebody eist 9 ~27,000

# Fighting rages as Bosnian Muslims face more pressure

SARAJEVO (R) - Bosnian riv- leader Radovan Karadzic, who Commissioner for Refugees als fought across swathes of terri-threatened Tuesday to seek intertory Wednesday as Muslims faced growing pressure from all side. sign up to a three-way split of tt. former Yugoslav republic.

"In our areas of operation we are seeing fighting everywhere," Commander Barry Frewer, spokesman for the U.N. Protection Force (UNPROFOR) in Bosnia, said in Sarajevo.

United Nations peace envoy Thorvald Stoltenberg was in the Croatian capital Zagreb Wednesday in a new round of shuttle diplomacy to persuade the three warring parties in Bosnia to agree to the plan to end I5 months of civil war.

He will be joined by comediator Lord Owen, who Tuesday urged the Muslims to talk directly to the Serbs and Croats about their joint plan for a threesided Bosnian confederation along ethnic lines.

Lord Owen and Mr. Stoltenberg were due to go on to Bel-grade to meet Serbian leader Slobodan Milosevic.

The new UNPROFOR commander for former Yugoslavia, French General Jean Cot, arrived in Belgrade to present his credentials to the Yugoslav authorities. Pressure was also directed on

TOKYO (R) — At least five projectiles hit a U.S. army base in

Japan Wednesday and a home-

made bomb exploded in a public

building under construction in

attacks police blamed on leftists

protesting at the Tokyo summit.

incident, which occurred early

Wednesday - just a few hours

before the start of the meeting of

leaders of the Group of Seven

A' statement by the U.S. army

m Japan said unknown people

launched five to six projectiles

into Camp Zama, southwest of Tokyo, but that no loss of life,

About one hour beforehand, a

crude bomb exploded in an in-

completed building in Osaka, western Japan, that is to house

the International Centre for En-

injury or damage occurred.

(G7) top industrial powers.

No one was burt in either

national recognition for his republic within its present borders the Muslims rejected the confederal plan.

Bosnia's Serbs, aided hy a vast military arsenal left by the former Serbian-led Yugoslav army, have seized 70 per cent of the former Yugoslav republic in 15 months of civil war.

In Helsinki, the European security conference (CSCE) urged Yugolavia to reverse its refusal to extend the mandate of CSCE human rights observer missions. Yugoslavia is protesting against its continued suspension from the CSCE.

A CSCE official said the decision would affect 20 CSCE international staff in Belgrade and the Kosovo, Sandjak and Vojvodina regions of Serbia.

Fighting was reported in north, central and southern Bosnia as the three factions battled for territory with the possibility of an agreement in sight.

The food situation in the northern Muslim stronghold of Tuzla was apparently becoming critical as hungry civilians attempted to storm U.N. aid stores on two

occasions, Maj. Frewer said. He said 300 civilians attempted the Muslims from Bosnian Serb to storm and loot a U.N. High

Anti-G7 group blamed for Japan blasts

Damage was limited to broken

Police said they suspected mili-

A Japanese police officer at

tant radicals opposed to the sum-mit were behind the two attacks.

Zama said his men had disco-

vered some metal fragments and

a large bole in the ground at the entrance to the U.S. base after

the impact of wbat appeared to

radicals protesting the summit

could bave been involved," he

A small militant group, the

Kakurokyo (Revolutionary

Workers); claimed responsibility

for a botched attack last week on another U.S. base at Yokota,

ft said the incident was just the No one was hurt.

near Tokyo.

said in a telephone interview.

"It's enough to indicate that

be a crude smoke bomb.

window panes, Japanese police

vironmental Technology.

warehouse in the Tuzla suburb of Lukavac Monday, forcing U.N. peacekeepers to fire 20 warning shots into the air and disperse the crowd. "There was a report Tuesday that 100 civilians gathered and tried the same again," Maj. Frewer said.

Croatian radio said Croat forces were holding their posi-tions Wednesday morning after a fierce Muslim attack on Kiseljak, near Sarajevo, which killed 15 people and wounded 15 others

Mai. Frewer described the situation in Kiseljak and nearby Visoko as "very difficult". He reported mortar attacks

and heavy fighting in Gornji Vakuf Tuesday, increased combat operations in the Lasva Val-Novi Travnik and Fojnica and sporadic fighting around Vitez, the British UNPROFOR battalion base in central Bosnia. Maj. Frewer reported con-

tinued Muslim and Croat fighting and shelling around mostar and street combat in Stolac. The Croatian News Agency

(HINA) said five Croat soldiers were wounded and several Muslim soldiers killed and wounded in the heavy overnight fighting in

first in a series it was planning to

disrupt the gathering of leaders of the United States, Britain, France, Germany, Italy, Canada

Japanese authorities have

clamped a buge security opera-tion on the capital and around

other possible terrorist targets for the summit. Some 36,000 police

The government bas never for-

gotten the coup leftists achieved

at the last Tokyo G7 summit, in

1986, when they fired four rock-

ets just over the beads of U.S.
President Ronald Reagan, British
Prime Minister Margaret
Thatcher and other assembled

lignitaries.
The projectiles flew four

kilometres and missed the VIP gathering by a mere 50 metres.

and Japan.

are on top alert.



A Bosnian Croat fighter fires at a Bosnian army position on the urban front of Mostar (AFP photo)

Bosnian radio said Serbs fired of Saraievo.

attacks on nearby Maglaj.

heavy shelling of Zavidovici in the northern tip of central Bosnia Tuesday and accused the Serbs and Croats of joint artillery

approachable for the past two

A Reuter correspondent who

drove to the international airport,

25 kilometres away, before dawn

said some barricades erected by

It was too early to say whether a virtual siege of Lagos had been

fully broken but many more

workers appeared in streets near

major banks and businesses than

at any time since the weekend.

Lawyer Nike Ransome-Knti

said her father Beko, president of

the Campaign for Democracy

Pressure Group, was arrested just before midnight.

"No reason was given and no

He had called for a week of

protests against the military gov-

ernment's decision to abandon an

arrest warrant was produced;"

youths had been dismantled.

days, residents said.

### were killed and two wounded in 2.000 shells in 24 hours on Trnovo, apparently a new flashpoint in central Bosnia 30 kilometres east

# Bosnian radio said two people

Nigerian army moves in to quell Lagos protests going to districts almost un-

LAGOS (R) — Nigeria's military government deployed army tanks at key flashpoints in Lagos Wednesday to quell gangs of marauding youths in fresb outbreaks of political violence in the sprawling city.

Residents reported tanks and other armour in the Ikeja and Maryland areas, on the way to the international airport, and in the Ikorodu suburb. A witness said two demonstrators were killed by gunfire in the crowded Mushin slum area Wednesday morning.

"Buses were being blocked by booligans. Security forces opened fire and two people were killed instantly. The bodies are still there," the witness, a driver, told Reuters. The fatalities in Mushin were the first to be reported since soldiers in full combat gear joined armed police to help end prodemocracy protests in Nigeria's

biggest city. Protests against the military government's annullment of the June 12 presidential election, the first in a decade, started on Mon-

da has ordered a fresh poll. The protest organiser, Beko Ransome-Kuti, was arrested, his

day. President Ibrahim Babangi-

bave given Nigeria its first civilian president for a decade. One of Thomas.

protests moved in

vees. Tunii " away by up to 25 agents and "a minor scuffle" at their home, Nike said.

The crisis which provoked the

day of talks

NEWS IN BRIEF

# Shevardnadze: Abkhazia conflict is worsening

TBILISI, Georgia (R) — Georgian leader Eduard Shevardnadze said Wednesday that war between his countrymen and rebels in the breakaway region of Ahkhazia was going into its "most violent phase."

Hundreds of people have died since Georgia sent troops to the Black Sea region last Angust to suppress nationalist demands for more autonomy. Abkbazians now hold almost all the territory except the capital Sukhumi and the town of Ochamchira.

Mr. Shevardnadze, a former Soviet foreign minister, declared martial law in Ahkhazia Tuesday. handing over rule of the seething province to his army after a major rebel assault on Sukhumi and days of intense fighting.

Today the whole of Georgia

must live by the laws of war and martial law in Abkhazia must be imposed uncomplainingly," be told a regional government meet-ing in Sukhumi,
"I don't want to be understood

as saying mass shootings and punishment must become the order of the day. But war is war and it has its own laws," be

Military rule came into force for an initial two-month period from 10 p.m. (1800 GMT) Tuesday. The move has formally to be approved by the Georgian parlia-

Mr. Shevardnadze said the rebels. based at Gudauta further up the Black Sea coast, intended to destroy Sukhumi.

ITAR-TASS News Agency quoted Georgian sources as saying fighting was intensifying along the Gumista River near Sukhumi, wbere Abkbazian

17 per cent of the population of the province, are backed by Muslim mercenaries from the Caucasus and, according to Georgia, by mayerick Russian army units. Moscow denies this charge.

Mr. Shevardnadze's move looked set to put bim on a collision course with Russian Foreign Minister Andrei Kozyrev, who on July 4 warned Georgia and the rebels they must sign a peace pact soon or face "harshest" economic pressure from Moscow.

Mr. Kozyrev told Commonwealth Television the outlines of a peace deal had been sketched at Russian-brokered talks in Mos-

The deal called for implementation of a ceasefire and rec-ognition of Abkhazian autonomy, backed hy strong guarantees, within "the territorial integrity of Georgia."

But the Georgian Foreign Ministry has since shrugged off Monday's threat, saying the former Soviet republic was in any case receiving virtually nothing from Russia.

U.N. Secretary-General Boutros Ghali last week proposed 50 U.N. military observers he deployed in Georgia in the Sukumi and Ochamachira districts of Abkhazia, the first peacekeeping venture in the former Soviet Un-

But Sir David Hannay of Britain, this month's Security Council president, said Wednesday he had been informed the contingent would not be deployed until after a ceasefire was established.

Council sources said Russia supported deployment of the military observers, who are unforces were building np amid heavy shooting. Sukhumi had been fired on overnight, it said.

armed or lightly armed officers, fearing the fighting might otherwise get out of control.

# Kravchuk says nuclear arms should be Ukraine's

KIEV (R) - President Leonid Kravchuk said Wednesday he supported proposals for former Soviet nuclear weapons on Ukrainian territory to be temporarily "My feeling is that it should be

set down that Ukraine must be the owner of nuclear weapons on its territory pending their destruction," he said, referring to a parliamentary resolution to this effect last week.

Mr. Kravchuk's comments to Reuters, during a conference of collective farm bosses, were the first indication he supported a growing number of deputies calling for Ukrainian control over some of the 176 former Soviet missiles in the country.

But he said Ukraine still bad to be a non-nuclear state. During a protracted debate on

disarmament, the president has repeatedly called on parliament to ratify the START-1 and non-

proliferation treaties. "I firmly believe that Ukraine is a non-nuclear state and will never change this opinion," Mr. Kravchnk said. Parliament last week proc-

laimed the former Soviet weapons on its territory Ukrainian property, but the Foreign Ministry and several deputies bave 'said the 'decision' tacked legal foundation.

Parliament's formal assertion of Ukrainian ownership of atomic weapons on its territory further cess of trying to ensure the ex-Soviet republic becomes a nonnuclear state, a senior U.S. official said Wednesday.

"The process of Ukraine going non-nuclear is a complicated one and that obviously is another complication," said the senior U.S. official, hriefing reporters at the Group of Seven (G7) economic summit.

### remarks or any like them. Gibson was not in court to hear Express newspapers apologise and agree to pay his legal costs.

Michelangelo

price at auction

LONDON (AP) — The Getty Museum paid £4. If million (\$6.27 million) for a Michelangelo drawing not seen in public for more than 150 years, Christie's auction house said. The price, a world record for a drawing by an old master, includes £3.8 million (\$5.7 million) for the painting. The rest is commission. The drawing, called Holy Family With The Infant Baptist On The Rest On The Flight Into Egypt," was sold by a private collector, whose name was not made public. Cbristie's said the drawing bought by the Malibu, California, museum is "one of the most important drawings to appear at auction in the modern era." The chalk and ink drawing depicts the meeting of the infant John The Baptist, accompanied by two along with Mary and Joseph on the flight from Hand the flight from Herod's persecution. The meeting was a favourite mage in Florentine art. "It's a great drawing by one of the great artists. f think it's a very moving image," said Dr. George Goldner, curator of drawings at the Getty Museum. "It will be arguably one of the most important drawings in our collection. There are very few by this artist in the whole of the United States," be

### Suspects in \$10m jewelry hold-up arrested

NICE, France (AFP) - Two men have been arrested in connection with a hold-up in which a rich American couple were robbed of \$10 million worth of jewellery on the French Riviera, police said bere. Marviri Davis, a major shareholder in the Metro Goldwyn Mayer film corporation, and his wife Barbara were being driven along the road between Antibes and Juan-Les-Pins Monday when their way was blocked by two other vehicles. Four armed men wearing masks jumped out and forced the occupants to open the doors of the limousine and overpowered the chanffeur. They opened the trunk and removed a case containing jewels worth 56 million francs (\$10 million) and \$50,000 in casb, according to the victims. Police believe the thieves, one of whom spoke English, must have been acting on a tip-off.

### 27 horses stolen from the Camargue found in Normandy :

425,

CAEN, France (AFP) - Twenty seven valuable white borses from the Camargue, out of over 150 reported stolen in the past nine months, have turned up in Normandy, police said Tuesday. The owner of the land where they were grazing in Lisieux has heen arrested. Twenty three of the horses were marked and have been returned to their owners. Police believe the horses were drugged for the long journey from the Camargue plains on the south coast to Normandy in northeast France, where they were sold for a third of their true value with forged certificates of

### between the leaders of the two Miyazawa was the first to resign. daughter told Reuters. army-created parties which con-tested the poll. Public transport was running in Two months later the LDP lost lower house majority and being the city centre and buses were

TOKYO (R) — While Japanese Group of Seven (G-7) summit Wednesday, his political support was crumbling just before a genéral election on July 18. New disclosures Wednesday

suggested widespread bribery of officials by a number of the counary's biggest construction firms and raised the prospect of a whole new set of scandals hitting "Miyazawa is playing the role of summit bost to the hilt, but it's

not going to do much to improve his image or that of the party with voters," said an exasperated official at the headquarters of the long-ruling Liberal Democratic Party (LDP).

"His public support rate is almost as bad as (then-premier) Takeshita's four years ago," he said, "and we all remember how hadly we lost in elections back

Nohoru Takeshita stepped down as prime minsiter and LDP

Prime Minister Kiichi Miyazawa . record low support rating of three basked in the limelight of the to six per cent after he and half bis cabinet were implicated in the buge Recruit stock-peddling scama. Then finance minister, Mr.

Miyazawa's political base crumbles

its majority in the upper house for the first time since the party's founding in 1955. Although it retained its lower house majority it has had to compromise with opposition parties in passing leglation through parliament.

Now it appears that Mr. Miyazawa, whose 20 month-old government has been hit by two new big pay-off scandals, is competing with Mr. Takeshita for the record as least popular leader.

Only 6.7 per cent of 2,300 respondents to the latest opinion poll said they hacked Mr. Miyazawa's cabinet while 79 per cent did not. The conservative Sankei Shimbun daily, which published the poll Wednesday, said Mr. Miyazawa's support rate backs on a ruling p was fast approaching Mr. regarded as corrupt.

Takeshita's as the lowest since polling began after World War II.

> one or more of the new parties if it wants to stay in power. LDP dissidents, angry over Mr. Miyazawa's failure to push

through anti-corruption and political reform laws, joined the opposition in forcing down the government on June 18 in a noconfidence vote and setting the stage for the election.

formed two new splinter parties that, along with the fast-rising Japan New Party (JNP), are expected to win the support of voters who have turned their backs on a ruling party widely

20,000 civilians in fighting in Tad-

number of executions in the Un-

ited States - a total of 3I last

In a continent by continent

analysis for 1992, Europe stood out with

the civil war in the former Yugos-

lavia and the worsening situation

in the former Soviet republics.

cases has become worse as the

European Community toughers

its stance towards asylum-

In Africa, human rights viol

tions continue in an "appalling

manner despite promises of in-

Asia remained a continent

where buman rights were particu-

larly ignored. India, China, the

Philippines, Indonesia and Cam-

bodia were specifically de-

the Middle East, Amnesty said,

noting the increase of executions

In Latin America, the "death

squads" continued to perpetrate

terror, particularly in Colombia,

Torture remained the rule in

nounced by the organisation.

seekers, Amnesty said.

creased democracy.

in Iran and Iraq.

The plight of refugees in these

- A marked increase in the

jikistan;

# 1992 was a 'catastrophic' year for human rights — Amnesty

1992 was "catastrophic" for human rights around the world, with "carnage" in Somalia and the former Yugoslavia, an alarming increase in the number of refugees and evidence of torture in 110 countries, Amnesty International said Tuesday in its andual report.

The London-based human rights organisation accused governments of "playing politics with people's lives" and reproached the international community for having "cynically ignored" its obligations when it suited them. "In the former Yugoslavia and

in Somalia, the carnage was on a terrifying scale with thousands of men, women and children tortured, killed or unaccounted

for," Amnesty said.
"In countries such as Chad, China, fraq, Liberia, Peru and Sri Lanka, human rights violations continued at horrifying levels." and the media sometimes failed to report it.

The report, which examines human rights in 161 countries worldwide, said prisoners of consience were being beld in 62 countries, while 110 governments "allowed" torture and 45 of them

LONDON (AFP) - The year used murder to get rid of opposition or "trouhlemakers."

Denouncing the "hypocrisy" of the international community when dealing with human rights, Amnesty noted that "The world has witnessed buman rights violations of allies being greeted with silence, while those of declared enemies were met with public condemnations, sometimes backed with actions.'

The organisation said there had been "nn serious international attempt" to put pressure on China, Turkey or Mexico.

1992 saw an increase in the number of refugees, as millions fled the former Yugoslavia, and whole sections of the population left Burma, Vietnam, Somalia, Sudan, Yemen and Haiti.

Amnesty reported five major trends in the past year: - An increase in political and religious violence in the Middle East, specifically Egypt, Algeria,

- An increase in the number of rapes by policemen in India; - The massacre of thousands of Somali civilians by rival armed

and the Israeli occupied Arab ter-

- The death of an estimated Peru, Brasil and in Guatemala.

The governing party now appears headed for defeat in the

npcoming election. Polls and pundits predict the LDP will go down to historic defeat, losing its forced to seek a coalition partner. Analysts said the LDP will be

forced to make a coalition with

The LDP defectors then

# Major sets new unpopularity record

LONDON (AFP) -- Prime Minister John Major is now the most unpopular British premier ever, with only 14 per cent of voters believing he is doing a good job, according to an opinion poll for the Guardian newspaper Wednesday. Beleaguered by a deep recession and a series of government pitfalls, Mr. Major is faring worse than any other British prime minister since polling began in 1938. The ICM poll showed Mr. Major was perceived as incompetent, and with "no clear idea of where he is leading the government." His popularity rating at just 14 per cent was well below Margaret Thatcher's lowest ever recording in her darkest hour of April 1990 when she scored just 23 per cent, and lower than 19 per cent scored in a MORI poll last week. Seven months after her lowest poll, Mrs. Thatcher was out of office. In an ICM comparison with a Time magazine poll showing the popularity of the other leaders of the Group of Seven (G7) major industrial nations, Mr. Major scored the lowest apart from Japanese Prime Minister Kiichi Miyazawa, who gained a paltry nine per cent. Top of the G7 league was Italian Premier Carlo Azeglio Ciampi with 60 per cent, followed by Francois Mitterrand of France at 46 per cent, and then jointly U.S. leader Bill Clinton and Germany's Helmut Kohl on 38 per cent. Canada's Kim Campell came in at fifth place above Mr. Major.

# Khmer Rouge capture border temple

PHNOM PENH (AFP) - The radical Khmer Rouge captured Wednesday the world famous Preah Vihear Temple in the north of Cambodia on the border with Thailand, the co-president of the country's new interim government Hun Sen said. The temple came under attack around 5:00 a.m. Wednesday, U.N. spokesman Eric Falt said. A group of about 20 former Phnom Penh government soldiers were stationed at the temple but withdrew when the guerrillas attacked. "We moved our forces away from the temple because we try to avoid attacking the Khmer Rouge because it would damage the temple." Mr. Hun Sen said. Local Thai police from Kantaralak district, facing the 1,000-year-old temple, said the Khmer Rouge had seized the sanctuary. Thai border police, contacted by AFP Bangkok hy telephone, said the fighting had not spilled into Thai territory.

# Russia joins bid for Draskovic rejease

MOSCOW (Agencies) - Russia Wednesday joined an international campaign for the release of Serbian opposition leader Vuk Draskovic. A statement by President Boris Yeltsin's press secretary said Russia was "adding its voice to growing demands to release Draskovic, at least pending trial." Mr. Draskovic and his wife Danica were severely heaten by police on June 2 when they were arrested after leading a political demonstration during which a policeman was shot dead. They have been temporarily removed from prison for treatment in hospital where Draskovic began a bunger strike five days ago. The health of Mr. Draskovic is deteriorating and may become critical within the next 24 hours, doctors at the clinic said Wednesday. The physicians said that they were "taking precantionary measures to avoid critical complications expected in the next 24 hours."

# Cuba foils 3rd bid on human smuggling

HAVANA (R) - Cuban security forces said Tuesday they had foiled a third hrazen attempt in five days by U.S.-based Cuban exiles to smuggle would-be asylum seekers from the island to the United States. The Interior Ministry said in a statement three Cuban exiles were captured by Frontier Guards Sunday evening after their motor launch ran aground and sank near Santa Cruz Del Norte, some 50 kilometres east of Havana. The three detained men, who had left Cuba illegally over the last year, had been trying to pick up six Cubans who were also found and arrested when Cuhan security forces carried out a sweep of the nearby coast. The Interior Ministry said its forces had foiled "one more human contraband deal."

# Estonia rethinks law on foreigners

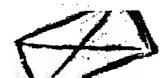
MOSCOW (AFP) - The Estonian parliament is to hold a special sitting this week to revise its controversial law on the status of foreigners, which Russia bas attacked as a form of apartheid against the Baltic state's 600,000 Russian-speakers. President Lennart Meri, announcing the rethink in a statement received here Wednesday, said he would make a television broadcast on the subject in the evening. His decision followed an advisory opinion from the Council of Europe, which Estonia had requested, recommending revision because some sections of the law were incompatible with European legal norms. The law passed by parliament on June 21 stipulated that "noncitizens." Russians are called, would have two years in which to choose between Estonian nationality or simple resident status.

# 15 killed after Italian bus plunges

ROME (R) --- At least 15 people were killed, 21 were injured and two were missing after a bus carrying Italian tourists plunged into a river in the Dolomite Mountains Tuesday, rescue coordinators said, Italy's Civil Protection Service said most of the victims were elderly. It said the accident happened when the bus collided with a car just south of the town of Brunico, in Italy's Alto Adige region near the border with Austria, and careered down an embankment into the fast-flowing River Gadera. More than 150 firemen, police and other emergency workers were involved in the rescue operation. Helicopters were at the scene and fire brigade divers bad been sent to scour the river for bodies, civil protection officials said.

# Vietnam's premier visits Cuba

HAVANA (R) - Vietnam's Prime Minister Vo Van Kiet arrived in Cuba in a visit to an old Communist friend after a tour of four capitalist European countries. Mr. Kiet, 70, number three in the ruling Vietnamese Communist Party's politburo, was personally greeted at Havana Airport by President Fidel Castro, head of Cuba's ruling Communist Party. He was due to stay four days on the Communist-ruled Caribbean island, hold talks with Mr. Castro and visit hospitals and economic projects.



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# **NEWS IN BRIEF**

### Jennings back in goai at Tottenham

LONDON (AFP) - Pat Jennings has become the latest former playing star to join the new-look Tottenham Hotspur. Jennings, who won 119 caps between the posts for Northern Ireland, was made the goalkeeping coach Wednesday by Spurs oew manager and former White Hart Lane hero Ossie Ardiles. He joins former captain Steve Perryman, who has left Watford to become assistant manager, as club chairman Alan Sugar continues his clearout in the wake of Terry Venables' sacking. Sugar appeared at the training ground to welcome the new recruits and watch them work out. Dong Livermore, chief coach under the former manager, has been retained by Ardiles, but there was no room for Jennings' predecessor Ray Clemence, who was sacked after 12 years. Perryman said: 'I'm thrilled to be back at the club after some years away learning my trade. To return to Tottenham, especially with Ossie, is great. I am looking forward to the challenge and I am sure he can make a success of the joh.'

### Fiorentina want to keep Effenberg

FLORENCE, Italy (AFP) — Relegated Fiorentina are determined to drag Germany's Stefan Effenberg down into the Italian second division next season. Effenburg has sent pleading faxes to the Italian sports press, asking them to help him find a first division club that will keep his international career on the rails. But Fiorentina's new coach Claudio Ranieri says he needs the 25-year-old midfielder for the battle back to the top-flight. Ranieri says he understands Effenberg's concern. "I'm promising Effenberg that he will not be forgotten by the national coach for the World Cup," he said. However, Fiorentina's other foreign star, Brian Laudrup of Denmark, could be on the move to champions AC Milan. Laudrup might be released on loan as Milan appear to have dropped their interest in Napoli's Uruguayan striker Daniel Fonseca.

### Africa's best to play in Durban

ABIDJAN (AFP) - Africa's top football club, Africa Sports of Abidjan, are to play a historic friendly against South African side Amazuln in Durban on Aug. 15. The winners of the match, the first between teams from the two commutries, will lift a Unity Cup. officials from hoth clubs said here Wednesday. David Diamini chairman of Amazulu, described the game as "the biggest sporting event for the oldest league club in South Africa." Africa Sports are holders of both the African Cup Winners' Cup and the African Super Cup.

### Socrates to enter politics

RIO DE JANEIRO, Brazil (AP) - Former soccer star Socrates has joined the leftist Workers Party and is considering running for mayor of a small city, a newspaper reported Tuesday. The Jornal Do Brasil reported that Socrates, known for his outspoken political views in his days as a star for Corinthians and the Brazilian national team, signed with the party last Sunday. The paper said Socrates is considering a bid for mayor of the small metrior city of Ribeirao Preto, where he began his career in the 1970s with the local Botafogo Club. The city's current mayor also belongs to the Workers Party. With Sao Paulo's Corinthians Club m the 1980s, Socrates became one of Brazil's top players. His trademark was a behind-the back-pass with his heel that bewildered opponents.

### Sampras to play McEnroe on July 18

MAHWAH, N.J. (AP) — Wimbledon champion Pete Sampras will play John McEnroe oo July 18 in a special benefit exhibition preceding the Pathmark Tennis Classie. Sampras defeated Jim Courier in the Wimhledoo final Sunday to retain his No. 1 world ranking. The 21-year-old Californian is only the second player to win the U.S. Open and Wimbledon before his 22nd birthday. McEnroe, a three-time Wimbledon champ, will donate his purse for the day to the children in the ABC Cities Tennis Programme of Arthur Ashe's Safe Passage Foundation. Ashe started the

PICK THE FINESSE

Newark-based programme in 1990 to provide tennis and academic programmes to disadvantaged youngsters. The seven-day women's exhibition features Gabriela Sabatini, Jennifer Capriati, Manuela Maleeva-Fragniere and Mary Joe Fernandez.

### **Hungary win Women's Epec Team title**

ESSEN, Germany (AFP) Hungary won their third straight Wome n's Team epec title, beating Germany 9-6 in the final at the World Fencing Championships here. The Hungarians have won the event four years out of five since its introduction. Ukraine took the hronze medal and Italy were fourth. The Hungarians were represented by Marina Varkonyi, Hajnalka Kiraly, Mariann Horvath and Gyongyyi Szalay.

### Lewis might run at Olympic Festival

SAN ANTONIO, Texas (AFP) — Carl, Lewis, the 100 metre world record-holder and three-time world champion, has a place reserved at the U.S. Olympic Festival. "He is understood to want to run in the 100 metres. A spot is being held for him," U.S. Olympic Committee spokeswoman Gayle Plant said. Lewis, a two-time Olympic champion in the 100m, owns the world mark of 9.86 sec. He is trying to improve his form for next month's World Championships in Germany, having finished third in the 100m at a meet in Villeneuve d'Ascq France, Friday. Other noted athletes scheduled to compete at the U.S. multi-sport event include Olympic 100 champion Gail Devers in the 100 meters hurdles plus heptathloo champion Jackie Joyner-Kersee. The festival runs from July 23 to Aug. 1.

### Pollsh swimmer falls dope tests

WARSAW (AFP) - Polish, Olympic swimmer Alicja Peczak, who reached the women's 200m breaststroke final in Barcelona, was failed a dope test. Peczak's sample from the Polish Grand Prix meeting at Oswiecim in early June contained traces of the male hormone testosterone, National Swimming Association (PZP) President Kazysztof Usielski told AFP Wednesday. The traces were confirmed in the second, or 'B' sample. Peczak, 23, who holds the Polish 100m and 200m hreaststroke records, denies the doping charge. Usielski commented: "There are a lot of things in this affair which are difficult to explain: Alicja knew that there would be a dope test after the Oswiecim event and she didn't try to avoid it. "People who knowingly use drugs wouldn't have done that." The PZP will discuss the case on July 24

### Kankkunen's co-driver hospitalised

CORDOBA, Argentina (AFP) - Juha Piironen, the co-driver of Toyota's former world champion Juha Kankkunen, was rushed to hospital bere after suffering a brain haemorrhage. Piironen, who had been practising for the world championship Rally Argentina, was found collapsed in his hospital room Monday and operated on straight away. A team spokesman said the operation appeared to have been successful and that the Finn was as well as could be expected. The rally starts on July 14.

### Maradona might come back

BUENOS AIRES (AFP) - Diego Maradona, who announced two weeks ago that he was giving up football for good, is having second thoughts. The Argentine was sacked by Spanisb cluh Sevilla last week after a dismal comeback season, following a 15-month ban for cocaine, Maradona, once the world's greatest footballer, returned here saying it was all over. But be told a radio interviewer Tuesday that he was now being tempted back. "It's really hard for me to say goodbye to football," he said. "But I don't know if 1 could stand the pressure and it would be very difficult to handle the pace." Maradona said he had been contacted by Prospero Consob, who was president of Argentinos Juniors wheo the star made his debut for the first division club at the age of 15. He did oot give details, saying only that Consob wanted him to return to his old team.

# Tapie questioned in French soccer bribery affair

tioned in connection with the investigation into allegations of match-rigging by the European champions, the lawyer for a key witness said Wednesday.

Jean-Jacques Bertrand, who is acting for former Valenciennes trainer Boro Primorac, said the investigating judge in charge of the case interviewed Mr. Tapie in his Paris offices Tuesday. It is the

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when a choice is available.

North's double was slightly
flawed, but in the balancing seat,
rarely will you hold a perfect hand
and no better bid was available.

With 13 high-card points and ten-

Cinema

The bidding:
East South West

1 Pass Pass

+ J 10 8 5

Peas Pass Dbi 3 NT Pass Pass

• K 3 2

. .

PARIS (R) — Marseille boss first time Mr. Taple has been Elysees to accept the hlame for his club or is it that he wants the affair. Elysees to accept the hlame for his club or is it that he wants the affair. Judge Bernard Deffy is looking into allegations that Marseille offered bribes to three Valencien-

nes players to throw a league

aces behind the opening bidder,

South's jump to three on trump was a reasonable shot.

West led a low heart and declarer captured East's technically correct

play of the ten with the queen. Since East was marked with the ace of

diamonds, declarer needed a win-

ning finesse in either minor suit to

bring bume nine tricks. It was just

possible for West to have either the

queen of diamonds or king of clubs.

Put yourself in the declarer's chair and decide which is correct to try.

When this hand was played. South elected to finesse West for the

queen of diamonds first. When that succeeded, declarer had nine

tricks—three spades, two hearts, three diamonds and the ace of clubs.

Suppose declarer ran the jack of clubs at trick two and it lost. East would force out declarer's remaining

heart stopper, and the defense

would come to three heart tricks and une in each minor before declarer

could take advantage of a favorable

lie in diamonds. But if the diamond finesse fails, a successful club fi-

nesse brings in four tricks in that suit and nine tricks in total. Taking

the diamond finesse first gives de-clarer two bites at the cherry.

Tel.: 677420

Just lucky or well reasoned?

match in May. Mr. Bertrand said Mr. Primorac had been contacted by an intermediary known as Mr. Noel and offered 500,000 francs (\$100,000) over lunch at Fouquets Restaurant on the Champs

to confront Mr. Tapie. Mr. Primorac was the Valenciennes trainer on May 20 when they lost 1-0 at home to Marseille. Before the match he was told hy defender Jacques Glassmann that Marseille had offered him and two other players bribes to throw the game. Mr. Primorac informed his club's directors. **GOREN BRIDGE** 

The two other players in-volved, Argentine Jorge Bnr-ruchaga and Christophe Robert have both admitted accepting bribes though they said they later changed their minds.

Mr. Noel then took Mr. Pri-

Mr. Bertrand said Mr. Primor-

morac to meet Mr. Tapie in his

offices nearby where the offer

was repeated, the lawyer said.

ac told his story to Judge Beffy

and went with the judge Tuesday

They and Robert's wife Marie-Christine have been placed under investigation as have Marseille midfielder Jean-Jacques Eydelie and Marseille General Secretary Jean-Pierre Bernes.

Eydelie and Bernes, alleged by the Valenciennes players to have been their contact men, have denied involvement and have been remanded in custody. The prosecutor in the case, Eric De Montgolfier, said in a radio interview Wednesday that

Mr. Tapie was under suspicion. Asked if Mr. Tapie was a aspect, Mr. De Montgolfier replied: "That there should be suspicions, yes, that's clear. Let's not speak hypocritically." But he added that it was too early to judge whether the millionaire businessman and former government minister was guilty. "I am not a position to say that

at the moment," he said. The prosecutor said Mr. Tapie had spoken out frequently about the case. "Is he acting to protect

from the evidence in the dossier

certain things that he knows not to come out?" be asked. French League President Noel

Le Graet met Mr. De Montgolfier and Judge Beffy to discuss the affair Wednesday morning. Mr. Le Graet said the Bur ruchaga and Robert would probably be banned from the sport. "Jorge Burruchaga and Christ-

ophe Robert are two players who will have difficulty in getting another licence in French foot-ball," he said.

"We want these practices to disappear for ever from foothall," he said.

The weekly Le Sport Wednes-day published an interview with the referee of the Valenciennes-Marseille match, Jean-Marie Veniel, in which he said he found the home team, threatened with

relegation, strangely passive.
Robert left the field after 20 minutes with a knee injury following a tackle by Marseille de fender Eric Di Meco. "The tackle by Di Meco could not, in my opinion, have injured Robert's knee," he said.

Mr. Veniel said Valenciennes directors came to see him at halftime to protest that some of their players had been offered bribes by Marseille. He said Mr. Tapie and Valen-

ciennes Chairman Michel Coencas both went to see him later. He said Mr. Tapie had asked Mr. Coencas: "Look me in the white of the eyes and tell me which of the two of us tried to arrange a draw, you or me?"
Mr. Veniel said Mr. Coencas

lowered his head and left the Mr. Coencas denied any

attempt at match-rigging by Valenciennes in a radio interview Wednesday. "At no time did I ever try to arrange the match,'

# Iranian win sets diplomatic poser for **FIFA**

DAMASCUS (Agencies) — Iran completed the setting of a di-plomatic minefield for World Cup organisers after they won their Asian qualifying group.

A 1-1 draw in Damascus with

hosts Syria was enough to give Iran the top spot in Asia's qualifying Group B — and a place in the last stage of the continent's battle to reach next year's finals; in America.

The International Football Federation, FIFA, could not have chosen six more difficult teams to put in competition for Asia's two

Iran will take on Iraq, until five years ago their sworn enemies. Also in the group are Sandi Ara-bia, who led the Arab coalition against Iraq in the Gulf war. FIFA's problems will be completed by the presence of North and South Korea.

Japan are the only side not to pose a political quandary. But the Japanese have their own reasons for being quietly successful in this potentially explosive second round tournament. They want to be the first Asian country to host the World Cup finals in 2002.

The world body has spent weeks trying to find a neutral country to stage the Asian tournament. After much discussion, FIFA announced Tuesday that it should be held in Qatar, probably in late October.

The draw for this six-team eveot, with the top two qualifying for the finals, will be made in Zurich on July 15.

Iraq has already declared its intent on winning one of the places as a way of redeeming national honour after the Gulf

Your mission is part of the confrontation between Iraq and the 'Forces of Evil' as embodied by the United States and their allies," the army newspaper Al Qadissiya told the team recently. FIFA were also warned of the

protocol problems ahead by Iraqi Television. "For the others, football maybe a game, for us it is a battle," went a song played by government broadcasters after Iraq's 1-0 victory over China in their qualifying tournament in May:

That battle cost nine lives and left 120 others wounded by celebration gunfire in Baghdad after the win, according to Iraqi Oman beat Taiwan 7-1 Tues-

day in their last game of the Asia Group B qualification tournament

Half-time was 3-0. Oman's Yosif Saleh opend the score in the 7th minute followed by Tayeb Abdel Nour in the 14th minute. Rashid Abdullah scored twice in the 40th and 80th minutes.



Fans wearing traditional outfits applied cyclists during the third stage of the Tour de France (AFP

# Cipollini takes over Tour de France lead

AVRANCHES, France (AP) -Italy's Mario Cipollini took over the lead in the Tour de France Wednesday as his GB-MB squad won the fourth-stage team time

Cipollini moved into a sixsecond lead over Belgium's Wilfried Nelissen, who bad held the eader's vellow jersey for the past two days.

GB-MG won the 81-kilometre time trial in 1 hour, 34 minutes, 10 seconds. Once was next, five seconds behind, and the American Motorola team was third, 16

Miguel Indnrain paced his Banesto team to seventh place, losing only a handful of seconds

to Cipollini. Indurain gained time on another contender, Gianni Bugno, whose Gatorade team trailed Banesto by 12 seconds. The tour ends on July 25 in Paris after covering a 3,720-kilometre (2,312-mile) ronte

around France. On Tuesday, Djamolidine Abdonjaparov took his turn to claim the honours in the third successive mass sprint finish as

the Tour de France began to take on a deja vu look. The world's three fastest men on bikes, Uzbek Abdonjaparov, Cipollini and Nelissen, have been tussling for victory in all the main

sprints so far in the flatish stages in western France. Abdoujaparov grabbed victory

in Tuesday's third stage over 189.5 kms from Vannes to follow Cipollini, who won the first stage Sunday, and Nelissen, who claimed the second Monday.

Nelissen and Cipollini followed Abdoujaparov home to put the same three riders on the victory podium for a second successive

The Beigian retained his race: leader's vallow jersey with Cipol-lini moving up to second 25 seconds behind the Abdoujaparov third, 28 seconds down.

Defending champion Miguel. Indurain of Spain, who finished in the peloton, dropped from second to fourth overall and is 29 seconds behind Nelissen.

# Masur stumbles in Switzerland

GSTAAD, Switzerland (AFP) ~ Australia's Wally Masur crashed, out of the Swiss Open second round Wednesday, but the defeat to French qualifier Gerard Sovels failed to dent his Davis Cup

The 30-year-old fourth seed was bounced out of the scenic, high-altitude event 3-6, 6-3, 7-6 by Solves, the son of a railway worker playing his first year in top level tennis.

Masur, ranked 21st in the world, took charge of the first set but let his grip slip as the 239th-ranked challenger came back.

The Australian was broken in the fourth game of the second set for 1-3. Masur saved two points in the ninth game with forehand winners, but Solves still powered through to even the match.

The Frenchman, who wore sun-glasses throughout the tie, and the Aussie traded breaks in the fourth and fifth games of the deciding set. Solves game Masur no leeway in the tie-break, racing home 7-1.

Masur said the match had developed late. "At the start, no one was

getting the balls in, but by the

end, he was really going for his shots. I would have liked to get through a few more matches this week, but that's the way it goes.' Masur, still alive in doubles this

week on the fast clay, is already

pleted but dangerous Italain team in Florence on July 16-18. Despite being picked for the squad this week by captain Neale Fraser, Masur is not taking the decision to mean that he has a

rock-solid place in the line-up. "The only given thing is that Richard (Fromberg) will play singles," said Masnr. "The

Masur or Jason Stoltenberg are pressure.

second singles must still be played

tipped for that slot, with Wimbledon doubles champion Mark Woodforde an outside contender. .

Woodforde and Todd Woodridge will contest the doubles less than two weeks after taking their getting prepared for Australia's quarterfinal cup tie against a de-Wimbledon title. "The heat of the summer will-

probably be more of a factor than the surface," he said, dismissing. worries that the rowdy Italian fans expected to pack the stands will be an advantage for the hosts. "I've been hit by Coke cans

and coins in Latin America, T don't think it can be worse than be said.

tha. guys are not too volatile. the; ... ow how to react under ....

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# Torture widespread in Middle East — Amnesty

LONDON (Agencies) - Most Middle East countries systematically torture delainees, using various methods such as beatings. cigarette hurns or electric shocks, Amnesty International said

In its report for 1992, the hisman rights group said thousands of people were detained without charge or trial in virtually everystate in the region, many held under emergency laws.

It said the struggle against Isla-mic fundamentalism in 1992 led to worsening human rights in several countries, such as Algeria

Torture, unfair trials, political xillings, "disappearances" and other serious human rights violations were committed by government agents throughout the hild-dle East during 1992," the London-based human rights organisation said.

In Egypt, new legislation giving additional powers of arrest "facilitated" the torture of political detainees," while eight alleged members of an armed Islamic group were sentenced to death by a military court after "unlair

In Algeria, over 10,000 people were octained without charge or trial in desert camps. The dectie" increase in the use of torture, greatly reduced," Amnesty said.

The organisation also condemned Islamic opposition groups in Algeria, Egypt and the Israelioccupied territories, accusing them of serious human rights violations, including the killing of

Every country in the region was mennioned in the report, which condemned the widespread use of the death penalty, particu-larely in Iran where 330 people were sentenced to death in 1992.

Kidnapping and "disappear-ances" are still very common in the region, Amnesty said. The detention of political prisoners without trial is widespread in Syria, but Libya, Iraq, Saudi Arabia. Morocco and Tunisia are also

Amnesty noted that the Iraqi regime continued to violently suppress all forms of opposition and that government ground attacks on the Shi'ite Muslims in the south has increased since the creation of a United Nations air exclusion zone which was designed to protect them.

Torture was widespread in several states and the death penalty, which Amnesty opposes, was retained in every country in the region - and used extensive-

"Six executions took place in which had previously been Libya, the first since 1987, 66 people were publicly bebeaded in Saudi Arabia and hundreds remained on death row in Yemen at the end of the year.'

Other Islamic punishments used included amputations of the right band for theft in Saudi Arabia and routine floggings in

In Iraq, detainees "disappeared" and an unknown number of people living in the south-ern marshes regioo were killed. New information emerged ab-

out some 100,000 Kurds, most of wbom "disappeared" from Iraqi government custody in 1988, including the discovery of mass graves," the report added.

Amnesty said information also came to light about the torture in 1991 of Iraqi refugees in Saudi Arabia, where Amnesty was also concerned by arrests of Christians and Sunni and Shi'ite Muslims for peaceful expression of their be-

At least 150 political prisoners also received unfair trials in Kuwait, mostly for "collabora-tion with the enemy," it said.

Amnesty criticised Israel's detention of hundreds of Palestinians without charge and de-portation of some 400 others to Southero Lebanon.

# ADVANCE UNIT: U.N. soldiers from the advanced unit of the U.S. Rangers Berlin brigade set razor wire around their camp at Skopje-Petrovec airport Wednesday. Three hundred U.S. soldiers are expected here under the U.N. flag to prevent war in the former Yugoslav republic of Macedonia (AFP photo) 17-year-old suspect held in Dibbin murder

AMMAN (J.T.) - A 17-yearold boy bas been arrested as the prime suspect in the murder of a 28-year-old Egyptian in what the suspect asserts was manslaughter while resisting a sexual attack, Irhid police announced Wednesday.

A police statement carried hy the Jordan News Agency, Petra, identified the suspect only as M.G.A. who used to get out with the deceased on hunting trips in Dihbin, a northern wooded area.

The statement said the case was first reported when police were called in following the Dibbin area last month.

coroner to initially conclude that the man was devoured by an animal, possibly a hyena. But closer examinations and an

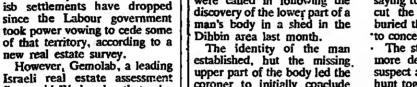
autopsy established that the man was killed by a bunting

The police statement said that intense investigations. which included close surveillance of several people who were reportedly close to the deceased, bad led to the arrest of the youth.

Upon interrogation, the youth confessed to have committed the murder with his bunting rifle when the victim tried to sexually attack him, the statement said.

It quoted the suspect as saying that after the killing he cut the body into two and buried the upper part in a bid to conceal traces of the crime."

The statement did not give more details except that the suspect and the victim used to hunt together. It also thanked the local residents for their cooperation which led to the arrest of the suspect.



# Sudanese minister pays fence-mending Qatar visit

al cooperation with Qatar on bian Peninsula. Tuesday in the latest rapprochement between the Gulf and the Arabs who backed Iraq during the Gulf crisis sparked by the Iraqi invasion of Kuwait in An-

Since the Gulf crisis. Sudan.

The first Sudanese senior offi-

Agency reported. Yemen's Foreign Minister Mohammad Salam Bassindawh concluded a visit to Bahrain late Monday. He delivered a message from President Ali Abdullah Saleh to the emir, Shrikh Isa Ben

liamentary elections. That gov- with GCC.

man Abu Saleh discussed bilåter- tries, its neighbours on the Ara-

Yousef Ben Alawi, was to visit Mr. Bassindawh in San'a later, after the Omani finished a visit to Egypt. The six-member Gulf Coopera-

tion Council groups Bahrain with Kuwait, Oman, Qatar and the United Arah Emirates, in addition to Saudi Arabia.

Oman was the more forthcoming among these states, and reached agreement for demarcation of common borders with Yemen within months of the Gulf war which ended the Iraqi occupation of Kuwait.

Mr. Abu Saleb told a news conference in Qatar "his country cannot do without its relations with sisterly (Gulf Arab) states," the Qatar News Agency re-

Mr. Abu Saleh "expressed formed following April 27 par- hope for the restoration of ties"

# NEWS IN BRIEF

# 1,000 iraqis said seeking refuge in iran

TEHRAN (AFP) - Around I,000 Iraqis fieeing attacks by government troops on the southern marshlands have massed at the Iranian border seeking refuge in Iran, a key Iraqi opposition group said Tuesday. "Some 200 families, representing 1,000 people, have been forced to flee the recent attacks of the Iraqi army" on marshlands, the Supreme Council of the Islamic Revolution in Iraq (SAIRI) said in a statement to AFP. "They are currently at the Hemmat border post in southwestern Iran and want refugee in Iran," the statement said. According to SAIRI, hundreds of other Muslim Shrites have fled to the franian border in recent days.

### Court puts Touvier under supervision

VERSAILLES (AFP) — A Versailles court ruled Wednesday that alleged war criminal Paul Touvier must be put under police supervision before he stands trial on crimes against bumanity, court sources said. Touvier, the 78-year-old wartime militia chief in Lyons, will have to report to police every two weeks and is banned from leaving the Paris region, they added. He must also hand in his national identity paper. Until now, Touvier was required only to report to police the day before his trial.

### Dinkins wants U.S. embassy in Jerusalem

TEL AVIV (AP) - Mayor David Dinkins of New York, supporting Israel on a sensitive political issue, said Wednesday be hoped the United States would move its emhassy from Tel Aviv to occupied Jerusalem. "The question of Jerusalem is not negotiable to Israelis, and I agree with that judgment," Mr. Dinkins told reporters after meeting with Foreign Minister Shimon Peres. "I wish they would move the embassy." The vast majority of embassies in Israel are in Tel Aviv, as most countries do not recognise Israel's claim to Jerusalem as its capital or its annexation of East Jerusalem. His statement comes at a time when the issue of Jerusalem is a key obstacle to progress in U.S.-sponsored Arab-Israeli peace negotiations. "We are making a supreme effort to explain to the Palestinians that Jerusalem would be left alone," Mr. Peres said after the meeting with Mr. Dinkins. "I don't know of any important Israeli political force ready to negotiate on Jerusalem." Mr. Peres nonetheless repeated offers regarding the city that went beyond those of Israel's previous hawkish Likud government, saying that Jerusalem's 150,000 Arabs should be permitted to vote in elections under Palestinian autonomy.

### Kashmir militants invited to elections

NEW DELHI (AFP) — The governor of the troubled Indian state of Kashmir, K.V. Krishna Rao, has invited militants to participate in elections to be held "as early as possible," the Press Trust of India (PTI) said Wednesday. The retired geogral said the elections would be "absolutely free and fair and whichever party was returned to power would be allowed to function its full term. Militant groups have been at war against federal authority for the past four years. While some groups have demanded independence from India, others have asked for accession to neighbouring Pakistan. The last elections held in Kashmir were in 1987 and were marred by widespread allegations of irregularities. The state has been under federal rule since 1990.

### Pulitzer prize-winning journalist dies

NEW YORK (AFP) - Harrison Salisbury, the Pulitzer prizewinning New York Times editor and reporter who wrote from the former Soviet Union and Asia, has died. He was 84. Salisbury died in Providence, Rhode Island, on Monday of natural causes, said his stepdaughter, Rosina Rossire. The Minnesota native covered the former Soviet Union and Asia during a carreer that spanned six decades, and wrote books about both. Salisbury was honoured with a Pulitzer for international reporting in 1955.

# Toxic leakage causes hazard in Karachi

KARACHI (AFP) - Drums of highly toxic and explosive chemicals stored in Karachi for more than a decade are leaking into the air and ground, a Pakistani environmental expert has warned. Pervez Naeem of the International Union for the Conservation of Nature said that more than 45 drums of meta-dinitro benzene were leaking fumes into the air and the chemical had already seeped into the ground, "Inhalation of its fumes can be fatal within 12 hours," Mr. Nacem said. The chemical causes liver damage and affects red blood cells. Two people died and ten were seriously affected in May after inhaling fumes from large amounts of the same chemical dumped in a drain in the city. Stray dogs living the areahave died or suffered serious damage to their legs after coming into contact with the chemical, taken from an abandoned ship more than 10

# S. Arabia eases visa regulations

MANAMA (R) - Saudi Arabia simplified visa regulations for foreign husinessmen to ease economic dealings with the kingdom, a Saudi-owned newspaper said Wednesday. The daily Asharq Al Awsat said Saudi Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al Faisal had instructed Saudi emhassies to issue visas for foreign husinessmen backed by Saudi firms or businessmen without having to refer requests back to Riyadh. "Saudi husinessmen and firms can now send their requests for visas directly to Saudi consulates in some countries," the paper, quoting high-level sources, said. The move will cut red tape and long waiting periods for husiness travellers, it

# France jalis 4 Turks for guerrilla links

PARIS (R) - A Paris court convicted four Turks of criminal association with a left wing guerrilla group Tuesday, sentencing them to four years each in jail. The men, members of the extremist Turkish TKPML group, were arrested in the northeastern Paris suburbs last month. Police seized five machine pistols, detonators and some 120,000 francs (\$25,000) in various currencies. They were named as Abdul Baki Mukyen, 30, Ysar Inancli, 25, Garabet Demirci, 34 and Kasim Tat, 28. Last month, French police arrested three suspected members of another extreme leftist Turkish group, Devsol, after a shont-out in central Paris in which one man was killed. A French judge said then that Devsol, TKPML and the Kurdish PPK party were actively recruiting among Turks in Paris. Police suspect all three groups of racketeering and drugs dealings to finance their anti-government activities.

# Swiss protest to Ankara over shooting

BERN (AP) - Switzerland protested to Turkey Wednesday over the "onacceptable" shooting of a Kurdish protester outside the Turkish embassy in Bern last month. In a diplomatic note to Ankara, the Swiss government said it "could not tolerate that random gunshots are fired from a foreign embassy at people, even if they were taking part in an unauthorised demonstration," a foreign ministry statement said. The protest voiced indignation that Turkey failed to cooperate with a probe of the incident. Turkey has withdrawn three more embassy staffers — a guard, a chauffeur and an administrative assistant — in the wake of the shooting, Swiss foreign ministry spokesman Franz Egle said Wednesday. No reasons were given. Ankara earlier called home four embassy guards Swiss authorities suspected of firing at Kurdish militants outside the embassy on June 24, killing one and wounding nine.

# iran bans Turkish writer's works

TEHRAN (AFP) - Iran has banned the works of Turkish author Aziz Nesin whose translation of "The Satanie Verses' led to a fundamentalist backlash in Turkey which killed 36 people. "Publication and distribution of Nesin's entire works in Turkish have been declared illegal in Iran," Culture Ministry official Ahmad Masjed Jamei told Jomhuri Islamic newspaper Wednesday. He said the writings of the 78-year-old author were "contrary to the Islamie values, Iranian revolution and national unity." "None of his works have been allowed to be published since the beginning of the current year," he said, not clarifying if they included translations in Farsi.

# laration of a state of emergency in February 1992 caused a "drama-Aideed's arrest imminent, U.S. legislators report

MOGADISHU (Agencies) — The arrest of Somalia's main warlord Mohammad Farah Aideed is unminent, three representatives from the U.S. Congress said Wednesday during a visit to see the U.N. operation in Semalia. UNCSOM II.

The delegation, including the chairman of the House of Representatives Foreign Affairs Suo-Committee, Florida, Demo:rat Harry Johnston, declared that the arrest was "imminent" after meeting the UNOSOM II commander, Turkish General Cevia

The team refused to give de-

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Gen. Aideed had been declated a wanted man since his armed supporters killed 24 Pakistani U.N. troops in clashes on

Earlier Wednesday, Italian commander General Eruno Loi said that Gen. Aideed had been seen the day before close to the October 21 former stadium where his supporters frequently meet.

The United Nations was offered a reward of an undisclosed amount for information leading to his arrest

The meeting here was also attended by New Jerrey Democrat Donald Payne. Florida Democrat Alcee Hastings, and Gen. Bir's deputy General Tnomas Montgomery. The three American polincians

told soldiers on the U.N. logistics support command that the U.S. involvement should continue in the Horn of Altica country. where clari warfore left hundreds. of thousands standing.

"It would be a time with a rious mistake for the Marked States not to conflict to support the operation." He laboration

said.
"We jost mis: 174 women here. We have spent if I collion. A premature pullout at this stage. would be irresponsible and would turn the country beeft over the

warlords," he added. Gunmen shjot dead two Soma-

lis working for the United Nations force in Mogadisbu Wednesday in the first attack of In a separate incident over-

night, two U.S. soldiers were wounded when a rocketpropelled grenade was fired at their guard post, U.N. spokesman Barrie Walkley said. One of the owunded was tre-

ated and released but the other remained in hospital.
Mr. Walkley said there were

eports the two slain Somali men had been shot execution-style. Three of their colleagues had been abducted and a fourth was missing, he said. All worked for Maanta, the

U.N. newspaper in Somalia which is widely criticised by Somalis as being biased against

"There are some reports that two who were killed were killed, execution-style because they work for UNOSOM," Mr. Walkley told reporters.

Mr. Walkley said the Somalis

had just finished delivering copies of the newspaper, which has a were attacked. It was the first fatal attack on Somalis employed by UNOSOM since the U.N. militry intervention in the coun-

On Tuesday more than 500 U.S. soldiers swept through Mogadishu buildings looking for

weapons caches. The troops, backed by a Cobra nelicopter and armoured cars, seized rifles and a machinegun, a military spokesman said. The search was the higgest of a

series in recent weeks and followed warnings from the U.N. mat it intends to forcibly disarm Gen. Aideed's supporters. Gen. Aideed's followers killed

Hiree Italian U.N. troops and two Pakistani "Blue Helmets." in amhushes last week as they looked for concealed arms.

# Israeli settlement down-study

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (R) - Prices and demand for houses in most occupied West Bank Jewisb settlements have dropped since the Labour government took power vowing to cede some of that territory, according to a

Israeli real estate assessment firm, said Wednesday that sales were up in satellite settlements of Jerusalem supported by the government, which came to power a

"Since the new government was formed, there is a drop in the sales of new and used apartments in settlements over the green hne," the study said.

Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin's government has been gradually phasing ont financial incentives such as mortgage grants for Jews settling in most of the occupied West Bank.

"Because there are fewer benefits, fewer people are coming to the territories and the prices are going down," said settlers' spokesman Shai Bazak. "The statistics are not surprising."

The government has maintained benefits for settlements near Jerusalem and in Gaza where only a few thousand of the 100,000 settlers live.

Many Jews settled in the occupied territories because of 'nationalistic' ideology but many were drawn by the promise of cheaper, bigger houses than in

Yet Gemolab said housing prices had dropped at least 20 per cent in West Bank settlements

In two settlements cited, housing sales dropped 60 to 90 per cent in the past two years. But in Maale Adumim, the largest settlement in the occupied

territories and the main Jerusalem satellite, prices rose in the first half of the year.

# DOHA (Agencies) — Sudan erument has made it a priority to mend bridges with the Gulf coun-

gust 1990.

along with Yemen, Jordan and the Palestine Liberation Organisation have been ostracised by the Saudi-led Gulf Cooperation Council countries.

cial to visit a Gulf country since the crisis began three years ago, Mr. Abu Saleh talked with his Oatari counterpart Sheikh Hamad Ben Jasini Al Thani on hilateral ties and issues of common interest, the Qatar News

Salman Al Khalifa.

Mr. Bassindawh is member of ported. the first cabinet of ministers to be

Oman's foreign affairs minis-

Mr. Ahu Saleh, the Sudanese minister, called Wednesday for better relations with Gulf Arah states, saying it could not do without such ties.

# shavey to try to salvage Mideast peace talks

### Sy Sermia II. . odiali The Christian Schools Science

THE AMERICAN to with con-dinator for the infludic East pance process. Dennis Ross, heads to the region July 8 in what appears to be a last-diten errors to nudge the Israelis and Arabs To accept a United States proposal to salage the Israeli-Arab peace laiks. Mr. Ross's mission tollows the breakdows of the iss. I no full and: of talks over interim Polestiman self-rule in the issued-permied West Bank and Great Strip Judging by reactions to breakly

and Palestinians to the british most recent proposal, this intervention, which was originally initiated to push the process forward, could potentially undermine the talks. But while the Israeli govern-

ment opposes any modification to an initial U.S. proposal of May 12, the Palestinians view that document, and a territory prosemed June 30, as referred American endersum int hi interests. "it was hard enough to sugget-

are with the Israelis. Now we are practically negotiating with two parties," says one Palestinian de-It onically, it was the Palesti-

r.i.ans, particularly spokeswoman Hanan Ashrawi, who had been publicly and privately pressing U.S. to take a more active and direct role in the process. The Palestinians had thought the U.S. would pressure Israel to shide by United Nations Security Council resolutions that formed the hasis for the peace talks.

U.N. Resolution 242 calls for a negotiated settlement based on enchanging land for peace. Former Secretary of State James Baker III, before launching the mistoric Middle East peace conference in Madrid in October 1991, sent letters to the four parties assuring them that their interests would be adequately represented.

# Shifting stance

The Clinton administration supported those assurances and Secretary of State Warren Christopher vowed that the U.S. would ecome "a full partner" in the ocess. The Palestinians welmed that pledge, but were soon

inappointed. when the ninth round of talks get underway April 27, U.S. officials made clear that the Palestinians would have to work out the terms of the negotiations with the Israelis and should not expect Washington to apply pressure on

Israel. "Our role is that of facilitators and not arbitrators or enforcers," one well-placed State Department official explains.

Washington has long maintained that the Arabs, especially the Palestinians, should not expect it to step up any kind of. pressure to force Israel to withdraw from territories it has occupied since 1967. U.S. officials bave also said that they would not sanction unilateral or international measures to address Israeli treatment of the Palestinians.

At the outset of the 10th round last month, U.S. officials told the Palestinians that Secretary Baker's letters of assurance were not enforceable. "They told us that the letters of assurance did not constitute the

terms of reference for the peace process, that the letter of invitation was the only terms of reference." Dr. Ashravi told journalists at a briefing in Washington. The letter of invitation, written by both Washington and Moscow

following Baker's initiative, were

sent just before the Madrid talks

The two U.S. proposals also were instrumental ion further

altering or clarifying the rules of second U.S. draft reflects a new the game, depending on the two conflicting perspectives of the There are two approaches to

Palestinians and the Israelis. In the first proposal, the U.S. implicitly stated that the aim of the negotiations was not the implementation of Resolution 242 even though the negotiations have been based on it. "The two sides concur that the agreement reached between them on permanent status will constitute the implementation of 242 and 338," thus rendering void the original wording of 242. The latter resolution calls for the implementation

of 242 through negotiations. The second U.S. document, floated at the end of the 10th round, proved to be more explosive: The Palestinians charged that it violated the principle of "land for peace," upon which the talks were initially hased.

# Two approaches

The new document lays new ground for the talks that are not hased on the U.N. resolutions, effectively stripping the Palestinians of one of the few cards they have long invoked to redress the disparity of the situation. U.S. officials admit that the

approach to prevent the process from reaching a dead end.

the process. The first, favoured by Arabs, is to invoke interoational law," a U.S. official told the Monitor. "But international law, as we know, is meaningless nnless there are powers who are ready to enforce it," the official says, referring to U.S. resistance to economic sanctions against Israel or enforcement of U.N. resolutions. The second approach, which the official says is endorsed by the

formula." That appears to be the option preferred by the Clinton administration. Israeli officials say the Palestinians should engage in huilding on what the Israelis are offering instead of wasting time on

Israelis, is "to set aside interna-

tional law and to find a workable

appealing to international law. But the Palestinians say they are being asked to make concessions at the talks in return for an ambiguous and uncertain out-

"What do the Palestinians want?" the U.S. official asks. "If they want to see Israeli soldiers go home, they have to be realistic

and do what with they are given.



# Kohi upset by wait for Miyazawa

TOKYO (R) — A three-minute wait for an appointment with his host turned German Chancellor Helmut Kohl from his usual jolly self into a grumpy and impatient guest. "Why do we have to wait?" Mr. Kohl growled at his aides when be heard Japanese Prime Minister Kiichi Miyazawa was not ready to meet him for their meeting Wednesday, the opening day of the the Group of Seven summit of wealthy nations. "Where is he anyway?" Asked to take a seat, Mr. Kohl eased his bulky frame into a chair obviously made for the slimmer Japanese and sulked until Mr. Miyazawa appeared about three minutes late. "He was probably more annoyed at having to squeeze into that chair than to wait for Miyazawa," one German official remarked. Mr. Kohl appeared to enjoy himself more Tuesday evening when he took a stroll through the posh Ginza district and found a restaurant serving his favourite food - spaghetti.

### Major accepts damages in libel suit

LONDON (R) — British Prime Minister John Major and caterer Clare Latimer each accepted £1,001 (\$1,508) in libel damages Tuesday from a magazine which they claimed suggested they had an affair. The left-leaning weekly New Statesman And Society said Mr. Major informed the High Court of his intention to accept the sum which the magazine paid into court. Mr. Major 50, and Ms. Latimer 41, brought separate libel actions over the article which appeared on Jan. 29. "Both John Major and Clare Latimer have accepted a payment into court without an admission of liablity. The action is therefore at an end," Geoffrey Bindman, the magazine's lawyer told the Guardian newspaper. The New Statesman And Society has always claimed that the article was misinterpreted and was about rumour-inongering rather than about any alleged affair. "We're delighted to have settled the case," said editor Steve Platt.
"The damages paid are clearly very small, token damages. We think we have been completely vindicated in our view that the article was not defamatory." It is believed to be the first libel action Labour Prime Minister Harold Wilson sued a pop group over a record promotion in 1967.

### Gates at Hyde Park to honour Queen Mother

LONDON (AP) — Queen Elizabeth II has unveiled ornate steel gates huilt by public donations at the entrance of Hyde Park to honour her mother, Queen Mother Elizabeth. The 93-yearold widow of King George VI strolled through the gates, minus the walking stick she has been using while recovering from surgery in May. The opening ceremony was not without a hitch - hage pink drapes which covered the 120-foot (37-metre) wide gates became snared in the elaborate metalwork. They ripped as they were lifted off by crane in a shower of 93,000 rose petals. The queen mother's nephew, Prince Michael, Jannched a fundraising drive to huild the £2 million (\$3.5 million) gates in 1991. "This was a chance for the man in the street to show his appreciation to you for a long lifetime in the service of the community and the response bas been as spontaneous as I had expected," the prince said at the opening ceremony. "In generosity of heart, no commitment over the years can match yours for the example you have set and the affection that you inspire in each one of us, we thank you."

### Clinton talks to parents of siain Japanese youth

Bill Clinton spoke Wednesday to the parents of a Japanese schoolboy whose shooting death in the United States last October generated widespread anger in Japan. Mr. Clinton spoke for 10 minutes on the telephone to Masachi and Mieko Hattori, whose son Yoshibiro, 16, was killed after approaching a home in Baton Rouge, Louisiana looking for a Halloween costume party. House owner Rodney Peairs shot him dead after he failed to respond to the warning "freeze" a Grand-Jury later acquitted Mr. Peairs of ... manslaughter. Mr. Clinton, in Tokyo for the rich nations' suntmit, "expressed his condolences on what happened," said presidential assistant George Stephanoponios.

TOKYO (R) — U.S. President

